1946—REPORT
TOTAL BUSINESS IN FORCE ... over Rs. 2½ CRORES
TOTAL INCOME ..... over Rs. 15 LACS.
LIFE ASSURANCE FUND ..... over Rs. 46 LACS.
Agencies on attractive terms are granted to young and ambitious persons.
THE BOMBAY CO-OPERATIVE INSURANCE SOCIETY LTD.
Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi.

VOL. XXXV NO. 133 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, JUNE 5, 1947 Price: 2 Annas

Available From Ready Stock
VITA Safety Razors (Metal & Bakelite).
—Do— Safety Razor Blades.
—Do— Tooth Paste.
—Do— Tooth Brushes.
—Do— Prophylactica.
And Zipp fasteners, Steel Nibs, Cycle Clips and other American & English Consumer Goods
At
NEW YORK TRADING CO.
Prospect Chambers Annexe, Hornby Road Bombay 1.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY

Mahatma's Reaction To Partition Plan

URGES JINNAH TO SUMMON LEADERS' CONFERENCE

People Advised Not To Rebel Against Congress

NEW DELHI, June 4. (A.P.I.): Mahatma Gandhi accompanied by Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, drove from Bhangi Colony to the Viceroy's House at quarter to six and had an interview with the Viceroy.

Mahatma Gandhi's meeting with the Viceroy lasted 45 minutes.

CALL TO JINNAH

In his post prayer speech Mahatma Gandhi this evening advised the country "not to rebel against the Congress" because it advised the people to accept H.M.G.'s plan announced last nnight. Mahatma Gandhi asserted that people should not forget that Congress had been forced into this position. "I want to lessen the pain in your hearts by saying that neither Hindus, Muslims nor Sikhs have lost anything. Whatever the Viceroy has done can be changed by common agreement among the common people.

Mahatma Gandhi paid a tribute to the Viceroy who, he said, had worked very hard and had his utmost to try and bring about a compromise and the present plan was the only basis on which agreement could be reached. The Viceroy did not want to leave this country in chaos and hence all his efforts.

Mahatma Gandhi went on to say that he decided to make an appeal to Mr. Jinnah that as he (Mr. Jinnah) had got what he wanted, he should now invite Congress and other parties to a conference to find a solution independent of the British.

Mahatma Gandhi expressed firm hope and confidence in the future that the two parts of India would ultimately unite again.

CONFESSION OF FAILURE

Mahatma Gandhi returned from the Viceroy's House exactly at 7 p.m. in time for the prayer meeting. He explained to the audience how it hurt him even to absent himself from the prayer and the Viceroy had been kind enough to respect his wishes.

Mahatma Gandhi then spoke of the plan embodied in H.M.G.'s announcements. He had already told them over and over again that to yield even an inch to force was wholly wrong. The Working Committee holds that they had not yielded to the force of arms, but they had to the force of circumstances. The vast majority of Congressmen did not want unwilling partners. Their motto was non-violence, therefore no coercion. Hence after careful weighing of the 'pros' and 'cons' of the vital issues at stake they had reluctantly agreed to the secession from the Union that was being framed of those parts which had boycotted the Constituent Assembly.

Mahatma Gandhi expressed sorrow at what he considered was a mistaken policy of the Muslim League. They feared Hindu domination, they said, and desired to rule in what they were mistaken in calling their homelands. As a matter of fact, however, India was the homeland of all who were born and bred in India. Would the Muslim homeland live in isolation? Was not the Punjab as much the homeland of the Hindus, Sikhs, Christians and Jews and Parsis who were of the Punjab?

Mahatma Gandhi could not blame the Viceroy for what had happened. It was the act of the Congress and the League. He had openly said he wanted a United India, but he was powerless in the face of Congress acceptance, however reluctantly, of the Muslim position.

There were the brave Sikhs whose leaders had been to see him to-day. Mahatma Gandhi had explained to them what he meant by one Sikh being equal to 1-1/4 lakhs of persons. It was the courage of one Sikh to stand firm in spite of the opposition of 1-1/4 lakhs of men. This could only mean bravery of the highest and purest kind. If they had that faith and courage born of non-violence, they would be worthy of the proud name Khalsa. That was the lesson he had learnt from the Grant Sahib and Khalsa history.

He had done his best to get people to stand by the Cabinet Mission statement of May 16th but had failed. But what was his duty and theirs in the face of the accepted fact? He was a servant of the Congress because he was a servant of the country and he could never be disloyal to them.

Panditji had said, the Viceroy had said that nothing had been imposed on any one. The agreement that was embodied in the announcement, being a voluntary act of the parties could be varied by them at any stage by mutual consent.

He pleaded with the Muslim League, now that they had their wish fulfilled, to relieve the Viceroy of the heavy task of being the middleman between the parties. He hoped it was final agreement between the parties. Therefore, all violence should stop. And Quaid-e-Azam Jinnah should invite Congress leaders for a discussion as to the best way of dealing with the further stages. Thus for instance there was no reason why they should not by mutual agreement define the boundaries of partitioned Punjab and Bengal.

The Viceroy Lord Louis Mountbatten unfolding the British Government's announcement to Indian leaders.

Riots Killed Cabinet Mission Plan

Viceroy On Why Britain Decided On Division Of India

ANXIETY FOR SPEEDY TRANSFER OF POWER: ATTLEE TO RUSH LEGISLATION IN COMMONS

NEW DELHI, June 4, (A.P.I.): The Viceroy, Lord Mountbatten, addressing a press conference this morning, asserted that Britain meant to quit and said: "I mean it sincerely when I say power will be transferred as completely this year as it ever would have been by June 1948 I am sincere. I am not bluffing"

The Viceroy answered questions for nearly two hours and a quarter. The conference was held in the Constituent Assembly Hall and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Information Member, conducted the proceedings. Lord Ismay, Sir Eric Mieville and Mr. V. P. Menon were also present.

The Viceroy reassserted that the British would leave when they were told to leave. They were here just to assist the parties and nothing more.

The Viceroy at the outset briefly reviewed the events that led to the announcement last night and said that partition had not yet been effected. It was entirely a matter for the people to decide.

"The Indian states cannot enter separately as dominions", replied the Viceroy to a question on the future of Indian States. Further elaborating the point, Lord Mountbatten explained that with the lapse of paramountcy the states would be free agents to enter either Constituent Assembly or make such arrangement as might be necessary. If any of the Indian States came to him for having a separate treaty — economic or military — with H.M.G., he would transmit such a request to H.M.G. but the question had not so far arisen.

POSITION OF STATES

Replying to further questions in regard to States, Lord Mountbatten said: There can be no negotiation between H.M.G. and the States. We hand back paramountcy and in the process we offer our services in helping them to make the necessary contact with the Government of India and with the respective Constituent Assemblies to come together and make their agreement. But we (meaning H.M.G.) are not actually going to enter into any fresh negotiations; we are coming out of all our commitments. In the process of quitting power in India, we must try and approach it in as legally correct a manner as possible."

The Indian States, the Viceroy said, must be perfectly aware where their interests lay. He, as the Crown Representative during the remaining two months or so he exercises paramountcy, would do everything in his power to help them to negotiate with other parties.

Lord Mountbatten said that when he met the representatives of the Princes yesterday he had offered his services and that of the Political Department to speed up all negotiations that could be taken on hand. The States were at liberty to send their duly qualified representatives to the existing Constituent Assembly or if they so desired to the other Constituent Assembly envisaged. They were absolutely free to choose but he supposed that geography would play a large part in their decisions.

Asked what H.M.G.'s attitude would be in case of a conflict between the people of a State and an autocratic ruler before June 1948 the Viceroy parried the question by stating that the date of transfer was going to be fairly early, this year, somewhere round about August. "We may be put on boats and pushed out for all that I know" he said.

Lord Mountbatten pointed out that so far as he was aware the Indian States were now progressing and during the last year States had progressed more rapidly than at any time in the past.

CO-OPERATION OF LEADERS

On H.M.G.'s plan the Viceroy said: "I worked hand in glove with the leaders at every stage and step of the development of the plan. The plan came as no shock or surprise to them, for, although I did not actually produce a written plan, I continued to make notes of what they said and had asked them if this or the other was the right way until the plan was constructed. The plan obviously cannot meet with complete approval of everybody because if it did, my services would have been quite unnecessary. Ages ago a solution would have been found between the leaders themselves. The only service I have given has been to try as fairly and as impartially as possible to reconcile the various opposite points of view and to find to what extent people would change their views to meet the views of others. It would have been a miracle if every party had thougnt this plan was perfect. It would have distressed me if they had said so because it would have been an insincere statement not in keeping with the high integrity that the leaders nave shown in the past."

MOUNTBATTEN'S EARLY EFFORTS

Lord Mountbatten explaining the background to the plan said that before he came out to India he had some preliminary discussion in London and it was settled that he would spend the first six months in becoming acquainted with the problem and then send his recommendations to H.M.G. to enable them in due course to prepare necessary legislation early in 1948 in Parliament. When he arrived out here, however, he discovered almost at once that the one point on which every community was agreed on which all the British officials agreed and with which he very soon agreed himself was that a decision at the earliest possible moment on how to transfer power was a prime necessity if they were to arrest the deteriorating communal strife and tension and bring back an era of peace and friendliness without which no progress could possibly be made. So he set to work, seeing as many people as possible, first of all getting background material and asking for their views. His views he had publicly expressed last night on the question of a unified India. He tried his best to get the Cabinet Mission scheme accepted, a scheme which at one time or other had been accepted by every community and interested party in India. He, however, realised it could be worked only if there was sincerity and goodwill on the part of everyone.

RIOTS DO THE TRICK

But the moment riots and bloodshed started and there was a feeling of tension and strife, the prospects of making the Cabinet Mission plan work were obviously very remote. The Cabinet Mission's plan was not an enforceable plan. It depended on mutual goodwill and co-operation. So when it became clear that it could not be made to work with the complete free will of at least one of the major communities. He started looking round for alternatives. All the Muslim League leaders with whom he spoke made it absolutely clear that they desired partition. Once that fact was inescapably established in his mind, his next point was to see whether the Congress would agree to abandon the principle of unity, to which they had owed allegiance so long. He found that the Congress struck by the principle of non-coercion and said that any Province or area which did not wish to come into the existing Constituent Assembly could go into a separate Assembly. But, they very naturally insisted that no large non-Muslim areas should be brought in to the new Constituent Assembly.

HOW SYLHET CAME IN

When he spoke to Mr. Jinnah and other Muslim League leaders on the point they were distressed as much as Congress leaders were distressed by partition by Mr. Jinnah then asked whether the same principle would be extended beyond the Punjab and Bengal. The Viceroy accepted that, of course, and so the idea of partition of Assam grew up for Sylhet and possibly certain surrounding areas in which there was a definite Muslim majority.

The next problem was, the Viceroy said, how to ascertain the will of the people. Clearly adult franchise plebiscite would be the democratic ideal. He need not say how utterly impracticable this would be at this moment. Speed was the one thing which everybody desired. Elections were held only last year and the present Legislative Assemblies appeared to him to be the right bodies to come to a quick decision and so they devised a scheme which was announced last night.

Apart from the two main parties, the Congress and the League, there was another community, not -numerous but of great importance, namely, the Sikh community, which had of course to be consulted.

PROBLEM OF SIKHS

He found that mainly at the request of the Sikh community the Congress had put forward a resolution on the partition of the Punjab. He sent for a mapy with the population of the Sikhs marked and he was astounded to find that the plan which they had produced would divide the community almost to equal halves. So he spent a great deal of time to find out a solution which would keep the Sikh community together.

He had not been able to see any solution but whatever step was taken was based on the Congress resolution on the subject which, he pointed out, was passed as at the insistence of the Sikhs.

BOUNDARY COMMISSION

The Viceroy hoped that the Leaders of the respective communities would appoint a committee to draw up the terms of reference of the Boundary Commission which should have representatives of the interested parties on it. So far as it was humanly possible there would be no interference, let alone dictation, from any British official. "This is your country and it is up to you to decide what to do", he said.

The most gratifying part of the whole plan of procedure was the absolute determination of every responsible leader that whatever solution was finally adopted it was going to be adopted peacefully without further bloodshed and they were going to throw the whole weight into the scale to prevent any further riots, commotion and bloodshed. Every single member of his Cabinet, individually and collectively, had expressed to him the strongest possible wish that the armed forces of India should be used to ensure that there was no further bloodshed.

SARDAR PATEL CONSULTED

After consulting the Home Member Sardar Vallabhbhai aside, the Viceroy revealed that the Interim Government had recently unanimously decided "that we shall not tolerate any more violence or strife."

DEPLOYMENT OF TROOPS

"There are many times more troops in the troubled areas than before. The Centre is already there intervening in the most effective way possible by adopting a unanimous decision in the Interim Government not to tolerate any more violence."

Until now, the Viceroy said, the distribution of the armed forces had been on the normal basis throughout India. Now Government knew where disturbances were going to break out or were most likely to break out, and so Government were taking the risk of denuding the other parts of India of the armed forces and concentrate them in those particular areas.

TWO BRITISH EXPERTS TO HELP

The Viceroy said he had been promised by the British Prime Minister the services of two constitutional experts from England. Besides a number of constitutional experts were available in this country for assistance during the transition.

Lord Mountbatten said all the leaders were anxious to assume their full responsibility at the earliest possible moment and he was eager to help them do so, because once the decision had been taken there was no reason to wait. Waiting would only mean that he should be responsible ultimately for law and order and the general conduct of Government.

LEGAL CONUNDRUM

In point of fact, however much you might use the Interim Government, it would never be the same thing unless they were legally in control of the responsibility. How to produce that very quickly was a legal conundrum of the first order. "You cannot transfer power to one or two separate Governments unless these Governments had formulated their constitutions. One of the Governments is not even in being. No one is certain whether it is coming into being."

INDIA ACT TO RESCUE

His search to find an answer had led him to the Government of India Act 1935 which was regarded as a masterpiece.

This Act under which India had been governed since 1935 was the Act under which it would be governed until power was transferred when the two respective Governments could make up their minds on the type of constitution they wanted.

SPEEDY LEGISLATION

The Viceroy referred to his negotiations in London when he asked Prime Minister Attlee how long it would take to get the necessary legislation through Parliament. The immediate answer was it would take six or seven months to frame the necessary act and introduce legislation and get it accepted. The Viceroy then asked the Premier whether he would kindly introduce legislation through the current session of Parliament—within the next two months. The following day the Lord Chancellor had ready a rough outline of the proposed legislation. The only thing that would delay the framing of the act was the uncertainty of what the Provinces were going to decide and until the people of India had outlined their own future, the final terms of the act could not be drawn up. But once this was known, the legislation would be rushed through in record time.

Answering questions, Lord Mountbatten said the position of Mr. Jinnah and the Muslim League with regard to the plan was that under the League constitution no final decision was taken until the League Council had had an opportunity of discussing it. He was not going to say anything today which would prejudice free discussion in that Council.

Asked what he would do if the League Council rejected the plan, Lord Mountbatten said if ever the occasion arose "come and see me and I will tell you what I would do".

"I am the person responsible for going ahead with this plan. If I go ahead it is because I feel it is the right thing to do. I have taken, if you like, a risk in doing do. But I have spent the last five years in what we call taking calculated risks."

In view of speeches made in Bengal by Muslim League leaders including Mr. Suhrawardy, that if, when Bengal was partitioned, Calcutta went into the Hindu zone, the city would be reduced to ashes, the Viceroy was asked whether he would not take over the administration of the province under section 93. He answered no. He had seen both Mr. Suhrawardy and Mr. Kiran Shanker Roy.

Calcutta was the last thing which Mr. Suhrawardy wished destroyed.

QUESTION: "Would it be open to any province to state that it will not join either the Constituent Assemblies?

ANSWER: "After discussing this particular point with the leaders of both parties, I found the leaders did not wish to have any options other than to join one or the other of the Constituent Assemblies for the good and sufficient reason that they did not wish this plan to encourage what I might call Balkanisation of India."

QUESTION: In your broadcast yesterday you had said the ultimate boundaries of the partitioned provinces would be "almost certainly" not identical" with those which have been provisionally adopted. Why?

ANSWER: For the simple reason that in the district of Gurdaspur in the Punjab the population ratio is 50.4 per cent Muslims and 49.6 per cent non-Muslims. The difference is 8 per cent. You will see at once it is unlikely the Boundary Commission

(Continued On Page 6)

Matric Results

(See Page 3)

"Big Advance Towards Independence"

B. P. C. C. On Potentialities Of Mountbatten Plan

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Bombay Provincial Congress Committee today expressed support to the British Government's plan for transfer of power to Indian hands. A resolution to that effect was passed at a meeting of the Committee this afternoon.

The Committee held the view that "in spite of certain features not altogether to the liking of the large majority of our countrymen," the plan "promises a big advance towards Independence and therefore had to be welcomed.

The B.P.C.C. called upon the people of Bombay in general and Congressmen in particular to maintain courage, discipline and calm dignity "on this historic occasion".

Full Text

The B.P.C.C. have considered the British Government's plan for the final transfer of power to Indian hands announced on June 3. This plan lays down a procedure for self-determination for certain areas of India. Along with the possibility of secession of certain areas with the object of forming themselves into a separate independent State, which naturally is extremely painful to all Congressmen, the plan promises a big advance towards Independence. The united India which the Congress has all these years stood for and even now stands for, has not been based in our minds on compulsion or coercion, but on a free and willing association of free people. The principal object of the Congress has been unconditional freedom for all Indians and any plan which makes any progress towards that object has to be welcomed even thought it may be accompanied by certain features not altogether to the liking of a large majority of our countrymen. It may be that by allowing to some areas the right to secede, we shall reach the united India of our vision sooner than otherwise and that India shall have a stronger and more secure foundation.

NEHRU'S STAND ENDORSED

The B.P.C.C. therefore fully endorses the stand taken by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru on behalf of the Congress Working Committee and accepts the proposals contained in the British plan under the prevailing circumstances. The B.P.C.C. calls upon the people of Bombay in general and Congressmen in particular to rise to their full height on this historic occasion and maintain courage, discipline and calm dignity. The B.P.C.C. commends to every Congressman the advice tendered by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru to forget bitterness and recrimination and to be moderate in speech and writing. Thus alone will strength be developed to face the future which is no doubt full of hope but fraught with great difficulties.

AMERICAN PLAN FOR TURKISH SINGAPORE IN MEDITERRANEAN

ANKARA, June 4 (U.P.A.): A Turkish Singapore is being planned by Americans, says the newspaper, "Tanpasta", which is likely to be at the vicinity of a seaport called Bodrum near the Rhodes Island and will dominate the Dardanelles at the Mediterranean exit. All communications linking Bodrum with Ankara, it is suggested, are due for reconstruction. Americans also will invest 150 million dollars for rebuilding Smyrna and for the general regrouping of the Anatolian Railways.

Congress Cabinet Adjourns

The Congress Working Committee met again this afternoon at 3 p.m. at Bhangi Colony. Acharya Narendra Deo was present by special invitation.

This morning Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Giani Kartar Singh and Master Tara Singh called on Mahatma Gandhi.

After a brief session the Congress Working Committee concluded its present series of sittings which commenced on May 31.

Apart from considering the British Government's latest proposals for the transference of power, the Committee, it is learnt, also disposed of a heavy agenda, including the Congress Constitution and the communal disturbances in the various provinces.

The Congress Working Committee is meeting again on June 12.

CITY CURFEW ORDER MODIFIED

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A press Note issued by the Director of Publicity Bombay says:

"The curfew orders issued by the Commissioner of Police Greater Bombay, on May 30 and 31 have been slightly modified. The Hours of curfew according to modified order will be from 8 p.m. to 6 a.m. Today and both the orders will lapse from midnight tomorrow.

The areas and places affected by the order on May 30 are bounded by and inclusive of Masjid Bunder Road, Abdul Rahman street, Bapu Khote Street, Duncan Road, Grant Road, Sukhia Street, Bellasis Road New Nagpada Road, Parel Road Babula Tank Road, Chinch Bunder Road Elphinstone Bridge and thence along G.I.P. Railway line to Masjid Bridge.

The areas and places affected by the order of May 31 are bounded by and inclusive of Carnac Road (exclusive), Abdul Rahman Street (inclusive), Masjid Bunder Road to Masjid Street (inclusive), Masjid Bridge to Carnac Bridge along the G.I.P Railway line.

KNIFE ATTACK IN PAREL

BOMBAY, June 4. (UPI): A pedestrian sustained a minor injury in a knife attack in Parel area this morning, says a Press Note issued by the Director of Publicity, Bombay Government. The injury was attended to in hospital and he was allowed to go.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER

New York, June 4.

Previous Closing	...	30.14
Today's Opening	...	30.30
Difference	.....	+16
Today's Closing	....	29.91
Difference	....	—34

For yourself or your daughter,

If you're dark or you're fair.

Put Scrubb's in the water

When you shampoo your hair.

By appointment to His Majesty King George VI

Scrubb's Cloudy Ammonia has hundreds of uses. It softens hard water; saves soap; time and labour.

SCRUBB'S
cloudy ammonia
AT ALL CHEMISTS
Sole Agents for India:-
GEOFFREY MANNERS & CO. LTD.

Advance Booking:
SUPER: 9-30 to 11-30
MAJESTIC: 9-30 to 11-30 & 5 to 6
Season's Best Musical
ANMOL-GHADI
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30,
Sat. & Sun. Mat. at 1 p.m.
(JAYASINH Release)

A SPECTACULAR SAGE OF A LOVE
that created two wonders.....one in music....the other in stone!
A. R. KARDAR'S
IMMORTAL OFFERING
SAIGAL & OTHERS
Daily 3-30, 6-30, & 9-30
Ad. Booking 10 to 12 & 4 to 6

Shahjehan
NOVELTY & IMPERIAL

4th POPULAR WEEK!
JEET Productions
PARWANA
SAIGAL ★ SURAIYA
Direction: J. K. NANDA
Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
Sat. Sun. Hol. 1 p.m.
SWASTIK

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Jeth Vad 2, 2003
Muslim: Rajjab 15, 1366
Parsi: Deh 5, 1316
Sunrise: 6-01 a.m., Sunset: 7-14 p.m.
Hightide: 00-16, 13-28
Lowtide: 06-27, 19-29

Today's Engagements

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S ROUNDS: The Municipal Commissioner will meet the elected members of Ward No. 10 on Friday, the 6th June 1947, at 7-51 a.m. (Bombay Time) at Kemp-Cornor and go round with them in the Ward.

MAZDAZNAN: Today (Thursday) at 6-15 p.m. at Alexandra Girls' School Hall, Waudby Road. Mr. Minnie S. Mehta will deliver a public lecture on Health and Breath Culture.

DISTRIBUTION OF DIPLOMAS: Of the Grama Balshiksha Kandre (run under the auspices of the Nutan Bal Shikshan Sangh) at 8 a.m. today at Balvadi Bordi Via Golvad. The Hon. Mangaldas Pakvsa will preside.

State Faculty For Unani System Of Medicine, Bombay

Results of May 1947 Examinations

The following are names of the candidates who have passed the Examinations of the Faculty held in May 1947.

INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATION

6. Syed Mustafa Mian Ali Husein, 8. Mohmed Hifazat Rasool Mohd. Hidayat Rasool, 10. Varma Sardar Bahadur.

FINAL EXAMINATION

1. Shaikh Zamiruddin Hakim Noormohomed, 4. Istetab Ahmed Khan, 5. Arab Ahmedmiya Hajimiya.

Stockists:— P. M. ZAVERI & Co., Princess Street, Bombay 2.

1947 CHEVROLET

With changes confined largely to those improvements that could be made without causing the car-needy public to face further inconvenience and disappointment, the new Chevrolet for 1947 shows marked advances over previous models in exterior styling, and trim, and in interior finish and fittings.

The most striking appearance feature of the new models is the result of the advanced treatment of the front end, especially of the fenders and engine hood, which gain sweepingly smooth overall contours through the omission of side hood mouldings and louvers.

Frontal appearance is altered greatly featuring an entirely new, more striking design of radiator grille, chiefly notable for the massiveness of its horizontal bar members, which extend beyond the grille opening to span the front-end sheet metal. Widely separated, larger parking lamps, of rectangular form, are mounted between the lower bars of the grille.

Newly designed docorative features are the chromium-plated die-cast name plates near the rear edge of the engine hood, a die-cast front-end emblem plate just above the grille, and a speed-line ornamental hood ornament at the front of the top centre moulding.

Body interior changes include new ultra-modern instrument panels, new ornamental treatment of the door upholstery panels and scuff pads, new steering wheel and horn button cap and new friction-type adjustable sun shades.

Restrictions In Number Of Admissions In Colleges

Com. G. G. Parikh, President of the Bombay Provincial Students' Congress, has issued the following:

"The recent circular of the Bombay University restricting the number of students in each class or division to 150 has created many difficulties for students. For example 37 students of the Sydenham College passed their Inter-Commerce examination from the very college are unable to get admission in Jr. B.Com. class. Owing to this decision of the University we understand that a similar number is also suffering from want of admission in the Jr. B. Com. class. The position in the Podar-College is no better than in the Sydenham College.

I am afraid this decision of the University is bound to affect students in other localities also such as Int. Sc., Jr. B.Sc., Sr. B.Sc., etc. I hope the University authorities and the Govt. appreciated the fact that under conditions of acute shortage of accommodation in the educational institutions, such decisions however well convinced will cause great inconvenience to the students.

In the interest of the students I appeal to the University to suitably amend their orders.

KAJROLKAR LEAVES FOR DELHI

BOMBAY, Thursday).

Mr. N. S. Kajrolkar, M.L.A., Bombay left Bombay today for Delhi to attend the meeting of the Working Committee of the All-India Depressed Classes League to be held on the 5th June 47.

American Film Combines To Have Offices In Bombay

HOLLYWOOD, June 1. (A. P. A.): The motion Picture Association, representing the major film producing companies in America, is expanding its foreign operations by establishing an office in India.

Gerald M. Mayer, Managing Director of the Association's International Division announced the appointment of Frederick Spencer, a motion picture producer for 11 years, to head the new Indian Office, probably in Bombay.

Spencer went into the United States Navy in 1941, from Paramount Studios. With the rank of Commander, he directed Public Relations photography on atomic bomb tests, and later supervised motion picture production for war services at Anacostia, District of Columbia (U. S. A.). He was decorated by great Britain with the Order of the British Empire.

Spencer will survey Hollywood's film production conditions, and spend a month in New York before leaving for India.

POLICE UNEARTH EXPLOSIVE FACTORY

Managing Director Of City Firm And 9 Others Arrested On Suspicion

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

After a month's vigil and search, the Anti-Corruption Branch, C.I.D. succeeded in unearthing an explosive factory alleged to be situated in Rowe Industries Ltd. at 509, Arthur Road and arresting Ratilal Ujamshi Shah, the Managing Director of the Rowe industries and nine others all of whom are alleged to have been connected with the preparation of Serrated metal casings, used for mill bombs, on Tuesday.

Sometime in April last information was received by Deputy Inspector Miranda of the Anti-Corruption Branch that certain employees of the Rowe Industries Ltd. at 509, Arthur Road, were surreptitiously preparing Serrated metal casings. They were dispatched, it was alleged, in Sun Life Soap boxes to destinations outside Bombay, where, they were charged and used as hand-grenades. It was alleged that the brain behind the manufacture of these casings was Satyapalsingh Hanmansingh Chauhan who is the Engineer and Work Superintendent of the factory. He got these casings prepared by his subordinates, accused No. 3 to 8, and supplied them to accused No. 9 who had secretly placed the order for same.

Police enquiries, it was stated showed that goods of this type made secretly on the left of the factory were removed from the factory in the early hours of the morning and eventually delivered to accused No. 9.

On Tuesday, the factory was raided by Deputy Commissioner Moray, aided by Superintendent Bashiruddin, Inspector Shete and Deputy Inspector Miranda and 36 Serrated metal casings in the process of manufacture were seized along with the grinding machine and a threading apparatus.

During the course of the search, accused no. 4, who is a moulder was traced and placed under arrest. It was stated that while in custody he made a statement in consequence of which the Police recovered two moulders from underneath a heap of scrap metal in the factory. He also gave demonstration in regard to the manner of preparing serrated casings.

The accused persons are Ratilal Ujamshi Shah Satyapalsingh Hanman Singh Chauhan, Jivraj Dhamji, Dwarakdas Kadori, Samuel Sebastin, Bikubhai Dhanubhai, Man-Baratsingh, Mansan Pushpasen Gora Gandhi and Amritlal J. Mehta.

Accused no. 1 is the Managing Director of the factory, no. 2 is the engineer. 3 to 8 are employed in the factory who, it was stated, individually took part in the manufacture of casings. Accused No. 9 is the person to whom these casings are supplied and accused No. 10 is the cashier of the factory. Indications are that round about 70 casings were supplied so far.

Several advocates made vigorous appeal for release of accused on bail. Deputy Inspector Miranda opposing the bail told the court that the release of the accused at this early stage would torpedo the whole investigation.

Mr. Oscar H. Brown Chief Presidency Magistrate ordered the accused to be remanded in Police custody.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY—1
THURSDAY, June 5.

244 metres (1,231 kc s) 7-30 a.m. Swar-Kalika 7.40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8.0 News (E) 8.15 News (H) 8.30 Gajanan Karnad (Violin) 8.45 Kunjalata Desai (Gujarati Geet) 9.0 Jagannathbuwa Pandharpurker 12.0 p.m. Vanita Mandal 12.45 News (M) 12.50 News (G) 12.55 Madhur Geet 1.25 News (H) 1.30 News (E) 1.40 Music 4.20 Indirabai Kuntumbale 4.45 Snehrashmi Krut Geeto 5.0 E R Prabhu (Violin) 5.15 Children's Half-Hour 5.45 Topic of the Day 5.55 Locals 6.0 News (E) 6.10 News (H) 6.15 Pramilabai 6.30 Zawwar Husain 6.45 Kunjalata Desai (Gujarati Geet) 7.0 Indirabai Kuntumbale 7.30 Samajik Anishto Taiva Shikshan Ni Jaroor Chhe, Kayda Ni Nahi (1) (Discussion in Gujarati) 7.45 Film Music 8.0 News (M) 8.15 News (G) 8.30 "Manuski" (play by Bai Kulkarni:) 9.0 News (E) 9.15 News (H) 9.30 B B C News 9.40 Programme Parade 9.45 Sports Review By C L Savara 10.0 Silloo Panthaki (Violin) 10.15 N B C Symphony Orchestra 10 20 Nario Pagliarin 10.40 N B C Symphony Orchestra.

WEATHER NEWS FOR FARMERS

Forecast till Friday Morning:—The monsoon is likely to advance in the advance in the south Konkanpatti. Rainfall will be widspread in the south Konkanpatti and local in the Bombay Karnatak and the north Konkanpatti. A few showers are also likely in the western districts of the Hyderabad State and Gujarat.

Heavy rainfall warning:—Moderate to heavy rain is likely locally in the south Konkanpatti.

Outlook for subsequent 2 days:—Rainfall will increase in the Konkanpatti, the Karnatak, Desh, south Mawal and extend into north Mawal and Khandesh.

Kalbadevi Shooting Case

TAXI DRIVER GIVES GRAPHIC DESCRIPTION OF OUTRAGE

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Giving evidence today in the Kalbadevi Shooting Case before Mr. Justice Weston, Special Judge, at the Bombay High Court, Nariman Sorab Basta a 56-year-old Parsi taxi-driver gave a graphic description of the accused coming to hire his taxi for carrying out their object.

Nariman stated he was a taxi driver and owned taxi No. 882 B.M.T. At about 10-45 a. m. on the day of the shooting incidents he had his taxi parked on the stand opposite the Palace Talkies. He was sitting at the steering end, and next to him was his son Sam aged about 18.

Hardly was he there for about ten minutes when two persons came and took their seats in the taxi. They were both Mohomedans, one wearing a light brown-coloured hat and another wearing a hat in the style of a boy-scout. Later he recognised the accused as the persons who had travelled in his taxi.

The first accused told him that they wanted to go to New Mohmedali Road. They had no baggage worth the name. On instructions giver to him he drove via Parsi Statue Island, passed the Central Fire Brigade Station at Byculla, came to Haines Road and drove straight towards the Jacob Circle. He was asked to stop in front of a stable at the Tinwala Chawls.

Here the first accused got down from the car. He entered a lane in the Tinwalla Chawls and did not come back for nearly ten minutes. When he returned he brought a small-sized tin box in his hand. The driver suggested that the box be placed at the back. Thereupon the first accused told him that it was very light and contained only clothes, and he, therefore, preferred to carry it with him. So saying he asked the driver to take them to Mohmedali Road. He followed the same route through which he had travelled and came to Bhendi Bazar and then to Kalbadevi Road.

AT THE COTTON EXCHANGE

The first accused asked him to stop at the Cotton Exchange Building. When the car wheezed to a stop the accused put a rupee coin in his hands and asked him to buy a packet of cigarettes. The driver asked his son to go and bring the cigarette packet. The son went but soon returned to ask the accused what make of cigarettes he wanted. The accused then called back the boy and asked the driver to take him to some cap shop. The latter proceeded and stopped at a distance of about 50 feet. The accused then asked the son to go and look for a cap shop.

It was then alleged by the driver that as soon as his son had got down from the car he was surprised to hear the report of firing, and turning round he saw the first accused firing with a sten gun in the direction of the Cotton Exchange. In the meantime the second accused got down from the car and asked him to leave the car and run for dear life.

In the confusion that followed the driver saw his son standing on the right side of the car at a distance of about 15 feet and bleeding. He quickly got down from the car and ran to his rescue. He took him to a doctor nearby. The doctor refused to treat the son and advised the father to take him to a hospital. The driver then saw that his own car was missing, and eventually removed his son to the Harkisondas Hospital in another taxi.

Leaving his son in the hospital the driver ran to the nearby Lamington Road Police Station and reported the matter. His taxi was later found by the police abandoned at Umarkhadi.

The driver was then called again and again by the police and it was after nearly two months that he identified the accused as the two passengers who had driven in his car on the day of the shooting.

1946 Life Business Exceeds Rs. 2,50,00,000 -
General Dept. Premium Income Over Rs. 9,50,000 /-
APPLICATIONS FOR AGENCIES INVITED
ASIAN
ESTABLISHED 1910
INSURE WITH INDIA'S OWN PREMIER COMPOSITE CO.
LIFE FIRE MOTOR WORKMENS COMPENSA...
ASSURANCE CO. LTD.
Head Office ASIAN BLDG BALLARD ESTATE BOMBAY.

LEARN DENTISTRY
Within short period and less expenditure India needs 92,000 Dentists, Don't worry Matric Pass or Failed. Apply prospectus PRINCIPAL, SHREE DIGVIJAYASINHJI DENTAL TRAINING INSTITUTE, P. O. Box 91, Jamnagar.

FLY
AMBICA AIR LINES
BOMBAY—BARODA—AHMEDABAD
TUESDAY & FRIDAY
Return
WEDNESDAY & SATURDAY
BOMBAY—RAJKOT
MORVI
MONDAY, THURSDAY & SATURDAY.
CITY BOOKING OFFICE:
N. M. Wadia Building, Bell Lane Fort Bombay
Phone: 34863
Juhu Aerodrome 86358.

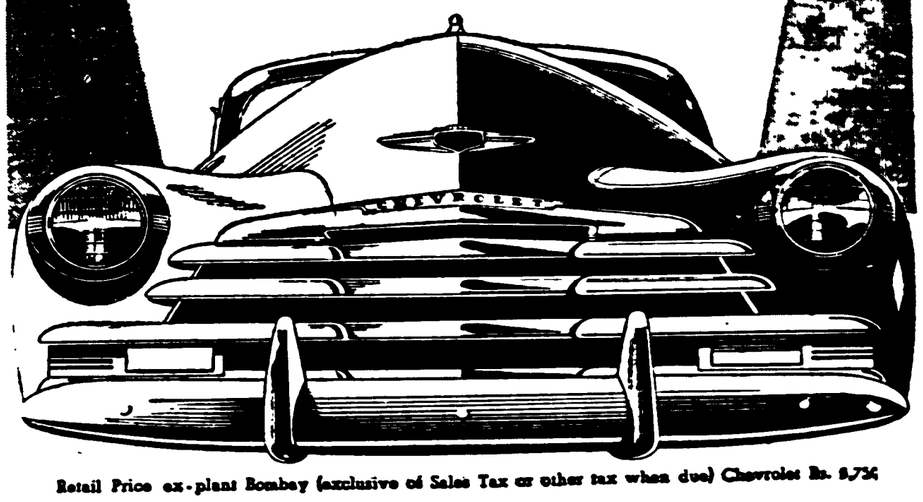
LIVERGEN
THE TONIC THAT RESTORES PERFECT FUNCTIONING OF THE LIVER
STANDARD
PHARMACEUTICAL WORKS LTD. CALCUTTA

GRAND GALA OPENING
TOMORROW at 3-30 p. m.
of the MOST THOUGHT-PROVOKING SOCIAL ever Produced
SAMAJ-KO BADAL DALO
a PRAKASH PICTURE
Director: VIJAY BHATT'S Latest Directorial Offering
ARUN, MRIDULA, YAKUB, UMAKANT, SHANTARIN, LEELA PAWAR, RAMESH SINHA, SHABNAM
Songs: QAMAR JALALVADI, ROOPDAS & Pt. INDRA.
Story & Dialogues: Pt. GIRISH Music: KHEMCHAND PRAKASH.
Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Sat., Sun., Matinee at 1 p.m.
FROM TOMORROW AT
Advance Booking:
Daily 9-30 to 12-30 & 3-30 to 6-30 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE
An EVERGREEN Release

SATURDAY 7th & SUNDAY 8th 9-30 a.m.
PRITHVI THEATRES
Stage Play
PATHAN
Plans Open 9 to 12, 3 to 7p.m.
Starring
PRITHVIRAJ
Uzra Mumtaj
Zohra Segal
Raj Kapoor
Kanwal Kapoor
Sajjan, Vyas
FRIDAY 6th 9-30 a.m.
DEEWAR
Royal Opera House

For 1947
THE NEWEST
CHEVROLET
The World's most popular car

When you choose a Chevrolet, you are assured of COMFORT as represented by the Unitised Knee-Action Ride, PERFORMANCE as produced by the Valve-in-Head Thrift-Master Engine, BEAUTY as exemplified by the smartly-styled Body by Fisher, SAFETY as typified by Positive-Action Hydraulic Brakes and ECONOMY as a result of many proven features incorporated in the new Chevrolet.



Retail Price ex-plant Bombay (exclusive of Sales Tax or other tax when due) Chevrolet Rs. 8,75

THE BOMBAY GARAGE LTD., Chowpatty, BOMBAY.
THE BOMBAY GARAGE (Ahmedabad) LTD., Shahibag Road, AHMEDABAD.
THE BOMBAY GARAGE (Poona) LTD., 11, Elphinstone Road, POONA.
THE BOMBAY GARAGE (C.P.) LTD., Raghavendra Rao Road, NAGPUR.
THE BOMBAY GARAGE (Rajkot) LTD., Gondal Road, RAJKOT.
SAROSH LIMITED, King's Road, AHMEDNAGAR.
WESTERN INDIAN STATES MOTORS, JODHPUR.
NOSHIRWAN & CO., LTD., Maharani Road, INDORE.
SHRI LAXMI AUTOMOBILES LTD., KOLHAPUR.
INDIA MOTORS LTD., Kutchery Road, AJMER.

GENERAL MOTORS INDIA LIMITED-BOMBAY

Digitized by Maharashtra State Archives from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

MATRICULATION EXAMINATION RESULTS

About 44% Of Candidates Declared Successful

M. K. Bapat Of Poona And Padmaben Desai Of Surat Top List

The results of the Matriculation Examination of the Bombay University held in March last are declared. Out of a total number of 41094 candidates, who sat for the examination, 17976 are declared to be successful. The percentage of passes works out at 43.7, while last year it stood at 53.

From Bombay and Dadar Centres, 4708 candidates passed out of a total of 9300, which compares favourably with the percentage of the total passes.

Madhukar Bapat of the Poona Centre topped the list of the successful candidates by securing a total of 590 marks, while Miss Padmaben K. Desai from Surat stood second in the list.

BOMBAY CENTRE

The following is the list of candidates who are declared to have passed the Examination. It includes those who have been declared successful under the provision of O. 164:—

3 4 5 12 13 15 16 21 23 24 29 32 34
36 41 44 51 54 55 58 63 65 68 73 74 75
77 80 83 89 90 93 97 103 04 06 16 22 23
130 33 36 46 47 50 51 52 55 68 69 72 73
182 83 85 91 94 97 202 04 06 08 12 13
219 24 26 28 31 32 33 34 37 41 44 45 48
250 53 55 56 59 60 61 64 65 67 74 77
281 82 83 85 87 88 92 96 301 02 05 07
310 12 14 24 27 32 37 40 42 44 45 46 47
362 63 64 65 66 69 75 79 80 81 84 88 90
391 93 94 95 96 97 99 400 03 04 05 06 07
409 10 14 15 16 17 20 21 22 23 24 25 27
428 29 30 31 33 37 38 39 42 44 46 47 48
449 50 51 52 53 54 57 58 59 60 63 64 65
492 94 500 04 05 06 07 08 10 11 12 13
514 15 16 17 18 19 20 23 26 28 29 33 35
538 37 38 39 40 41 43 44 46 49 50 53 54
587 58 59 64 65 66 69 70 74 75 76 78 79
580 83 84 86 88 90 91 92 93 94 95 98
602 03 06 07 09 13 14 15 20 21 24 25 26
627 32 33 34 36 37 39 40 41 42 43 44 45
647 48 49 50 51 53 54 55 56 62 63 64 65
666 67 69 70 71 72 76 80 83 84 86 88 89
690 95 700 03 04 08 11 15 16 17 18 19
723 24 25 27 28 31 32 35 37 38 40 43 45
746 47 48 49 50 52 53 54 56 57 58 60 61
764 65 66 68 69 71 73 74 76 77 79 81 84
787 88 91 94 95 97 98 99 802 04 05 06 09 10
811 12 18 21 24 28 29 30 31 33 34 36 37
838 39 40 41 43 44 48 49 51 52 53 54
855 57 58 60 64 65 66 67 69 70 72 73
874 75 77 79 80 83 84 87 88 90 91 92
894 95 99 900 01 04 05 06 10 12 13 15
917 19 20 22 24 25 26 31 34 36 38 39
943 44 45 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 58 60 62
965 66 69 71 72 73 74 75 77 78 79 81
984 86 87 88 89 90 93 96 98 1000 01 02
1003 04 05 08 10 11 14 16 20 21 22
1024 25 26 27 29 30 32 33 34 39 43 46
1049 51 54 55 56 57 58 59 63 64 65 66 70
1071 72 73 75 77 78 80 81 83 86 87 89 90
1091 92 94 96 97 99 1100 02 04 07 09
1113 14 17 19 20 22 28 29 30 31 32 33 34
1135 36 37 40 41 43 45 47 48 49 50 51
1154 55 57 58 59 60 61 65 66 67 68 70
1171 72 73 74 75 77 80 82 83 84 87
1188 89 91 92 97 99 1200 01 02 04 05 06
1207 08 11 12 13 14 15 16 19 21 22 23
1224 25 26 27 30 33 34 35 36 37 38 39
1240 42 43 44 45 46 47 49 54 55 58 59
1260 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 69 70 71 72
1274 79 80 81 82 84 86 87 90 91 95 97
1298 99 1300 01 04 05 06 08 09 10 12
1314 15 16 18 20 21 23 24 26 27 29 31
1333 34 37 38 41 43 44 45 47 48 49 50 51
1354 55 56 59 60 61 62 64 65 66 68 70
1371 72 76 77 78 81 83 84 85 87 90 92
1395 96 97 98 99 1400 01 02 03 04 05
1406 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 18
1419 22 23 25 27 37 38 42 45 46 47 51
1452 53 54 55 56 58 60 67 69 71 73 74
1475 76 77 78 79 81 82 86 89 90 92 93
1494 95 98 1501 03 05 06 07 08 10 14
1516 19 20 21 22 24 26 27 29 31 33 37
1538 39 40 41 43 45 48 49 50 53 56 57
1559 60 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 73 74
1575 76 78 79 80 82 84 85 87 89 92 94
1595 97 99 1602 03 04 05 07 09 10 11
1612 13 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 27 28 29 30
1632 33 34 39 42 44 46 48 49 51 52 53
1662 63 67 70 71 72 74 75 76 80 81 83
1684 88 89 90 91 93 98 1700 01 02 09
1715 16 18 21 27 33 35 36 38 42 44 47
1748 49 50 52 53 55 58 61 63 67 68 69
1770 71 72 73 76 78 79 85 87 88 89 90
1793 94 95 1800 01 04 05 06 07 08 11
1819 20 21 22 23 25 28 32 33 35 39 42
1843 44 49 50 51 52 53 56 57 58 59 62
1865 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 75 76 77 80
1881 82 83 85 87 88 89 90 91 93 97 98 99
1901 02 04 05 06 07 08 09 15 16 18 23
1924 25 26 28 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 39
1942 43 46 47 49 51 52 59 62 63 64 65
1975 77 78 81 82 85 86 87 88 89 90 94
1996 2000 02 03 04 06 08 09 11 12 13
2018 19 20 21 22 24 25 26 27 28 30 34
2037 40 43 47 48 49 52 53 54 55 56 57
2061 63 66 71 72 75 76 81 82 86 87 89
2090 91 92 96 98 99 2101 04 05 07 08 10
2111 19 20 25 26 27 29 30 32 33 35 36 37
2138 39 40 41 42 43 45 46 47 48 49 50
2151 52 53 55 56 57 58 60 61 62 65 66
2168 69 70 71 72 73 75 76 78 79 81 83
2184 85 88 89 91 92 96 97 99 2201 02
2203 04 05 06 07 08 11 12 13 14 15 17
2218 20 24 25 26 29 30 31 32 33 36 37
2240 41 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 53 54 55
2256 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 69
2270 72 74 79 80 81 85 86 90 91 94 96
2298 2300 01 02 03 04 24 27 28 29
2330 31 35 37 39 40 41 42 46 47 48 51
2352 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 64 66 67
2369 70 71 72 73 74 75 84 88 89 93 96
2404 13 15 16 18 23 27 28 29 31 34 35
2436 39 43 44 46 48 49 51 52 54 55 56
2457 58 60 61 64 66 68 69 72 76 77 82
2483 91 2500 02 06 09 13 14 16 17 18
2519 22 25 26 27 29 35 38 39 41 42 44
2550 52 53 54 55 57 59 60 63 67 68 69
2572 75 76 77 80 82 83 85 86 87 88 89
2594 95 96 98 2600 01 02 03 04 06
2608 09 11 14 15 20 21 23 25 26
2627 29 31 32 34 36 38 39 43 44 45 46
2647 48 53 54 56 57 58 69 62 63 65 66
2667 68 73 74 75 77 78 80 82 83 85 86
2688 90 91 94 95 96 97 98 99 2700 01
2707 09 10 12 14 15 18 21 22 24 27 28
2729 31 34 37 39 40 41 42 43 44 47 48
2750 51 53 54 55 57 58 59 61 65 73 98
2800 03 04 05 06 09 10 14 16 18 19 20
2822 23 26 27 29 30 32 33 34 35 37 39
2841 42 43 46 47 48 50 53 56 57 58 60
2862 64 67 68 72 73 74 76 77 80 82 83
2884 85 86 87 89 90 91 92 95 97 98 2902
2904 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 15 16 17
2918 19 20 22 23 25 26 27 28 30 31 33
2936 37 40 41 42 45 46 47 48 49 50 55
2957 60 61 62 63 65 66 68 69 71 76 77
2980 82 83 85 86 88 89 91 92 94 95 96 97
2998 99 3002 03 07 08 09 10 11 12 15

3016 17 18 20 21 22 23 25 26 28 29 36
3039 42 43 45 47 48 50 54 55 56 59 60
3061 66 67 68 69 71 72 74 79 81 83 85
3086 88 89 90 91 93 94 98 99 3102 07
3108 09 12 15 16 17 19 20 23 27 30 31
3135 36 38 39 40 42 43 44 45 46 49 50
3153 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 64 65 66 71
3174 77 79 81 82 85 86 87 89 90 91 92 93
3194 95 96 97 98 99 3200 01 03 04 06
3207 08 09 10 11 14 16 17 18 19 20 21
3222 23 25 26 27 28 29 30 32 34 35 36
3237 38 39 41 42 43 44 45 46 48 50 51
3253 54 55 57 58 59 60 62 63 65 66 68
3269 70 71 72 74 75 76 79 81 83 86 87
3288 90 91 92 93 96 98 99 3301 02 04
3306 07 08 09 10 12 16 17 20 21 22 23
3324 25 26 27 28 30 32 33 35 36 37 38
3339 40 41 42 43 45 46 48 49 51 52 53
3354 55 56 58 59 62 65 67 68 69 70 73
3375 76 82 84 85 86 88 89 90 91 96
3397 98 99 3401 02 04 05 06 07 08 09
3411 12 15 16 18 19 20 22 23 24 25 26
8427 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38
3439 40 41 43 44 45 46 50 51 52 53 56
3457 58 60 61 62 63 64 67 69 72 73 74
3475 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 86 88
3489 90 91 93 94 95 97 98 99 3503 04
3505 06 07 08 09 10 12 14 15 16 17 19
3520 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 32
3533 35 37 39 42 44 45 46 48 49 51 52
3553 54 56 57 58 61 63 64 65 66 67 68
3569 70 73 74 75 76 77 78 80 82 83 84
3585 86 87 88 90 91 93 94 95 96 98 99
3601 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13
3614 15 16 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26
3627 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 38 39
3640 43 44 45 47 49 51 52 53 54 55 56
3657 59 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 70 71
3672 76 77 79 80 81 84 85 88 92 94 96
3697 98 3700 01 02 03 04 06 07 09 10 12
3713 14 15 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25
3728 29 30 31 32 33 34 36 37 38 39 40
3741 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 53
3754 55 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 65 66 72
3777 3806 16 17 30 31 39 40 42 43 61
2868 78 91 93 94 97 3900 03 08 10 27
3928 31 32 34 35 37 38 39 40 50 54 57
3958 60 63 65 67 68 69 74 75 76 78 81
3984 86 87 89 91 93 94 96 4007 18 28
4066 67 72 88 91 93 99 4107 09 20 34 38
4144 45 49 50 51 52 63 67 69 73 74 75
4176 78 79 82 83 86 89 90 92 93 94 97
4198 4208 09 12 13 15 23 24 25 26 27 28
4229 32 34 38 39 41 43 45 46 47 49 50
4251 52 53 54 55 56 60 61 63 64 65 67
4268 69 70 71 72 73 79 80 81 82 83 84
4286 87 89 91 92 94 96 97 98 99 4300
4301 02 03 04 05 07 08 09 10 11 12 14
4315 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 24 25 26 27
4328 30 31 35 36 39 40 42 47 49 50 55
4356 57 58 59 63 64 66 69 70 71 75 76
4377 79 81 83 84 89 90 91 92 93 94 98
4399 4400 01 04 05 08 09 11 12 16 17
4418 19 21 22 24 25 26 29 31 33 34 36
4437 38 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 52
4453 55 56 57 59 61 63 64 66 68 69 70
4471 72 73 74 76 81 82 85 87 88 91 95
4501 02 03 04 05 08 09 10 12 13 14 17
4519 20 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 32 33 34
4535 36 39 42 46 47 49 51 53 56 57 61
4563 64 65 66 68 69 71 73 75 80 82 86
4590 93 95 96 98 99 4600 01 03 05 06
4608 09 12 13 14 15 16 17 20 27 29 30
4633 34 35 41 42 48 52 53 54 56 59 66
4667 69 70 73 74 75 77 79 82 83 85 87
4692 93 95 96 97 98 4700 03 07 09 11
4712 14 15 16 17 19 22 23 24 26 28 29
4730 31 33 34 36 39 41 42 44 48 49 50
4751 52 53 55 56 57 60 61 63 64 66 70
4771 72 73 75 76 77 78 86 88 94 95 96
4799 4803 04 05 06 08 10 11 14 15 16 20
4821 22 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 33 34 35
4836 38 40 47 48 50 55 57 58 60 61 63
4864 66 67 68 69 71 72 73 74 75 77 78
4879 80 81 83 84 86 87 89 90 92 93 95
4896 98 99 4900 01 09 11 12 16 17 19
4921 22 23 24 25 27 28 29 30 32 33 35
4938 39 40 41 43 44 45 46 48 50 51 52 54
4955 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 70
4975 80 84 88 89 92 97 5006 09 11 12
5014 15 16 20 27 28 30 31 32 34 40 41
5043 44.

DADAR CENTRE

5058 63 64 66 68 71 75 78 86 87 89 90
5091 94 96 97 5103 04 07 18 19 20 33
5135 36 41 46 50 54 56 60 66 67 73 76
5177 81 82 99 5205 06 09 13 18 24 27
5234 36 37 38 40 43 45 49 52 60 61 64
5265 69 75 77 82 85 86 87 95 5305 06
5309 11 19 21 25 29 30 31 32 35 37 39 40
5350 59 78 88 89 92 97 5405 12 16 21
5424 29 30 41 46 69 72 73 78 81 83 89
5491 92 93 94 95 97 99 5501 09 10 12
5514 15 20 22 27 33 36 37 40 41 59 66
5571 72 73 77 81 82 83 84 90 92 93 95
5598 99 5600 01 02 08 11 12 19 20
5623 24 33 35 37 39 41 44 46 48 50
5652 53 55 57 62 63 64 65 69 73 74 76 77
5683 84 85 87 88 90 91 93 94 96 98 99
5702 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 14 15
5720 21 22 24 25 26 27 28 30 33 37 39
5742 47 50 51 52 54 56 58 60 61 62 65
5767 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 77 82 84
5786 89 90 5800 01 05 10 12 16 18 19 20
5822 23 24 25 27 29 30 31 32 33 36 38
5840 41 43 48 49 51 52 53 54 55 56 57
5858 62 65 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 78
5880 82 83 84 86 89 90 91 92 96 5903 05
5906 13 14 15 16 17 19 20 23 24 26 27
5928 31 32 36 38 40 43 44 45 48 49 50
5952 53 55 56 59 60 62 63 66 70 71 72 76
5977 79 80 82 83 84 86 87 88 93 95 6001
6002 04 05 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 15 18 19
6023 25 26 27 29 34 35 41 44 46 47 50
6051 52 54 55 56 58 59 66 68 69 70 71
6073 77 79 80 82 83 84 86 87 89 90 91
6093 95 96 97 6100 02 04 06 07 12 14 16
6118 20 21 22 23 28 29 30 31 36 38 41
6144 48 52 60 61 62 63 68 69 70 72 77
6178 79 80 83 86 88 90 91 97 99 6202
6205 07 08 10 11 12 13 21 22 25 26 27
6228 29 30 32 35 36 38 39 40 41 42 46
6248 51 53 55 56 57 59 61 62 64 65 66

6267 70 72 74 76 78 79 83 85 87 89 91
6293 95 97 98 99 6301 08 09 10 11 12 13
6315 16 19 22 23 24 31 32 33 37 38 41
6344 45 48 49 50 51 52 54 56 61 62 63
6364 65 68 69 70 72 75 76 77 78 79 80
6381 83 85 86 87 88 90 91 92 93 94 95
6400 01 02 05 08 09 13 16 18 20 21 22
6423 24 25 30 31 32 33 34 36 38 39 40
6442 44 48 49 50 51 52 53 55 56 60 61
6463 66 67 68 70 72 74 76 77 78 82 83
6485 90 91 99 6500 04 05 08 09 12 13 16
6518 19 22 23 24 27 28 29 30 33 34 35
6537 38 41 45 51 53 54 55 60 63 65 66
6567 70 71 72 75 76 80 84 85 87
6590 91 93 94 99 6600 01 02 05 06 07
6609 10 11 14 15 17 18 19 20 21 22 23
6624 25 26 27 28 29 32 33 36 37 39 40
6641 43 45 47 52 54 55 57 59 64 67 69
6670 71 72 77 78 81 82 83 84 89 92 93
6694 95 99 6700 02 06 07 09 10 11 13
6714 15 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 26 27 28
6730 31 32 35 36 39 40 43 44 45 46 47
6749 53 60 64 65 67 70 71 72 74 77 78
6779 82 84 85 87 88 89 90 92 94 96 97 99
6802 03 06 07 09 11 15 20 21 22 24 28
6830 31 34 35 36 40 42 44 45 46 48 51
6852 53 54 56 59 60 61 62 63 68 69 70
6871 73 77 78 79 82 83 84 85 86 87 88
6889 91 92 93 95 97 99 6902 03 04 05
6906 10 11 13 16 18 20 21 22 24 25 27
6930 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 41 46 47 50
6952 56 57 58 62 63 65 66 69 70 72 73
6977 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 93
6995 96 97 98 7001 02 03 04 06 07 08
7009 10 11 12 13 15 17 18 19 20 21 25
7026 27 28 32 34 35 36 38 39 40 41 43
7044 49 50 54 55 57 59 60 61 62 66 69
7072 75 76 78 79 80 82 83 91 94 96 97
7098 99 7103 05 07 10 11 13 14 15 18
7120 21 22 23 24 25 28 33 36 37 38 39
7140 41 43 44 45 46 48 49 51 54 55 58
7162 68 74 81 83 85 90 91 93 94 97 98
7199 7201 02 04 05 06 08 11 12 14 17
7221 25 26 28 30 31 32 33 34 38 42 43
7245 47 49 50 51 52 55 60 62 64 67 68
7270 74 79 83 86 87 88 90 91 92 93 95
7296 98 99 7302 05 07 08 10 11 13 14
7316 17 19 20 21 23 24 25 28 29 30 32
7333 34 35 37 39 43 45 48 49 50 51 52
7354 55 56 59 64 68 69 72 73 74 78 79 81
7387 88 89 94 96 97 98 99 7400 01 03
7404 07 09 10 11 12 13 16 19 20 21 22
7424 26 29 31 34 36 39 42 44 46 47 48
7449 52 53 54 55 56 61 63 64 66
7468 70 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80
7482 85 86 87 88 89 91 92 93 95 7500
7503 05 06 07 09 10 11 12 15 16 17 18
7519 20 25 26 28 52 33 37 43 45 46 47
7549 53 54 55 56 57 59 61 62 63 64 67
7571 72 75 76 77 78 79 80 83 84 85 86
7587 88 89 90 92 93 99 7600 01 02 03
7604 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 16
7617 18 19 23 24 25 26 27 28 31 34 35
7638 39 40 43 44 45 47 48 50 52 53 54
7658 59 61 63 65 66 67 70 71 73 74 77
7678 79 80 82 83 84 86 88 89 90 91 92
7694 95 96 97 98 99 7701 02 03 04 06
7710 11 12 13 14 25 28 29 30 31 32 33
7734 45 47 49 50 52 53 56 58 62 69 70
7773 83 88 89 92 94 95 96 99 7800 01
7802 04 05 09 11 13 14 16 17 19 20 23
7824 25 30 35 36 41 43 44 47 50 51 54
7858 7861 7862 63 64 65 66
7877 80 81 83 85 89 90 91 92 93 94 96
7897 98 99 7901 02 03 05 06 07 08 09
7910 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 20 21 22
7923 24 26 29 31 32 35 36 37 38 39 41
7942 43 45 47 48 52 53 54 55 56 58 59
7960 61 63 64 66 72 73 76 77 78 79 80
7981 82 83 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 93 94
7995 97 98 99 8001 02 03 04 05 06 07
8008 09 10 11 12 15 16 18 22 24 25 26
8027 29 30 31 34 39 40 41 42 43 49 50
8051 54 58 59 61 64 66 67 68 69 70 73
8075 81 82 85 86 87 89 90 91 93 95 98
8100 02 03 04 05 07 17 19 21 22 23 26
8127 30 31 34 37 38 40 41 43 44 47 48
8149 51 52 53 54 56 59 61 62 63 64 65
8166 67 68 69 70 74 75 77 78 81 82 83
8185 88 89 90 91 95 99 8203 04 05 06
8209 10 11 13 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23
8224 25 26 28 29 31 32 33 34 36 37 38
8247 49 51 53 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62
8265 66 71 72 73 76 79 80 82 89 92 93
8295 98 99 8300 04 05 06 08 09 11 16
8317 20 21 22 23 24 27 28
8329 30 32 33 34 35
8336 37 38 39 40 41 42 44 45 46 47 51
8352 53 54 55 57 58 59 61 62 63 65 66
8367 70 72 74 78 79 81 82 83 85 89 90
8391 94 95 96 97 98 99 8400 01 02 04
8411 12 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 24
8425 27 28 29 30 32 33 35 36 37 38 40
8441 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 53 55
8457 59 60 61 63 64 66 67 68 69 70 72
8473 74 75 76 78 79 80 81 82 90 92 93
8494 8502 05 06 15 16 22 29 30 31 32
8533 35 37 38 39 41 45 48 65 72 76 89
8597 8602 03 13 15 19 20 24 33 37 44
8658 65 71 74 75 82 84 95 99 8700 04
8710 11 14 16 19 24 25 27 28 37 38 43
8745 46 48 51 52 53 56 63 65 67 74 78
8780 84 86 93 94 97 8803 09 16 18 23
8825 26 27 28 32 33 34 36 39 41 43 44
8845 49 50 55 57 60 61 62 64 65 66 67
8868 72 74 75 78 80 81 82 83 85 86 87
8889 91 95 96 99 8901 02 04 06 08 10
8913 14 15 17 18 19 23 24 27 28 29 32
8933 36 38 44 45 47 48 51 52 53 55 56
8958 60 62 65 66 68 70 71 74 81 82 83
8985 90 93 97 99 9000 01 02 03 05 06
9007 11 12 14 16 17 18 19 20 21 24 26
9027 31 37 38 39 42 44 48 49 50 57 58 59
9061 65 67 70 74 75 78 83 84 85 89 90
9091 92 94 96 98 9102 03 04 10 11 15 17
9119 20 23 26 29 30 31 32 36 37 40 43
9145 46 47 49 51 53 55 57 60 62 68 69
9170 72 75 77 78 79 80 83 84 85 86 90
9191 93 94 98 9200 03 04 05 06 07 08
9209 10 12 13 14 15 16 18 20 21 24 26
9227 28 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39
9242 43 44 48 51 52 54 58 59 60 64 67
9268 69 71 75 80 81 83 84 85 86 87 89
9290 92 93 94 95 96 97.

RATNAGIRI CENTRE

9301 04 05 07 08 09 10 13 16 29 34 39
9340 41 43 45 46 50 53 57 62 64 77 78
9379 81 82 86 93 97 98 9403 08 09 10
9411 12 13 15 16 21 24 25 26
9427 31 32 34 35 36 37 38
9441 42 43 44 47 48 49 52 53 55 56 58
9459 60 62 63 64 65 66 68 69 70 71 73
9476 81 84 85 89 90 91 93 94 96 97 98
9501 02 03 04 06 09 10 11 13 14 17 18 20
9521 23 24 25 27 28 29 31 33 35 37 38
9541 42 43 44 46 47 48 49 50 51 53 58
9560 63 64 65 66 67 68 70 77 80 81 83
9584 87 91 94 95 96 98 9600 02 06 07 08
9609 11 13 14 22 25 27 33 35 37 38 40
9642 43 44 46 52 53 55 57 59 60 64 69
9670 71 73 78 79 80 81 87 91 93 94 95
9701 03 05 07 14 15 16 18 20 21 26 33
9744 48 52 54 66 72 74 75 80 81 89 94
9802 03 06 11 13 16 18 20 21 24 25 26
9831 32 35 40 41 42 43 44 45 59 61 62
9870 73 75 79 81 83 86 88 89 91 92 96
9897 98.

NASIK CENTRE

9903 06 07 19 22 23 36 38 45 47 50
9957 59 62 63 65 69 73 74 78 82 83 84
9990 91 93 98 10000 01 02 06 15 16 17
10020 21 23 25 28 30 34 37 41 42 46 47
10049 50 51 58 59 60 61 62 65 69 70 74
10075 81 82 83 84 88 89 90 92 94 96
10100 01 02 03 10 15 21 25 28 29 35 36
10145 46 48 51 57 58 59 61 62 63 67 69
10171 73 74 75 76 77 81 82 84 86 88 90
10193 96 98 10200 01 02 07 08 13 14 17
10218 19 21 23 24 25 28 29 30 31 35 36
10237 39 40 41 42 43 44 52 56 61 62 66
10267 68 69 71 77 81 82 83 84 86 87 89
10290 91 92 96 10300 01 02 03 04 06 08
10310 13 14 15 19 21 23 24 26 30 32 34
10336 38 42 43 45 46 47 48 49 51 67 69
10380 82 83 89 92 93 95 96 97 98 99
10402 06 11 16 20 27 28 32 33 36 38 40
10443 46 47 48 49 52 56 57 60 62 65 72
10474 75 76 77 78 80 81 85 87 91 92 95
10510 11 13 28 39 44 45 48 59 69 71 73
10575 76 78 82 86 88 95 98 10601 02 03
10606 10 12 16 17 19 25 33 34 37 38 40
10641 47 49 51 56 61 62 67 70 78 85 87
10688 89 90 94 96 97 99 10700
10702 03 04 05 07 08 12 14 16 17 21 22
10723 25 26 28 29 31 33 34 35 36 37 38
10740 41 42 43 45 46 47 50 52 54 55 57
10761 62 63 64 66 69 73 74 78 79 80 81
10782 84 92 93 95 97 10801 02 03 04
10806 07 09 10 11 13 14 15 16 17 18 22
10825 26 28 31 32 34 37 39 41 45 48 49
10851 52.

POONA CITY CENTRE

10853 55 58 63 64 66 69 79 80 82 83
10883 90 93 99 10904 09 13 14 16 28 29
10931 32 33 35 36 37 38 40 43 44 45 51
10952 53 54 58 60 62 65 66 67 75 76 78
10979 80 81 82 86 87 88 90 91 93 94 98
11000 03 11 13 15 17 19 21 25 29 32 33
11034 36 37 38 39 41 44 47 49 51 53 54
11058 59 61 62 66 67 71 72 73 74 75 76
11078 82 84 86 89 91 94 95 97 98 99
11122 23 25 26 28 31 34 35 36 37 38 39
11140 41 42 45 46 49 53 55 56 58 59 64
11165 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76
11177 81 86 87 88 90 92 93 94 95 96 97
11198 11200 01 02 03 07 08 14 18 19 20
11222 23 24 25 28 29 31 32 33 38 39 40
11243 44 45 48 50 51 52 53 56 57 59 61
11261 62 67 69 71 73 76 78 80 81 85 86
11289 90 94 97 11301 02 07 09 10 12 15
11316 17 18 20 21 22 23 25 28 29 32 33
11334 38 43 44 49 50 51 52 56 57 58 60
11361 62 63 65 67 68 69 72 74 75 76 77
11381 82 83 84 88 90 93 11400 04 05 07
11409 10 12 13 17 18 19 20 22 24 27 28
11429 31 32 33 35 36 40 41 42 43 44 45
11446 47 49 51 54 55 57 58 62 63 65 67
11468 71 73 74 75 77 78 80 81 82 83 84
11487 88 89 92 94 96 97 98 11502 08 09
11510 12 14 15 16 17 19 20 21 22 34 35
11539 40 41 42 45 48 49 50 51 52 53 56
11558 62 68 71 72 74 75 76 77 79 81 82
11584 85 89 90 92 94 95 96 97 98
11602 06 08 09 16 17 22 23 24
11628 30 32 33 34 37 39 40 42 44
11645 47 48 49 54 57 58 59 61
11662 63 64 65 66 69 71 72 76 77 79
11680 81 83 85 86 88 89 90 91 93 95
11696 97 11700 01 04 05 06 07 08 12 13
11714 17 20 21 24 27 28 29 30 32 34
11738 41 42 43 45 46 48 50 51 54 56
11758 59 60 62 65 68 71 72 78 79 82
11783 84 86 89 92 93 94 95 98 11800
11825 04 12 13 14 19 20 21 22 23 25
11826 28 29 30 33 34 36 37 40 43 47
11848 49 50 51 52 56 57 60 64 70 72
11873 74 75 78 80 83 87 88 89 90 92
11893 94 11900 01 04 05 09 11 12 13
11914 15 17 19 21 22 24 27 29 32 33
11937 38 40 41 42 43 46 53 54 62 65
11967 72 73 77 79 81 82 84 87 89 91
11992 94 95 96 97 99 12001 02 03 04
12005 08 11 12 14 17 18 21 24 26 28
12030 36 38 39 45 47 50 51 55 56 60
12061 65 66 67 68 70 71 72 74 76 77

12078 79 82 83 85 86 87 88 89 90 94
12095 97 98 12101 03 04 06 08 09 11
12114 16 18 21 24 25 26 28 29 31 32
12134 35 37 39 42 44 45 49 50 52 56
12158 62 66 68 69 71 73 79 80 81 82
12185 91 92 97 12205 06 07 11 12 13
12214 20 21 23 24 26 28 30 32 33 34
12235 36 37 39 40 41 42 44 45 50 57
12258 60 62 65 68 77 80 81 82 86 87
12294 99 12302 04 08 11 12 13 15 19
12321 24 26 27 31 32 35 36 40 41 48
12349 57 58 61 64 65 66 75 76 77 80
12382 83 85 89 91 93 94 96 97 99 12402
12404 05 07 10 13 14 15 16 17 19 22 24
12425 27 30 31 32 33 34 36 38 41 47
12448 49 50 51 52 53 54 60 63 64 72
12473 74 75 83 94 97 98 99 9403 08 09 10
12495 96 97 12501 03 06 07 08 14 16
12518 20 28 30 31 32 34 35 36 38 39
12542 43 45 46 48 50 51 52 57 72 73
12574 76 81 82 85 86 87 88 89 90 95 97
12599 12604 05 08 11 18 20 27 28 41
12642 46 49 50 51 52 58 67 71 73 76
12677 79 92 94 96 12700 01 02 03
12706 08 10 13 15 17 18 19 20
12727 28 29 30 32 37 38 41
12747 50 52 53 55 58 61 62 65 66 72 73
12775 78 81 85 12800 07 10 14 15 22 24
12832 34 41 48 49 50 51 55 63 68 75 82
12883 85 88 12905 06 07 11 12 13 14 16
12921 23 24 25 26 27 31 34 35 36 41 43
12948 50 55 59 61 62 70 73 76 79 87 90 91
12994 97 99 13000 02 04 07 08 15 19 22
13040 41 42 44 46 47 49 50 56 59 60 62
13063 66 67 68 73 75 76 78 79 87 90 93
13094 13103 04 05 06 07 13 15 16 19 21
13127 36 37 38 40 41 42 46 47 48 49 50
13157 59 61 62 66 68 69 72 74 75 77 81
13185 94 13200 06 07 08 09 10 14 15 19
13220 21 23 24 25 28 29 34 35 36 44 46
13251 53 54 55 60 62 63 64 65 71 72 73
13274 75 76 80 81 84 85 86 90 91 94 97
13302 04 05 07 09 10 11 12 16 22 24 25
13330 32 35 47 49 51 53 56 59 61 66 69
13370 71 72 73 75 78 80 81 82 84 86 87
13388 89 93 98 97 98 99 13403 06 07 08
13411 15 17 22 27 28 29 36 37 41 44 45
13446 48 52 53 54 56 57 58 59 64 66
13468 70 71 72 74 78 79 80 81 83 87 88
13489 90 91 93 94 95 96 97 98 13502 04
13506 07 08 09 10 13 14 17 19 20 22 23
13524 25 27 32 34 36 39 40 46 50 51 53
13557 58 59 60 61 64 66 69 71 72 74 76
13578 79 80 82 83 84 85 86 87 89 91 92
13597 98 13600 01 02 04 06 07 08 09 10
13611 13 14 16 17 19 21 22 23 25 26 27
13628 29 30 31 32 33 35 38 39 41 43 44
13646 47 48 49 51 52 55 56 57 58 59 60
13661 63 64 65 66 70 71 72 77 78 80 81
13683 84 85 89 92 94 95 99 13701 04 05
13706 07 10 13 16 17 19 20 21 23 26 28
13731 32 34 35 37 38 40 42 43 46 47 49
13751 52 55 58 59 60 61 62 64 66 68 70
13771.

POONA CAMP CENTRE

13778 79 80 81 84 85 94 13802 04 05
13807 08 09 10 15 20 22 23 24 27 33 35
13836 38 40 42 44 45 48 53 56 57 58 62 63
13866 68 73 74 75 76 78 79 82 85 86 87 88
13890 92 97 99 13900 01 02 03 04 05 06
13908 11 13 20 21 23 26 27 31 36 37 42
13944 49 51 52 53 54 55 56 59 63 67 68
13969 70 71 72 73 75 76 77 78 79 81 82
13983 84 85 87 88 92 94 96 98 14000 02
14004 05 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17
14018 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 28 29 30 32
14034 35 36 37 38 40 42 43 46 47 48 49
14050 53 54 56 58 61 65 67 68 69 70 73
14074 77 78 79 82 83 87 88 89 90 91 92
14093 96 97 14100 02 03 04 05 07 08 09
14111 12 14 18 19 20 21 30 31 33 34 37
14139 42 46 56 57 61 62 66 67 69 70
14177 81 85 87 88 93 94 96 98 14203 07
14215 17 18 20 24 26 29 33 34 36 38 39
14240 41 42 47 52 53 54 57 58 62 63 67
14263 74 75 76 80 81 85 86 89 91 93 96
14301.

KOLHAPUR CENTRE

14305 06 09 10 14 15 16 17 18 23 26
14332 34 35 37 39 41 43 45 47 48 49 52
14353 55 57 60 62 63 65 73 74 78 79 81
14388 90 91 92 96 99 14405 07 11 12
14413 14 15 17 18 19 22 24 27 28 29 31
14432 34 35 36 37 38 40 41 42 45 46 47
14448 50 51 52 54 55 56 58 61 64 65 67
14458 69 70 78 79 83 86 88 89 90 91 92
14493 94 95 96 97 98 14500 01 02 03 06
14507 08 15 16 18 19 21 23 24 25 26 30
14532 33 36 38 40 41 42 43 45 46 47 49
14550 52 54 56 57 62 63 67 68 69 71 73
14574 75 76 80 81 83 86 87 89 90 91 93
14594 96 97 98 99 14601 02 04 05 06 07
14608 11 12 16 17 18 20 21 22 23 24 25
14627 28 29 30 32 35 38 39 40 42 44
14645 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 54 56 57
14658 59 60 65 66 68 69 70 71 72 74 75
14679 80 81 83 85 86 87 88 90 95 96 97
14699 14700 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 14
14716 19 20 21 29 30 31 32 33 40 50 52
14753 55 57 58 65 72 74 83 93 14800 10
14811 14 17 23 24 27 28 35 38 39 40 41
14846 47 50 51 59 62 65 66 67 69 71 80
14892 93 95 97 01 11 13 15 17 23 29
14930 33 36 38 45 46 48 50 51 52 53 55
14957 61 62 63 64 66 67 68 69 70 71 73
14974 76 80 86 87 93 97 15001 02 04
15008 13 15 16 17 21 23 24 28 33 36 39
15040 41 42 43 44 46 48 50 52 54 62 65
15066 67 69 70 72 73 74 78 79 83 86 87
15089 91 93 95 97 97 15100 01 02 06 08
15111 12 18 20 22 23 25 26 30 31 32 37
15143 47 50 52 53 54 58 59 61 63 64 65
15166 67 69 70 72 75 76 78 79 81 83 87
15189 91 93 94 96 97 98 15200 03 05 06
15207 08 09 11 16 18 20 21 22 26 27 28
15233 34 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 45 47
15248 49 54 59.

SANGLI CENTRE

15267 68 71 72 76 84 86 87 88 90 91
15293 96 97 15304 05 07 08 10 11 13 14
15321 23 24 28 32 35 36 37 38 41 42 46

THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

In every cry of every Man,
In every Infant's cry of fear,
In every voice, in every ban,
The mind-forg'd manacles I hear.

—William Blake.

The Bombay Chronicle

DANGEROUS GAME

As was to be expected nationalist India has favourably responded to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's statesmanlike lead in respect of the Partition Plan. It is a tragedy that the cherished unity of India has been lost. But, however tragic, the solution is the best because it saves the people of India from the inevitability of something worse. Partition has to be accepted with no joy in the heart but with the consciousness of its being the best in the circumstances. Unlike Pandit Nehru and Sardar Baldev Singh, Mr. Jinnah has refrained from expressly committing himself to the partition plan. This is not altogether ununderstandable if only because what he has got—and what he and his colleagues of the Muslim League ought long ago to have known they would get on the basis of their own theories and logic—is greatly different from what he had been uncompromisingly demanding. But there is enough of assurance in his broadcast that he has accepted the plan and what, therefore, the Council of the All-India Muslim League will also certainly do so. The immediate effect of three-party approval and the leaders' appeal on the radio should undoubtedly be the restoration of communal peace in the country, which is India's most urgent need to-day. Reports from different parts of the country suggest that this hope will be realised. Every Indian will welcome the escape from a horrible nightmare which, indeed, will also help in the smooth and speedy arrangements of details for the ushering in of the two States in an atmosphere of amicable peace.

Reactions in Britain naturally vary from pleasure at the success of the British plan and the efforts of the British Government and Lord Mountbatten to ill-concealed chagrin. Mr. Churchill's performance is especially noteworthy. His is the case of a man who, unable to ignore sour grapes, seeks consolation in claiming that they are sweet and come originally from his own orchard. He is obviously unhappy and cannot resist the temptation of his usual insidious hints at the inevitability of a "blood bath." He is, of course, wrong in interpreting the acceptance of Dominion Status as anything more than a necessary technicality relevant only for the brief interim period. The decision of India is already made by the Constituent Assembly. But, apart from the egregious and incorrigibly anti-Indian Winston Churchill, we note that there are a number of Conservative newspapers, which still pursue their hatred and malice against Indian freedom and particularly India's honoured leaders. For instance, the "Yorkshire Post"—and we cite it because Mr. Anthony Eden is reputed to be associated with it—has made the assertion that the present plan is "virtually identical" with the Cripps offer of 1942 which Gandhiji influenced India to reject. This is an utter falsehood about the nature of the Cripps offer indulged only in order to damn Mahatma Gandhi. Gandhi and Congress-baiting has long been the practice of British Tories and their newspapers. Their objective has been equally obvious. But cheap and contemptible as the practice always was it has now dangers of which the Tories of Britain, suffering however bitterly from chagrin, had better beware.

It will not do maliciously to misrepresent and insult leaders of free India. There is a great deal in the history of British rule over India of which the British ought to be ashamed. It is, on the whole, an ugly record. And one of its worst features is the policy of British Imperialism in the matter of Hindu-Muslim relationship. Much of what had been happening during the last few years and which has ended in the destruction . we trust temporary, of India's unity is the cumulative result of the activities and attitude of Britishers over a period of half-a-century, if not more. India has reason to be bitter over the disservice that British rule has done. That bitterness, thanks to efforts of the Labour Government and Lord Mountbaten, promises to disappear. They have almost succeeded in arranging to quit a friendly India. The British should welcome Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's feelings and assurances in his broadcast as of special significance to Britain. They should gratefully accept the hand of friendship extended by him on behalf of this country. It is a splendid opportunity for Britain more in her interest than in that of India. But that opportunity may be lost by barking and seeking to bite the hand. India appreciates the goodwill and efforts of British Labour and Lord Mountbatten. That appreciation is an asset, a lucky and valuable asset, for the British. Let not the Tories help to lose it.

Frankly Speaking

Revealing Correspondence

The correspondence between Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Field Marshal Smuts which was released the other day serves to show — if there was still any need — the semi-Fascist mentality of the South African Premier, a mentality rendered more contemptible by the attempts made by him to parade before the world as a protagonist of the United Nations Charter and a champion of world Peace. It was on December 8, last that the General Assembly of the United Nations asked the two countries to try to settle their dispute by negotiation and report to it by next September. That resolution itself was the result of the desperate attempts made by the friends of the White Government of South Africa, led by Britain, to save the face of this erring member. The responsibility for taking the initiative to start negotiations to implement the United Nations' resolution, therefore, lay clearly on South Africa. The Field Marshal in his letter to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru asserts that the Union Government "have for some time been desirous of raising this matter with the Government of India but have been debarred from so doing owing to the absence of the High Commissioner".

Suppressing Facts

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's reply was prompt and characteristic. He requested the Union Government to accept the implementation of the U. N. resolution as the common and immediate purpose for which the two Governments could co-operate. The moment that was done the Government of India would appoint without delay suitable representatives to join with the Union Government or any representatives appointed by it to consider ways and means of resolving the difficulties between the two countries. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru went one step further. He not only offered the hospitality of Delhi to the representatives of the Union Government, but, in the alternative, he also agreed in advance to "any" proposal the Union Government might make with regard to the venue of such discussion. But this letter written on April 28 has remained unreplied till today. On the other hand, speaking to the South African Senate nearly a month later, on May 27, the Field Marshal put on an air of conciliatory eagerness and said that he could not conduct any negotiations in the absence of the High Commissioner. But he did not permit himself the elementary decency of making specific mention of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's letter, fully answering that point. Nor did he mention the generous offer made by Pandit Jawaharlal for opening direct negotiations. It was, in fact this attempt at partial suppression, that prompted the Government of India to release the correspondence.

Palpable Manoeuvre

There is only one conclusion possible from all this, namely, that Smuts has no intention of making an honest effort to implement the U.N. resolution. He only wants to make a show of having tried to do so. It is quite obvious that his loudly proclaimed grouse about the absence of the High Commissioner is nothing more than a manoeuvre to put India in the wrong if need be, even by suppressing facts. In the circumstances there is no further need for Government of India to attempt to appease the White South African Government, whose heads are stuffed with arrogant 'Herrenvolk' poison. The brilliant and courageous fight of the small Indian community in South Africa has already dealt telling blows against White racial arrogance; and India can now, with an easy conscience, pass the ball to the United Nations. Let us see how that organisation tackles this issue. It is a challenge to the prestige, to the very existence of the U.N.O. and the idea underlying it.

(Continued from Col. 5)

what her people want most, no more no less. There is nothing to hold India back if she wills with a united heart to go forward", concluded Pearl Buck.

Mr. J. J. Singh, President of the India League of America, declared, "If the new British plan is accepted with goodwill and a spirit of co-operation by the leaders of India, British rule will end in India long before June 1948.

"The granting of Pakistan at this stage will lessen the bitterness and distrust between Hindus and Muslims. It will force them to co-operate on any number of issues. Such co-operation will create a large degree of mutual interest which in its turn may unite India."

VALUABLE ASSOCIATION

OTTAWA, June 4 (Reuter): Commenting on the British Government plan for India, Mr. M. J. Caldwell, Leader of the National Co-operative Commonwealth Federation, said that he hoped India's interim acceptance of Dominion Status "foreshadows their remaining within the Commonwealth."

He added "I believe such association will be valuable both to the people of India and to other self-governing nations of the British Commonwealth. I view with considerable satisfaction the manner in which the British Government has endeavoured to reach an agreement satisfactory to the various factions in India."

Mr. Gordon Graydon, speaking for the opposition, the Progresssive Conservatives, hoped that India would decide to remain within the commonwealth", and if they do, Canada will extend to them the most cordial welcome coupled with the wish that the sunshine of a just and lasting peace may smile upon them."

SURAT GETS FIRST SHOWERS

SURAT, June 4. (API): Surat experienced a short spell of rain this morning. This is believed to be the effect of the partial lunar eclipse last night.

British Press Regrets Partition Of India

"Alternative Would Have Been Civil War," Says "News Chronicle"

LONDON, June 4 (Reuter): Reaction from world centres to the British plan for transfer of power to India shows general satisfaction that though it is not perfect and hope that the transition will not be marred by civil disorders.

The British press is almost unanimous in regretting that the principle of unity of India has to be abandoned, but in the words of the liberal 'News Chronicle' "the importance of this agreement may be measured by the fact that the alternative would have been civil war."

Reuter's political correspondent says that the reaction of British political quarters was a feeling of profound relief that at long last a formula has been found that seems likely to have the acceptance of Indian leaders as a whole. Politicians of all parties describe the announcement as an achievement to the credit of the Government and the Viceroy.

The well-known authoress, Pearl Buck, said, "everything now depends on Indians themselves."

Leading French Government officials in Paris described the acceptance of the British plan by the Indian leaders as "a great triumph for British statesmanship."

LONDON MUSLIMS' REACTION

The immediate Muslim reaction to the Prime Minister's plan for transfer of power in India crystallised itself in London to-day as follows: Moslem religious leaders welcomed it: Moslem League representatives were "disappointed', while Nationalist Moslems expressed sorrow at the proposed partition of the sub-continent.

Mr. Ali Mohammed Khan, President of the Muslim League of Great Britain told Reuter "We are disappointed. Our demand is for Pakistan comprising six provinces, including the whole of the Punjab and Bengal and also Assam, with a sovereign corridor "and division of the army into two."

INDIA CANNOT LONG BE DIVIDED

Councillor Mrs. E. Denington of the British Centre Against Imperialism said: "The working class movement of India will never be divided though the British Government may divide India with the help of the bourgeois. Leftist elements in India will remain united and a united India will ultimately be re-established by them. Pakistan will not last long in a divided India."

A similar line was taken by Mr. A. Fenner Brockway, former Political Secretary of Independent Labour Party and now a M.P. Mr. Brockway said: I hope that a socialist movement will soon arise in India and cross the frontiers of both the states uniting in time the Indian peoples once again."

Choudry Akbar Khan, President of the Indian Workers' Association and leader of Indian Nationalist Muslims in Britain told Reuter, "Division of India is a bad affair. I hope supporters of the United India will struggle to re-establish unity between Hindus and Moslems so that when communal passions have died down, there will be no divisions.

Maulana Mohammad Abdullah of the Shah Jehan Mosque, Woking, said: "My immediate reaction is one of satisfaction. There could be no better solution in the present circumstances."

RELIGIOUS JINNAH

Maulana Ahmed Bajwa, Imam of the Ahmadiyah Mosque at Putney and President of the All-India National League (London Branch) said, "I am glad that the demands of the Moslems have been met, but I am not completely happy for two reasons. Moslemans are very near to Sikhs as both believe in one God. Both belong to the labour class in the Punjab and the splitting of Sikhs would break the centuries old cultural and religious nearness of the two peoples. Moslems would also lose, by the division of India, the opportunity of the preaching their religion among the Hindus. I believe that if Muslims and Hindus could remain in one United India with protection for Moslems and other minorities there would come a day when the whole of India could be converted to Islam. I think, however, that the Moslems are not to be blamed for the division of India. If the Hindus were generous and large-hearted the Muslims would not have demanded separation.

"If all parties agree to the British plan, then I have no hesitation in supporting it," said Tyab Shaikh, London spokesman for the Radical Democratic Party. "Acceptance of the plan by all parties will save millions of innocent lives in India, he added.

LESSER EVIL CHOSEN

Mr. Reginald Sorensen, Parliamentary Secretary of the India League and member of the Parliamentary Deputation to India in 1946, told Reuter, "Although I greatly regret that the chief parties in India have not been able to secure agreement in the formation of an all India constitution, I nevertheless am gratified that apparently there is agreement to accept the lesser of the two evils, and I trust this means that the dreadful prospect of civil conflict will be avoided. I am little puzzled regarding the proposal to take a plebiscite in the North-West Frontier Provinces, but I must assume that the arrangements have met with the satisfaction of the principal parties both in the North-West Frontier and in India as a whole. I can only hope that in the course of years ahead the portions of India now divided will discover the necessity of drawing nearer together and that certain common interests of both the Congress and the Moslem League and other political forces together with the great economic needs of the millions of Indians will lead to ultimate co-operation.

Mr. Andrew Filson, Secretary of the India Society said, "The speed and the courage which the Government has shown should convince the peoples of India of its goodwill and good faith. I hope that India and Britain will now work together for the prosperity of both the countries and will bridge the eastern and western worlds with the partnership of friends."

MAY PARTITION GIVE PLACE TO UNITY

Mr. Rajani Palme Dutt, spokesman on Indian affairs for the British Communist Party, declared "all friends of India deeply regret the partition of India which is likely to prove a serious barrier to progressive development of full independence. There is danger that as a consequence of this partition British rule in India may still continue in an indirect form.

"We earnestly hope that this partition may be overcome in the near future and give place to unity. Supporters of Indian independence in this country will need to watch closely arrangements that are made especially with regard to military and economic matters and in elation to Indian states to see that transfer of power to Indian political leaders on a democratic basis is made fully effective."

Major Woodrow Wyatt who was attached to the Cabinet Mission to India, told Reuters, "This is the culmination of two years' patient perseverance to obtain a settlement by agreement. At last it has come. It may not be an ideal settlement in every way, but it has the merit of being acceptable to the major sections of both great Indian parties.

The Labour Party Foreign Policy Rebel leader, Mr. R. S. Crossman, tonight declared "The Labour Government has shown great guts, genius and brilliance in handling of the Indian situation. If the Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, can show similar qualities in handling of the issues in the Middle East and Europe there will be no more talk of rebellion in the Labour Party."

Mr. Clement Davies, "Leader of the Orthodox Liberals said "There is now better hope for the future of India than we have had for sometime. We Liberals have always looked forward to the day when India would choose her own form of government and govern her own affairs. The form, design and numbers of such government are matters purely for Indian people. But we desire that there shall be peaceful transition. They have a tremendous economic problem which only they can tackle. I am sure the Prime Minister's statement will give great satisfaction throughout our sister states in the British Commonwealth of United States. I hope it will lead to a satisfactory settlement in Burma and it may be that it will also provide an example for settlement in Indonesia."

British Press Reactions

LONDON, June 4 (A.P.A.): The Right Wing "Daily Mail" calls the British plan for India a "leap in the dark", an "uneasy compromise." declaring that the Indian problem "has not been solved by Tuesday's statements and speech."

The transference of power, the 'Mail' said, is "one of the momentous events in world history—but it is more than that. It is a leap in the dark, unparalleled in the long annals of political and constitutional change."

The Indian leaders, the paper continues, "have suddenly become conscious of the tremendous thing they have helped to bring about. There is no longer the clamant cry for complete independence. Instead, they are content to accept.... self-government under the British Crown on an equality with the other Dominions. They will find a sincere welcome within the British family of nations. But we, nevertheless, think it tragic that India should have found Dominion Status in division, and not in unity."

Under the compromise achievement "there is matter enough here for years of simmering discontent," the 'Mail' added.

PITFALLS AHEAD

The "Yorkshire Post" in an editorial said that the solution now foreshadowed was in effect "virtually identical with what Sir Stafford Cripps went to India to offer in 1942."

"Much bloodshed and misery might have been spared," the paper said but, "if certain Indians, not least Mr. Gandhi, had not thrown their weight against acceptance."

What matter now, however, is that the offer goes out "with the approval of all parties in this country, and, it would seem, in India too," the paper continued.

Commentting that much remained to be done before Dominion Status can become a fact, the "Yorkshire Post" drew attention to the pitfalls ahead, particularly over the Punjab. "It is certain that the Sikhs will never submit to Moslem rule: indeed, their claim now is that they should have the whole of the Punjab, which was once theirs. On the other hand, a centralised control of the famous irrigation system, of the hydro-electric power and of the forests, is indispensible to the Punjab's economic welfare."

Mr. Jinnah, the paper added, has good cause "to mistrust the ultimate intentions of Congress, and, it must be admitted, the British Government's position," but it was to be hoped that he "will not prove implacable in demanding his full pound of flesh and, with so fair a prospect of realising what he has fought for, will compromise on the rest."

HOPEFUL PROSPECTS

The "Times" said that the announcement that the procedure outlined in the British plan has been favourably received "is the best news that has come out of India for many months."

It declared that Tuesday's Commons session reflected "the general relief of the British people at the hopeful prospects that may now lie ahead for India.

"In that country," it said "as was to be expected from their nature the proposals have aroused only mild enthusiasm. But the mere fact that Nehru, Jinnah and Sardar Baldev Singh, have all been willing to commit them to their respective communities and parties, although with some hesitations, is of itself a political development of the first importance.

"The Congress party still pins its faith to the conception of an undivided India, for which it will continue to work. But it has come to realise that a political settlement along the lines of Pakistan affords at the moment the only practical alternative to civil war...."

It said the British proposals expressly leave the way open to negotiation between the communities for an Indian union of the kind foreshadowed in the Cabinet Mission's plan.

The "Times" said the practical difficulties to be surmounted in India were formidable and that the work ahead was "immense." But, said the paper, there is now a real likelihood of terminating the political uncertainty that had for so long paralysed constructive efforts and of turning into constructive channels the energy now dissipated in asserting rival communal claims. "In the coming difficult days," says the "Times" "the peoples of India and their leaders will be heartened by the messages of goodwill from the King and the Government, conveyed to them by the Viceroy, as well as by the notable expressions of hope and encouragement which were so warmly conveyed by the representatives of all parties in Parliament."

U. S. REACTIONS

WASHINGTON, June 3 (Reuter): United States State Department officials studying the text of the British plan for India which they have now received declined to make any comment beyond expressing the hope that the transition period will be peaceful. They recalled the statements issued by the department in recent months confirming American friendship for India and sustained interest of the Indian political problems.

Unofficial observers known to reflect State Department views echoed the hope that the months ahead will not be marked by violence but frankly express disappointment over the prospect that the country might be divided.

These observers have not abandoned the hope that friendly negotiations can be carried on in the future and they are encouraged by the fact that there is nothing new in the plan which precludes such negotiations.

There is no question but the United States will extend diplomatic recognition to Pakistan if and when the time comes, they declare

BRITAIN PANDERING TO JINNAH

Disappointment over the possibility that India will be partitioned was voiced by Democratic Representative Emanuel Celler of New York who said the British Government was "pandering to Mr. Jinnah."

Mr. Celler who is the foremost spokesman in the House of Representatives for India groups in the United States told Reuter, "From the point of view of one interested in the economy, geography and history of India, I cannot see how the division of the country into Hindustan and Pakistan can possibly work or how a truncated Pakistan can work either The corridor which Mr. Jinnah wants would only make confusion worse confounded." He warned "Sikhistan will come next—when the Sikhs refuse to allow the Muslims touch Amritsar."

Indian acceptance of the plan is front-paged in the American press.

The 'New York Sun' front-paged a two-column headline over the story saying "Plan of Partition of India Wins Agreement of Both Factions."

The "World Telegram" headlined "Nehru Accepts Partition of India."

A 'Journal American' headline said "India Okays British Plan For Freedom."

GOOD EXAMPLE

Democratic representative Mr. Sol Bloom, ranking minority member of the House Foreign Affairs Committee, declared "The plan is workable and if they have agreed to agree, it is a good example for the rest of the world. I am happy to know that Indian leaders are doing something to make their 400,000,000 people happy. It is a step in the right direction."

Industrialist Mr. Madhavrai Makanji Bhatt, who is in the United States for the Rotary Convention, said in New York "I feel very strongly that division of India will cause great repercussions on trade and industry throughout the country. From the businessman's point of view partition means India's suicide. I still pray that better counsels may prevail and that India will be able to work as one unit."

PEARL BUCK'S VIEW

The well-known authoress Pearl Buck commenting on the British plan for India, told Reuter "everything now depends on the Indians themselves. I never think politically of any people and therefore political division of India does not interest me fundamentally. The people of India can make or they can build a union of friendly and co-operative states.

"The basic question is not how India is divided, but how India is united. Divisions may be merely geographical, Political or economic and those need not prevent a genuinely United India functioning as a nation of co-operating units. If each units put India first, the nation can be great and strong. If each units think first of itself, sooner or later India will become again a subject nation through weakness

"The future holds for India exactly

(Continued in col. 2)

Our Readers' Views

Is It Railway's Efficiency?

Sir,—Much is talked about the Railways giving relief to the passengers and entertaining the complaints from the public promptly and looking to their convenience. But, I think that more is simply talked than done. I am constrained to express this opinion from experience.

Last year, I had an occasion to travel by G.I.P. train to Poona. I purchased Inter Class tickets, but there being no Inter Class attached to the train concerned, I put in my claim for refund of the difference, as I had to travel by III class. The claim for refund was put on 1-6-1946; but, it is regretted that so far the G.I.P. Railway has not arranged to pay me the difference. If such simple matters are delayed for months together, it is really difficult to understand Railways definition of "Efficiency" and service to the public. Will the Authorities look into the matter and put an end to this sorry state of affairs? For reference, I may quote C.T.M.'s Office letter No. Y21002/46 of 12-6-46, to me.—Yours, etc.

K. PAITHANKAR.

Truth About Food Shortage

Sir,—Do you remember the Bengal famine? Yes, many of us still remember that as the greatest tragedy that ever befell India. We remember how the various communities united and did their best by contributing in money, clothes etc. In spite of the great tragedy, India's unity could be seen. The Bengal famine left a deep scar in the heart of India, but it left a lesson also, that India could be united. The Government of India after the great tragedy of 1943 announced a fifteen year plan to increase India's food production by 50 per cent, but after four years we see India facing another famine. Another big tragedy may befall India, unless some miracle happens. Under such a situation it is surprising to hear Dr. Rajendra Prasad say that Government of India has been caught napping. Such a statement coming as it does from an Indian leader, who is a Food Minister in the Interim Government of India, is shocking.

The good earth of India is capable of producing enough food to feed half of the world, if it is well-cultivated and scientifically irrigated. Under the circumstances, we hope that the Food Minister will give a better explanation than the one he has given, for the public must be told the truth, especially when it involves the starvation of 400,000,000 people.—Yours, etc.

GULAMALI HABIB.

Scientific Man-Power Committee

Sir,—Our present Government—though called "Interim" —has been rightly bringing out measures for the permanent and lasting benefit of the country as a whole. This is because it includes members who have identified themselves with the country and are prepared to give their all to its cause. Among such measures is the setting up of the "Scientific Man-Power Committee" to assess the country's needs in scientific talents and conserve them for future planning.

Owing to differences in the environment, scientific knowledge in an average Indian is less than that in the advanced countries of the west. Based as our education has been on the desire to secure livelihood, persons who had taken up science subjects during their studies and even those well are often found in non-scientific posts. This is because posts in the scientific line have been comparatively few and those outside offered greater attractions in emoluments, power and influence.

Adequate recognition of scientific talents has been slow in almost all countries and particularly so in our own. Even inside a scientific department of Government the administrative posts often carry much higher salaries than those in the scientific line with the result that after some years of service the scientist looks forward to finish his career in non-science posts with their larger emoluments and pensions. It is not uncommon to find in the scientific departments brilliant young men who after building up considerable work and reputation in their own science end their career as second rate administrators. This is a distinct loss to science and a disservice to administration.

The proposed committee would do well to take note of these existing drawbacks as in the nationalistic India of the future the need for the conservation and full utilisation of scientific talents are bound to be both important and urgent for working out the full development of the country's resources and possibilities.

RAO BAHADUR.
(Sir). T. S. Venkatraman,
Retired Govt. of India
Sugarcane Expert.

Bombay & Maharashtra

Sir,—The statement of Sjt. Shankerrao Deo suggesting the inclusion of Bombay in the Province of Maharashtra has aroused quite an interesting controversy.

Dr. M. R. Jayakar spoke with one voice in supporting it at Poona before a Maharashtrian audience where he went even to the length of advocating Jinnah tactics and with another in his reply apparently written from Bombay to Mr. Dahyabhai Patel striking a very different note and omitting any reference to "Jinnah tactics", the advice that he emphasised to his Poona audience. In the latter, however, there was no mention of Jinnah tactics nor does the learned Doctor contradict this.

On the other hand, Mr. Patel has taken a rational and constitutional stand with which no right-thinking person could disagree. He has not changed his ground as is apparent from his letter to Sjt. Shankerrao Deo forwarding a copy of the statement which he released for publication in reply to Dr. Jayakar. It is not that wisdom has dawned on him later as is cleverly sought to be made out by Dr. Jayakar's letter.

It is interesting to note that while several Maharashtrians including the veteran Congressman member of the Constituent Assembly, Mr. Pataskar, M.L.A., from Chalisgaon rushed to the Press forgetting that Bombay is a separate Province in his Congress constitution and Congress has always stood for the principle of self-determination.

Admittedly everyone appears to agree that this is hardly the time to raise this controversy and while saying so some have written about the essential part that the Konkni fishermen and Maratha labour have played in building up Bombay. It is said that the Wai Ghat Road to Mahableshwar was built entirely by the labour of the Chinese prisoners of war most of whom perished because of the severe strain, lack of water and poor food! Would the advocates of Maharashtra on the same analogy agree to cede this strip of territory to China?

It is good to see that few people in Bombay have taken serious notice of this controversy. After all the verdict of the people will decide the issue at the appropriate time and their silence is sufficiently eloquent as to what it is going to be.

DARA S. MEHTA.
8, Wodehouse Road, Bombay.
May 30, 1947.

Salaries Of Typists

Sir,—In the light of Central Pay Commission's Report the Government of Bombay is fixing new grades for their staff.

During the war and even after that there have been a number of vacancies of typists which have remained unfilled for want of good typists. Now-a-days very few learn the art of typing, everybody tries to get himself employed as a clerk. The reason is obvious. Clerical profession affords ample opportunities for improving one's prospects. The existing typists have to work hard as there is ever-increasing work in the offices. A typist generally is supposed to know the vocabulary very well. His present grade is the same as that of a junior clerk. In my humble opinion his grade should be somewhat higher than that of a junior clerk or else he should be paid a substantial typing allowance as there is a considerable physical exertion on his part. Moreover, he has to attend on holidays and sit late hours oft and on. Stenographers have only to take notes and such notes are few and far between. The typists have to do all the typing work including the transcribed drafts. Putting him on a higher grade or giving him an additional allowance will be a fit compensation for the hard and strenuous work (in a way manual) and loss of other prospects that are denied to him

A TYPIST

Indo-British Chambers

Sir,—I wish the fraternities of British and Indian commerce and industry (1) a proper appreciation of all the implications of the indivisibility of Britain and the inseparability of the famous British twins—the British Flag and the British trade and (2) the establishment of inseparable and indivisible Indo-British Chambers of Commerce in all the main ports of India with a common centre based on true Indo-British friendship which must be above communalism and intrigues against the integrity and sovereignty of India, Britain and Indo-British fraternities of commerce and industry.

AZIZ H. MERCHANT.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

LUCKNOW, June 1: Sir Udaibhan Singh, Maharaja of Dholpur State, presiding over the U.P. Provincial Zemindar's conference on Saturday, stressed the need for unity of action on the part of landlords, and deprecated "the misplaced zeal of theorists in attempting to pull down rashly the social fabric without counting the cost the process will involve in human misery".

—A.P.I.

* * *

CHURCHILL SATISFIED, is a press headline to Mr Winston Churchill's reaction to the latest British announcement re India.

If Churchill cannot find any fault with it, there must be something in it. Or must there?

* * *

Lord Listowel told a Press Conference that if the two States didn't agree on the choice of a Governor-General, then two Governors-General might be appointed.

* * *

As we said before, the difficulty would be the impossibility of choosing between Caroe and Mudie. But it wouldn't arise. We notice that Mountbatten has already been approved.

* * *

Mr. N. M. Joshi, General-Secretary of the All-India Trade Union Congress, says, "In the absence of an agreement between the Congress and the Muslim League, the plan proposed by the British Government for the transference of power is the only fair and practical way of solving our difficult problem. Pandit Nehru and Mr. Jinnah have acted very wisely in accepting it".

Sir, sir, SIR! What would the Comrades say?

* * *

Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta has spoken, in fact, cried. Cries he "The assassin's knife has at last stabbed Mother India and British Imperialism stands naked as the perpetrator of one of the blackest crimes in world history"

Gosh, phew etc., etc.

* * *

Mr. Hajee Hasanali P. Ibrahim, President of the Provincial Muslim League, thought it would be "premature" and "inopportune to comment on the (British Government's) announcement.

—Press Report.

Admirable discretion but he was being unnecessarily overcautious and nervous.

* * *

Our attention has been drawn by the Junior Colleague to the following terminological inexpressions in Mr. Jinnah's broadcast"—Muslim League Circles (meaning the Working Committee itself) in Delhi" which, he, the Junior Colleague, protests strongly, is an infringement of journalistic monopoly.

We know it is for journalists never grudge the loan of their verbal tools to others who may be in obvious need of them

Continued From Page 3

18557	61	65	66	68	69	77	78	79	80	81	82	
18584	89	90	92	93	95	96	18600	01	02	05		
18607	12	14	18	19	24	25	27	28	29	32	33	
18635	38	44	46	47	50	51	52	53	56	57	59	
18660	61	62	65	66	75	80	82	84	85	89		
18692	93	94	95	97	98	99	18702	03	05	08		
18709	10	11	12	13	14	15	18	19	20	21	23	
18724	33	36	37	39	40	42	44	51	55	60	61	
18762	65	66	69	74	76	78	80	81	83	84	85	
18787	88	89	91	96	97	99	18800	01	05	07		
18809	10	12	15	18	19	22	23	25	28	34	35	
18836	38	49	50	55	58	59	62	63	64	67	68	
18869	70	72	73	83	84	85	89	90	92	95	97	
18899	18903	04	08	09	10	11	12	13	16	17		
18918	19	21	22	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	34	
18939	40	41	42	43	44	48	49	56	57	58	60	
18962	67	68	69	70	74	76	77	82	86	91	93	
18995	19000	03	04	06	07	11	13	14	16	20		
19021	23	26	28	31	32	40	43	44	50	51	52	
19060	61	65	68	69	73	79	80	81	82	83	85	
19086	90	99	19107	08	09	12	18	20	23	25		
19127	29	32	34	40	41	44	48	52	56	60	62	
19164	65	66	67	70	72	74	76	78	80	83	85	
19186	92	93	19200	01	03	05	10	11	16	19		
19220	23	24	26	28	33	34	43	44	45	47	50	
19254	63	64	68	70	71	77	83	84	85	88	89	
19296	19300	02	06	07	08	19	20	21	29	30		
19332	33	35	39	40	48	52	53	57	61	65	67	
19371	73	75	77	78	85	87	88	89	90	92	93	
19400.												

AHMEDNAGAR CENTRE

19406	13	22	23	25	33	36	41	43	44	46		
19450	52	53	54	62	65	66	67	72	74	75		
19478	80	81	83	84	89	93	94	99	19500			
19503	05	07	09	11	12	16	17	19				
19524	25	26	29	34	39	40	48	49				
19552	54	55	57	58	59	64	66	67	74	76		
19577	78	81	84	86	89	96	98	19604	05			
19607	08	10	14	16	17	21	23	24	26	31		
19632	35	36	39	40	48	50	52	53	55	60		
19661	63	67	69	70	72	75	79	81	86	88		
19689	92	93	95	96	98	19700	01	06	07	09		
19711	12	15	17	20	22	28	29	30	31	32		
19733	39	42	45	47	50	55	57	60	63	64		
19765	67	70	75	76	82	85	88	89	90	91		
19794	19800	01	02	03	06	16	17	18	22			
19823	26	31	32	33	34	36	37	39	40	41		
19842	43	45	46	47	49	51	53	56	58	62		
19863	65	66	67	69	70	71	73	78	79	81		
19882	90	94	95	19901	02	05	07	09	12			
19913	15	17	19	20	21	24	25	26	27	31	32	
19935	36	37	38	39	40	41	43	44	45	46		
19948	49	50	54.									

NAVSARI CENTRE

19959	60	67	68	70	73	75	78	84	91	93		
20000	01	06	07	09	13	16	17	18	19	21		
20023	27	31	34	37	38	40	43	44	46	47		
20051	52	56	67	71	73	74	77	78	81	82		
20083	84	85	86	87	90	96	99	20101				
20103	09	12	14	15	18	19	20	21	22	23		
20124	27	31	35	38	39	41	46	48	49	51		
20156	60	63	64	70	72	75	77	79	84	85		
20186	88	91	92	97	98	20205	06	08	09			
20213	14	17	19	20	21	24	25	27	29	31		
20233	34	38	39	40	44	46	48	50	51	54		
20255	58	60	62	63	64	66	67	74	77	81		
20287	88	90	92	93	94	96	20300	05	08			
20311	13	14	16	20	21	22	23	25	30	31	32	
20333	36	37	42	51	52	56	57	59	62	63		
20366	68	70	75	76	82	83	88	89	91	92		
20396	20403	04	05	06	08	10	11	13	17	21		
20422	23	24	25	27	30	33	34	36	41	44		
20445	46	49	50	52	53	59	65	66	67	71		
20473	74	77	79	80	82	83	85	86	89	91		
20492	93	95	97	98	20501	02	03	05	13			
20514	15	17	21	23	24	25	26	27	28	29		
20530	31	32	34	39	51	53	54	64	65	68		
20570	71	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83		
20594	88	93	96	20601	04	05	06	12	16			
20617	18	19	20	21	25	26	30	32	33	35		
20640	41	42	44	45	46	47	48	51	53	54		
20655	59	60	65	68	70	71	75					
20682	83	84	92	95	96	20702	05	06				
20707	08	10	12	20	24	26	32	33				
20737	38	42	44	46	50	51	55	58	59	60	61	
20762	63	64	65	68	70	72	73	74	78	79	80	
20781	82	87	88	93	96	20808	09	11	13	18		
20820	21	22	23	27	32	33	34	35	36	38	39	
20840	41	42	45	48	54	56	57	58	60	61	62.	

SURAT CENTRE

20863	64	66	68	73	77	79	81	82	86	94		
20899	20901	06	08	09	12	13	15	16	20	24		
20928	29	30	31	32	33	34	39	40	41	42	43	
20947	48	52	53	54	57	61	62	63	68	71	75	
20978	80	81	82	84	88	89	91	94	97	99		
21000	01	02	04	10	12	14	15	16	22	23	24	
21028	33	34	36	37	42	44	46	48	52	58	59	
21061	62	65	66	67	68	70	72	74	77	78	80	

ISEC HOMESTUDY COURSES

Ensure a bright future in INDEPENDENT INDIA, Students, Parents and Guardians consult our CAREERS ADVISORY BUREAU, for expert advice in the choice of SUCCESSFUL CAREERS, to suit the tastes, abilities and acquirements of individuals. Contact Post Box 1173/Y, Bombay, 1.

Chikitsaka Samuha School Of Commerce

will commence EVENING CLASSES for D.Com.(I.M.C.) Course from 16th June, 1947. Ideally situated for students residing in Girgaon area. Matrics and non-Matrics eligible. Subjects taught are: English, Book-keeping and Accountancy, Economics Mercantile and Company Law, Business Organisation and Correspondence. For particulars, apply to the Hon. Secretary, Chikitsaka Samuha, Kandewadi, BOMBAY, 4. 6053

"MILK"

REMINDER

(SUPPLY DURING JULY)

Existing consumers and new entrants to the Government Milk Distribution Scheme are reminded that they can renew their Milk Cards or obtain new ones for the month of July from the Milk Centres up to morning of 16th June, 1947.

The price of milk for July will be 13 annas per seer.

Further particulars may be had at the Milk Centres.

D. N. KHURODY
Milk Commissioner,
Bombay.

21081	84	86	89	94	96	97	99	21104	05	06		
21109	13	15	16	18	19	21	22	26	29	31	32	
21134	35	36	39	42	46	47	51	55	56	61	68	
21169	70	72	73	77	78	81	85	86	87	89	91	
21192	93	95	96	97	98	99	21200	02	03	04		
21210	11	13	14	18	22	23	25	26	28	31	32	
21234	37	41	44	45	47	48	50	61	62	64	66	
21267	70	71	72	79	81	82	83	86	90	91	94	
21298	99	21300	03	08	10	11	12	13	15	17		
21320	22	25	26	27	28	34	35	36	37	40	47	
21348	54	58	61	62	63	67	68	69	73	79	81	
21382	84	89	93	94	97	21402	03	04	06	09		
21410	11	12	13	15	16	22	23	25	26	27	28	
21430	32	35	37	38	41	42	44	45	46	37	50	
21451	52	57	58	61	69	75	76	78	79	80	82	
21483	84	85	87	89	90	93	95	96	97	98		
21504	06	08	09	16	21	37	44	46	47	48	49	
21550	52	54	55	56	57	67	72	77	84	90	91	
21594	95	96	98	21601	02	03	09	10	11	13		
21617	20	26	27	28	29	39	45	46	56	58	59	
21663	64	65	66	73	78	80	81	82	87	88	95	
21696	21707	09	10	11	12	13	15	16	20	22	24	
21725	27	29	33	35	38	39	40	42	43	48	49	
21750	51	52	53	55	56	57	58	61	62	63	64	
21770	81	91	94	95	21803	04	05	20	22	23		
21830	31	32	33	37	38	39	41	42	45	46		
21850	52	54	55	58	60	61	62	64	68			
21872	73	79	80	82	83	84	89	92				
21894	97	98	99	21900	01	04	05	06	07			
21909	17	18	19	21	25	29	32	39	42	53		
21955	57	59	62	67	74	76	78	81	82	83		
21984	86	88	90	93	98	22000	04	05	06	08		
22010	11	12	13	14	19	20	22	26	38	40	41	
22042	43	44	48	49	53	54	55	56	57	59	60	
22061	63	64	66	75	76	77	79	80	83	84	85	
22089	90	91	94	98	99	22101	09	15			17	
22120	25	32	33	36	38	41	44	50	51	52	53	
22159	65	76	81	83	85	86	88	90	92		93	
22195	97	22205	06	08	09	10	13	14	17	18		
22219	20	21	24	27	29	36	37	38	41	45	49	
22250	60	63	64	65	77	78	83	90	93	94	96	

BROACH CENTRE

22298	22303	11	12	13	15	18	20	24	30			
22331	32	35	37	42	45	49	51	57	59	60	63	
22364	65	74	79	81	85	88	90	91	96	97		
22399	22400	01	04	06	12	13	14	15	16	17		
22418	21	23	28	29	30	31	32	34	39	40		
22441	43	44	46	47	48	57	58	62	65	71	80	
22483	84	85	86	91	94	95	97	22501	03	10		
22511	13	14	29	32	33	45	46	54	57	58	60	
22561	62	70	75	82	90	95	22600	01	04	13		
22615	17	18	19	20	22	23	26	27	29		39	
22640	42	48	49	51	59	60	62	63	64	68	76	
22680	83	90	92	95	96	97	99	22702	06	11		
22712	13	17	23	26	40	45	49	51	56	77	79	
22785	93	97	99	22800	19	20	21	25	27			
22833	37	39	41	44	48	52	55	57	63	65		
22866	68	72	74	75	76	83	84	86	88	89		
22890	91	92	94	95	96	98	22905	07	08	09		
22910	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	23	24	28		
22932	33	39	40	41	43	44	46	51	56			
22958	59	60	64	65	67	68.						

BARODA CENTRE

22970	73	75	76	88	90	99	23001	03	10			
23017	18	19	25	27	28	33	40	42	43	44		
23052	55	58	60	61	64	75	77	79	80	81	82	
23083	90	93	95	23101	02	03	05	07	08	09		
23110	11	13	15	17	19	25	27	28	29	32	33	
23138	40	41	44	45	48	51	52	53	54	55		
23160	63	73	75	78	79	84	91	92	74	97	99	
23200	01	08	12	15	19	20	21	22	23	25	26	
23228	29	31	33	34	37	38	41	45	46	49		
23253	56	60	66	72	77	79	81	83	85	86	91	
23295	96	98	23303	04	05	07	11	12	14	15		
23316	17	21	27	28	30	31	35					
23336	37	39	40	41	47	49	50	51	52	55	56	
23357	59	62	65	66	68	69	70	71	72	76	80	
23381	84	86	88	92	93	94	98	23400	01	03		
23404	06	07	08	09	11	13	14	16	18	23	24	
23425	26	28	29	30	32	33	38	43	44	46	47	
23448	49	50	57	58	62	68	70	72	76	79	80	
23481	97	99	23517	18	25	26	28	36	39	40		
23543	45	48	50	53	68	69	73	74	76	82	83	
23584	85	88	90	93	94	95	97	98	99	23602		
23604	05	06	07	08	09	10	13	14	15	18	20	21
23623	24	26	29	31	36	40	41	47	49	52	54	
23657	62	67	69	73	75	76	80	81	82	83	85	
23688	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	23703	05		
23707	10	11	16	20	24	34	35	37	42	44	46	
23751	54	56	59	60	63	65	66	68	71	72	73	
23775	76	78	79	82	85	86	87	88	89	91	93	
23796	97	99	23800	01	02	03	07	08	09	10		
23811	12	14	20	23	26	27	29	30	32	34	35	
23840	41	42	43	46	47	48	56	59	60	66	68	
23869	70	72	75	79	89	91	92	94	98	23903		
23907	08	11	12	13	14	16	17	21	26	31	33	
23934	35	41	42	46	48	49	51	53	57	60	63	
23970	73	77	78	82	83	88	91	96	98	99		
24000	01	02	03	04	05	07	13	15	17	18	19	
24020	21	22	23	26	27	28	29	34	36	39	44	
24046	47	48	53	54	61	64	66	67	68	70	72	
24073	87	90	91	94	99	24105	17	18	19	24		
24130	38	43	47	50	53	57	58	60	61	63	65	
24169	70	72	73	74	75	90	91	93	94	96	97	
24198	24200	01	03	06	08	10	15	18	19	23		
24229	30	31	37	40	41	44	52	54	56	58	59	
24260	63	66	69	71	72	74	75	78	79	80	81	
24282	86	87	90	92	94	96	98	24301	05	06		
24307	08	11	18	23	25	29	30	36	42	43	45	
24347	51	59	64	69	70	73	76	80	81	84	87	
24397	24403	04	06	10	14	18	20	21	22	23		
24424	27	28	31	42	43	51	53	58	59	62	65	
24469	71	73	78	79	80	84	86	89	91	92	93	
24495	99	24502	04	07	09	15	22	23	25	27		
24530	33	39	44	47	48	49	52	53	58	59	60	
24561	62	63	66	68	72	79	81	84	86	88	92	
24595	99	24602	03	04	06	10	15	16	17	19		
24620	22	24	26	27	28	29	30	32	38	39		
24640	42	43	44	48	50	52	57	58	63	65		
24667	68	69	70	71	75	76	78	79	80	81		
24682	84	87	88	89	93	96	98	99	24702			
24703	04	06	07	10	11	14	15	16	17	18		
24719	21	22	23	24	25	27	28	31	32	36		
24738	43	48	49	50	52	55	56	58	59	63		
24765	67	68	74	76	80	82	83	88	89	93		
24795	96	97	98	24800	01	02	03	04	07	08		
24813	15	16	18	19	20	22	25	26	29	32		
24834	36	39	42	43	44	48	56	60	61	64		
24866	67	68	69	70	76	78	82	84	87	24901		
24902	03	04	06	07	12	13	18	19	22	23		
24924	26	30	31	33	35	37	41	45	46	50		
24952	53	56	57	59	61	62	63	65	68	69		
24971	75	77	79	81	87	90	91	94	96	99		
25000	05	08	09	10	13	21	22	24	27	28		
25035	36	39	40	41	49	50	54	57	58	59		
25062	65	70	73	74	77	85	89	90	96	98		
25099	25101	13	39	46	49	50	53	57	58			
25160	61	62	63	66	67	70	73	79	81	84		
25186	87	88	90	93	97	25203	04	10	11			
25215	16	18	19	26	33	34	36	37	40	43		
25244	45	47	52	57	66	69	70	71	73	75		
25278	80	87	96	97	99	25304	07	15	18			
25321	29	31	34	48	50	75	77	87	90	91		
25392	95	98	25407	10	12	15	19	23	27			
25431	33	35	42	44	45	47	49	51	55	61		
25464	67	69	73	84	85	86	89	94	97	25500		
25504	07	11	13	19	27	42	49	50	51	57		
25563	67	79	80	81	83	84	86	89	91	92		
25593	98	99	25600	02	05	24	27	32	35			
25642	43	45	50	51	62	63	66	67	71	72		
25674	75	76	78	80	81	82	87	88	89	90		
25691	93	97	98	25703	05	06	07	08	11			
25712	14	17	22	23	24	26	29	30	32	33		
25734	37	38	39	41	42	44	45	48	51	53	54	
25755	57	58	61	62	63	64	66	72	74	75		
25779	80	81	82	84	85	86	92	93	94	95	98	
25801	02	03	05	09	10	12	14	15	16	17		
25819	20	21	23	26	27	28	32	35	36	37		
25843	46	47	48	52	53	57	58	60	61	62	64	
25865	66	70	71	74	73	75	76	77	78			
25879	31	83	84	35	86	87	89					
25892	93	94	95	96	97	25900	01	03		04		
25907	09	10	12	13	15	16	19	20	21	22	23	
25924	25	26	27	32	33	34	35	36	38	39	40	
25941	43	44	45	46	47	50	51	52	53	54	55	
25957	58	60	65	66	70	73	74	76	78	79	80	
25981	82	84	85	86	87	88	91	92	95	97	98	
25999	26000	02	03	04	06	07	08	09	11	13		
26014	15	16	17	20	23	25	26	27	28	30	33	
26034	36	39	41	42	43	47	49	50	51	52	58	
26059	61	64	66	67	68	69	70	71	74	78	82	

26084	85	92	94	96	97	98	99	26100	04	07		
26108	09	12	13	14	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	
26124	26	27	28	31	32	34	35	37	38	39	40	
26144	45	46	47	48	51	53	55	56	59.			

ANAND CENTRE

26161	70	75	76	78	81	82	86	87	92	94		
26196	97	26200	08	13	14	15	16	18	21	33		
26236	39	40	41	42	43	50	51	52	53	54	55	
26259	61	68	71	72	74	75	92	97		98	99	
26300	03	06	10	11	17	18	20	25	26	28	30	
26331	32	33	35	37	38	39	40	41	42	44	45	
26347	51	52	54	56	57	58	59	60	65	66	67	
26368	69	71	74	76	77	84	87	89	93	26403		
26407	08	10	15	16	19	24	25	31	38	39	40	
26443	44	47	48	49	51	52	54	59	61	63	64	
26466	68	70	72	77	78	79	80	82	84	85	86	
26489	90	92	94	96	26504	09	14	16	17	18		
26519	20	22	23	24	26	32	33	34	37	41	43	
26544	46	47	51	58	60	61	68	70	73	78	79	
26581	83	84	88	90	92	97	26600	01	02	04		
26608	10	16	17	18	19	23	30	31	37	41	42	
26643	44	45	47	48	49	56	57	58	60	61	63	
26665	69	71	72	74	75	77	78	81	82	83	84	
26685	91	26707	10	11	13	16	24	27	31	33		
26736	40	47	50	57	59	62	73	74	76	79	81	
26782	84	85	90	91	97	26800	08	14	15	18		
26820	22	23	24	25	26	27	34	35	39	41	44	
26849	50	53	57	64	65	67	68	70	72	73	76	
26877	81	84	87	89.								

NADIAD CENTRE

26895	26903	11	12	13	19	23	24	25	39			
26942	43	49	51	58	64	70	71	74	76	78	79	
26981	83	85	86	87	92	94	95	97	27000			
27002	06	08	09	12	13	15	19	28	30			
27035	36	38	42	43	44	55	57	59				
27060	63	65	67	70	71	72	80	85	88	89		
27098	27103	05	06	08	09	11	12	14	16			
27118	20

Continued from Page 5

Jagannath Vaidya Scholarship—To No. 11972.

The Vallabhdas Valji Scholarship—To No. 7690 (88).

The R. M. Sayani Khoja Testimonial Scholarship—To No. 2682.

The Desabhai Framji Cama Scholarship—To No. 11190.

The Lord Sandhurst Scholarship—To No. 2686.

The Uttamram Memorial Scholarship—Not awarded, there being no eligible applicant.

The Ebrahim Nurdin Scholarship—To No. 21549.

The Chatfield Prize—To No. 11281.

The Rao Bahadur Karamsi Damji Scholarship—To No. 1489.

The Miss Yamunabai Atmaram Dalvi Scholarship—Divided equally between No. 5182 and No. 11622 (90).

The Sir Dinshaw Manekji Petit (First Baronet) Scholarship—To No. 4272 (68).

The Dinanath S. Mankar Gold Medal—To No. 2643.

The Sardar Bhimrao Ramrao Akbarnawis Sanskrit Scholarship—To No. 15368 (90).

The Edward Dalgado Scholarship—To No. 35857 (86).

The Bai Sitabai R. Naik Scholarship—To No. 11190.

The Narhar Rowjee Beedkar Scholarship—To No. 6654 (93).

The Narhar Rowjee Beedkar Prize—Divided equally between No. 7650 and No. 10159 (92).

The Professor Shripad Gajanan Acharya Prize—To No. 7580 (95).

The Jaffar Cassum Moosa Gold Medal—To No. 2428 (89).

The Sagarmal Khaitan Memorial Scholarship—To No. 2157 (91).

The awards of (i) the Sir Jasvantsingji Scholarships, (ii) the Bhau Saheb Desai Scholarships, (iii) the James Greaves Scholarship, (iv) the Rajaram Govindram Scholarship and (v) the Dr. Dadabhai Naoroji Scholarship will be announced later.

The figures placed in brackets in the above list of awards represent the marks obtained by the candidates in the subjects to which the scholarships, prizes and medals have been assigned.

The Results of the following candidates have been held in reserve:—333 571 2637 2640 4121 5373 7273 9925 10483 10484 11182 11416 12357 12368 12369 14001 14044 14045 14784 15783 16558 16559 17913 19328 19953 21672 22774 22781 22794 22843 23638 23639 25208 26154 27107 28415 29274 32311 32577 33442 35347 35348 35413 35608 35629 35751 35811 36008 36149 36250 36629 36641 36652 36675 36894 37127 38020 40413 40491 41075

Of the successful candidates, the following have passed in the additional subject of Arithmetic:—464 649 670 695 737 787 797 811 899 943 990 1222 1270 1489 1595 1632 1820 1880 2148 2161 2272 2279 2539 2667 2809 3194 3336 3467 3527 4179 4224 4229 4370 4377 4381 5240 5687 5874 6170 6180 6225 6246 6308 6518 6615 6719 6749 6785 6997 7021 7049 7099 7305 7584 7694 7703 7711 8699 9464 9550 9583 9681 9843 10159 10161 10433 10954 11519 11553 11972 11973 12536 12545 12650 13468 13845 13923 14074 14495 14668 15373 15375 15533 16884 16945 16977 17088 17443 18904 19021 19051 20073 20077 20197 20206 20209 20219 20221 20238 20248 20408 20493 20524 20525 20565 20954 21067 21116 21132 21191 21218 21226 21234 21271 21279 21393 21458 21547 21720 21832 22005 22236 22514 22557 22620 22833 23060 23426 23438 23608 23652 24530 24682 24782 24813 24820 24924 25193 25334 26116 26178 26215 26216 26259 26261 26331 26357 26368 26459 26526 26533 26610 26616 26618 26641 27019 27215 27221 28022 28169 28357 28552 28643 28845 29382 30994 31436 31516 31586 31949 32069 32805 32911 32963 32980 33092 33138 33155 33168 33172 33288 33290 33375 33397 33402 33556 33831 34384 34458 34571 34671 34678 34704 34762 35035 35052 35053 35057 35067 35069 35110 35111 35114 35116 35120 35122 35123 35765 35834 37069 37072 37085 37123 37303 37454 37479 37648 37709 37711 37753 37761 37762 37765 37785 37793 37799 37800 37801 37819 37826 37832 38285 38290 38319 38331 38359 38369 38378 38396 38400 38413 38422 38432 38447 38479 38481 38483 38503 38533 38550 38564 38640 38664 38682 38725 38728 38743 38752 38753 38770 38802 38816 38850 38867 38898 38901 38908 38914 38916 38969 39008 39075 39175 39178 39179 39187 39612 39628 39630 39660 39696 39701 39732 39736 39742 39825 40007 40008 40058 40071 40097 40099 40101 40137 40216 40236 40317 40339 40468 40543 40561 40570 40617 40675 40742 40833 40834 40835 40843 40844 40851 40853 40879 40882 40894 40896 40908 40921 40939 40956

ALEXANDER'S TOMB MAY BE FOUND AT LAST

BALTIMORE (Maryland). (A. P. A.): Alexander the Great's tomb, which has been eluding the archaeologist's pick for an inconveniently long time may be found in his home town of Alexandra, Egypt says Professor David M. Robinson of the John Hopkins University, Baltimore.

On sabbatical leave with the American School of Classical Studies in Athens, Robinson wrote the University saying the English archaeologist, Alan Wace, is digging at Alexandra "on the site which I have always felt might be that of Alexander's tomb. We know that Alexander the Great died at Babylon and that his body was mummified and wrapped in gold. It was transported on a hearse drawn by ten special black horses and adorned with beautiful paintings which Diodorus describes.

"He was reputed to be the son of Ammon whose oracle he had visited in the Egyptian desert, and he wanted to be buried in his favourite city of Alexandria, which he had founded. On a recent visit to Cairo and Alexandria, I took occasion not only to visit the wonderful museum directed by Alan Rowe.... but went to Kom Ed Dik in the midst of the modern city.

"There Alan Wace, the great English archaeologist who excavated at Mycenae and Sparta.....was digging on the site which I have always felt might be that that of Alexanderia's tomb. He (Wace) is now professor of archaeology at Farouk University and has a permit to dig. He has already cleared a stratum with much Memeluke pottery the refuse and rejects from a ceramic factory.

"Also he has dug up several prices of actual Chinese celandon, which we know was then being imported into Egypt and imitated there. This is welcome news because it has been denied that Chinese vases could have reached Alexandria and shows that the Alexandrian vase with Chinese influence in Toronto, Canada, which I published in my catalogue of Greek vases at Toronto is probably genuine

"When Wace gets further in and lower down he will find rock and in rock he may find the tomb of Alexander, for which Howard Carter, I and many other archaeologists have been looking for years.

EUROPEAN PEACE TREATIES

U. S. Senate Holds Full-Dress Debate

WASHINGTON, June 3 (U.P.A.): The Senate today swung into a full-dress debate on the ratification of the European peace treaties and before the end of the first day's floor battle, it received a motion to delay the action on the Italian Treaty until next year.

Democratic Senator William Fulbright, expressing fear of a Russian bid for power if the treaty is made effective, formally introduced a proposal to lay the Italian treaty aside until January 25, 1948.

Fulbright's motion, along with the treaties proper and any other nations that might be introduced, will come to a vote at 2 p. m.—6 p. m. (G.M.T.)—on Thursday, at Senate President Vandenberg's request.

Fulbright told the Senate he feared that the removal of Allied troops from Italy in compliance with the treaty, would pave the way for a Communist coup similar to this week's seizure in Hungary.

Fulbright disputed the contention made earlier by Vandenberg that rejection of the treaty would be bad for Italy and bad for peace. Answering Vandenberg, who opened the debate with an appeal for prompt ratification of all European treaties, Fulbright told the Senate that in the case of Italy, the clause providing for the withdrawal of all Allied troops within 90 days after the pact becomes effective, would lay conditions for the seizure and control in Italy by the Communists with the "backing of the Communists in eastern Europe and Russia."

Fulbright declared that such a coup would come only after the United States and other Allied troops were withdrawn.

Fulbright announced the intention of releasing Italian property in the United States and advancing Italy a loan.

Vandenberg had said that ratification was necessary to make it possible to reach an agreement with Russia on Germany and Austria. Fulbright rejected the arguments with the assertion that the withdrawal of the Allied troops in Italy, "would bring a repetition of what's gone on in Hungary." Fulbright predicted Russia would make no effect to reach an agreement on the Austrian Peace Treaty, because until the Austrian pace is agreed upon, she can maintain limited armed forces in Hungary and Rumania to guard her communication lines to the Russian zone in Austria.

LABOUR UNREST IN FRANCE

Ramadier Says Communists Are Responsible

PARIS, June 3 (U.P.A.): The French labours "squeeze play" on the government tightened today and Premier Paul Ramadier blamed it all on the Communists.

In an impassioned speech before the National Assembly, Ramadier said the wave of French strikes was spreading "as though directed by some underground leader."

Then, whipping around to the Communist side or the Assembly Chamber, he asked, "who profits when a strike hits a nationalized industry?.. Those who criticize us are either in a grip of passion or they want a political disaster, to which they attach, I don't know, just what importance. If you Communists were in power, you would not have tolerated these strikes. Everywhere there is a kind of assault against the authority of the State."

As Ramadier spoke this was France's strike situation: Striking bakers show little inclination to return to work.

Railroads at the great marshalling yards of Villenuve Saint Georges struck.

Gasoline became scarcer as a result of the spreading strike of refinery workers.

All over France tempers were growing short.

More than 1000 Union delegates marched on Ramadier's Matignon Palace this morning demanding the immediate settlement of the bread strike which has reduced the rations to five ounces daily and sent housewives scurrying for queue at sun-up in their dressing gowns.

This afternoon 250 representatives of the Salmson Aviation Engine Plant and Billancourt metal workers marched on the Premier Palace shouting "bread, bread." As they stood before the palace they sang the Communist "internationale." There were no incidents.

Labour's violent criticism centered on the Government's failure to take preventive steps against the bread situation until the 48-hour strike was half over.

After nearly 24 hours of wrangling the bakers' delegation announced this afternoon that the employers' proposals were "unacceptable."

The baker's delegates and government representatives met later in a final desperate effort to give the nation bread again.

Ramadier emphasized the urgency of the situation when he told the Assembly that the Constitution recognized the right to strike but he added "that the constitution made certain reservations. When these are attacked, the essential interests of the nation must be defended."

THEY DREAD THEIR OWN INVENTIONS

U.S. Army's Concern Over 'Radio-Active Cloud'

WASHINGTON, (By Air Mail) (APA): The deadly potentialities of a "radio-active cloud" weapon are complicating plans for hiding men and machines underground in event of atomic-age warfare.

But the problem of sealing off subterranean sites against poisoned air is under study, according to an article in the current unofficial United States' service publication, Armoured Cavalry Journal.

The article was written before aircraft maker Glenn L. Martin's recent disclosure of experiments by the American Army and Navy to create radio-active clouds. These clouds, covering a mile-square area, could be formed by a burst of radio-active matter released from an air-plane.

Martin's disclosure was made before a Congressional Committee, and he declined to go into detail on the method.

It was recalled however, that several possible methods for spreading radio-active death have been suggested unofficially, including the release of dust or oil spray impregnated with radio-activity.

The advantage of this method over ordinary contamination of objects, where the poison is transferred to the human by skin contact, is that inhalation of poisoned air presumably produces a much faster and more complete poisoning. And, because it is airborne, it seeps through the chinks of ordinary armour set up to protect against mere blast and heat.

The armed forces have been aware of the menace of radio-active air since last Summer's experiments with atomic bombs versus warships at Bikini Atoll. It was discovered there that even the use of a welder's torch or a grinding wheel would release into the air radio-activity which had adhered to soiled objects such as warship fittings.

In a discussion of the feasibility and possible methods of putting vital industries underground to protect them from air attack, the Armoured Cavalry Journal said:

"Ventilation systems (for underground sites) now used could be vulnerable points in the impregnability of mother earth. Radio-activity might be able to transverse this system as could chemical weapons.

"However, proper plating could protect such a facility from radio-activity and sealing up ventilation systems and using emergency oxygen during attack periods, with the aid of proper decontamination systems could negate the effects of such attacks upon underground facilities.

"Better still would be a ventilation system, composite within the facility with a completely artificial air source and with a standby oxygen supply for emergencies caused by breakdown or power failure."

The article apparently deals only with radio-activity produced by an atomic bomb explosion instead of the continuing air saturation method suggested by Martin's statement. The reference to "proper plating" while not further developed, presumably meant protection against the instantaneous and highly lethal release of rays from the exploding bomb.

The Journal, in reviewing studies and programmes abroad for underground sites mentioned that Great Britain and Sweden both are making such efforts and then said:

"Another country, it is persistently rumoured, has pressed prisoner-of-war labour into construction of the largest underground airfield in the world—located in a highly dominating and commanding area, which has great semiglobal air-striking potential."

The Journal did not identify the country, but the only nation reported to be using prisoner-of-war labour in quantity at this time is Russia.

FREEDOM OF INFORMATION CONFERENCE

Agenda Released

LAKE SUCCESS, (UPA): The United Nations Sub-Commission on Freedom of Information to-day released its provisional draft of the agenda for the World Conference on Freedom of Information to be held in Europe next spring.

The agenda has been approved by sections but must be voted on as a complete document before it becomes official.

According to the draft, the Conference will consist of the following: "Fundamental principles whereto press, radio and films as media of information should have regard in performing their basic functions of gathering and transmitting news and information without fetters: (a) to tell the truth without prejudice and spread knowledge without malicious intent; (b) to facilitate a solution of the world's economic, social and humanitarian problems as a whole through the free interchange of information bearing on such problems; (c) to help promote respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms for all without distinction as to race, sex language or religion; (d) to help in maintaining international peace and security through understanding and co-operation between peoples.

The agenda further provides for the discussion of measures to facilitate the gathering of news and information, specifically: (a) "facilitating the entry, residence and movement of travel of accredited news personnel; (b) protection against arbitrary expulsion; (c) permitting widest possible access to news sources both private and official, without discrimination between nationals and accredited foreign news personnel; (d) eliminating unreasonable or discriminatory taxes affecting the operation of foreign news agencies or representatives."

Thirdly, "measures to facilitate the international transmission of news information: (a) facilitating elimination of censorship, agreement on progressive elimination peacetime censorship with due regard to the requirements of national security, public order and to the demands of public decency and laws of libel, and agreement on immediate measures to insure that where it must be applied currently, directives governing censorship shall be public and censorship open with originators promptly notified of deletions or suppressions, (b) recommending through the Economic and Social Council to the International Telecommunications Union and the International Postal Union preferential intercommunications and postal treatment for news materials by all media to encourage the widest possible dessimination; (c) providing non-discriminatory transmission rates and services for foreign news agencies; (d) alleviating economic or commercial restrictions on the import or news material by all media."

The agenda also includes an item "for measures to implement the right of all persons and peoples to accurate and comprehensive and representative information."

Destroys Crop Pests Where D D T Fails

CHICAGO, (A.P.I.): Development of a new insecticide called Tep, reported capable of killing some important insect pests which are unaffected by DDT, has been announced by Dr. Leo R. Temon, acting chief of the Illinois History Survey.

The insecticide, tetraethyl Pyrophosphate, has been found unusually effective in laboratory tests against aphids and mites, destructive crop pests described as difficult or impossible to control with DDT.

The lethal insect killing properties of Tep were discovered by George F. Ludvik, working in the Natural History Survey Laboratories on a Monsanto Chemical Company fellowship under the direction of Dr. George C. Decker, Entomologists, of the Natural History Survey and the Illinois Agricultural Experiment Station.

Dr. Decker said laboratory tests indicated Tep was 10 times as strong as nicotine alkaloid, the poison usually used for control of aphids on peas, apples, potatoes, peaches and other crops, and, since it decomposes, does not leave a poisonous residue on the plants.

U.S. TO BACK DUTCH IMPERIALISM?

HAGUE, June 3. (I.P.A.): Dutch newspapers publish fresh reports about American intervention in Dutch and Indonesian affairs and extension of Truman Doctrine to Indonesia. It is reported that the United States have presented a note to the Dutch Government expressing apprehension about nationalist trends in South-East Asia.

Majority of the Dutch ministers approved widescale war in Indonesia with the help of the United States. An American military mission headed by Lieut Col. Dixon inspected the Dutch armed forces and visited Indonesia for studying opportunities for waging war against Indonesians.

Dutch Contingents For Indonesia

HAGUE June 3. (I.P.A.): According to newspaper reports 1,250 Dutch soldiers have been despatched to Indonesia by the Government on May 31. Prince Bernard officers and representatives of the General Staff who were present at the send-off urged the soldiers to fight courageously on Indonesian battlefields.

VIET NAM REJECTS FRENCH PEACE TERMS

PARIS, June 3, (Reuter): French peace proposals to the Viet Nam Government were rejected in a communique issued tonight by N.G.O.C. Dann Tran representative of the Viet Nam Government in Paris.

The communique states: "One of the conditions of the French proposals for a peaceful settlement of the present Franco Viet Nam conflict is unconditional disarmament of Viet Nam troops. This condition is unacceptable to the Viet Nam Government. We want peace but a peace in which there is neither victor nor vanquished."

Silent Aeroplane Invented

U. S. Scientists Demonstrate Noiseless Machine

LANGLAY FIELD, VIRGINIA, (A. P. A.): American scientists have produced the first "silent" airplane.

Two hundred aviation experts, here for a demonstration of the new ship called it one of aviation's major developments of recent years.

John P. Victory, Secretary of the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, said complaints about noise, made by adjoining property owners, have closed a number of metropolitan airports in the United States.

The noise of planes overhead causes some property near airports to decline in value and has brought a number of lawsuits.

J. A. Shortal, Project Engineer for the National Advisory Committee, said the plane demonstrated here was the first one built in which all noise silencing methods have been fully applied.

It has a five bladed propeller, instead of a conventional propeller having a lesser number of blades.

The propeller revolves at a slower speed than conventional ones. But the new propeller showed noise pressure reduced 90 per cent.

In the recent demonstration, two planes were used one with a new propeller and muffler the other with a two-bladed propeller.

At 300 feet altitude, the noise of the conventional plane drowned out the noise of the five-bladed propeller plane for listeners on the ground.

When the five-bladed ship passed 300 feet overhead alone, its noise was scarcely more than would have been made by a glider, the aviation expert said.

The demonstration climaxed a meeting of the 200 aviation representatives with committee officials.

The visiting aviation representatives were shown a number of projects being carried on in Langley Field laboratories and wind tunnels by the National Advisory Committee's experts.

RIOTS KILLED CABINET MISSION PLAN

(Continued From Page 1)

will place the whole of the district in Muslim majority areas. Similarly, in a district in Bengal, the reverse is the case. It has a very small fraction of non-Muslim majority. I shall be astounded if the Boundary Commission places the whole of that district in the non-Muslim area. The point is we have taken the districts for one purpose only—it was the only simple way by which you can derive the number of members for each of the Legislatures.

I do not want inhbitants of these districts to assume it as a foregone conclusion that they would be going into an area in which their community is not in a majority.

NO MASS TRANSFER OF POPULATIONS

QUESTION: Do you foresee any mass transfer of population?

ANSWER: Personally I don't see it. There are many physical, practical difficulties involved. Some measure of transfer will come about in a natural way. That is to say I have a feeling that people who have just crossed the boundary will transfer themselves. Perhaps Governments will take steps to transfer populations. Once more, this is a matter not so much for the main parties as for the local authorities living in the border areas to decide.

GOVERNORS INSTRUCTED

Answering another question the Viceroy said His Majesty's Government could hardly be expected to suscribe to partition on the basis of landed property. "Not at all events, this British Government. (Laughter). I think the question must therefore be left to the Indians"

The Governors of the Punjab and Bengal had already received instructions to put into effect Clause 9 in H.M.G.'s statement providing for National division. No time would be lost in getting on to this as quickly as possible. The administrative arrangements were really matters for the Legislative Assemblies of these two Provinces to fix up in conjunction with their Governors. His personal view was they could not do better than have coalitions in both the provinces.

The Viceroy said in respect of the N. W. F. Province, that the procedure of referendum was adopted because the minorities there had been given more weightage than in any other Province. Out of 50 seats in the Provincial Assembly something like 12 or 13 went to the minorities, who were actually less than five or six per cent of the population.

When his attention was drawn to the demand for an Independent Pathan State, the Viceroy said that the question was raised as a matter of principle as to whether any province should be allowed to vote for independence or whether they would be obliged to vote for one or other of the two Constituent Assemblies. But it was turned down by the leaders of both the parties on the very admirable plea that they did not wish to encourage Balkanisation

Question: "Has not the Congress party supported the demand of the Frontier people for a sovereign state?

Answer: Where should we be if we agree to each request by one party? What is the basis of agreement?

Question: Are the Frontier people free to select the issue on which they will vote in the referendum.

Answer: If they can get the High Commands of the two parties to agree to it and if they want to vote for independence. I will agree. If on the other hand only one wishes it, then we stick to what we agreed on originally.

REFERENDUM PLAN

The Viceroy said he was proposing to select British officers from the Indian Army, who spoke the language of the Frontier and who had never had anything to do with politics to go to the Frontier during the referendum. He was trying to get the most impartial men he could find to ensure that the referendum was completely impartial.

SELECTION OF GOVERNOR-GENERALS

Asked whether the future Governor-Generals would be appointed on the dvice of the Dominion Government or Governments of India, and whether there was any bar to Indians being eligible for the appointment, the Viceroy said the Governor-General in a Dominion was chosen by the Prime Minister of the Government of the Dominion concerned, who would submit the desired name to the King. The King being a constitutional monarch primarily acted on the advice. So far as he knew there could be two states with separate Governor-Generals in India and it could be anybody they liked. The Dominion had complete freedom to decide what they wanted.

He had been asked, the Viceroy went on what provision His Majesty's Government would make for the protection of minorities. H.M.G.'s plan had not refererred to this point. The British Government's decision to quit was not insincere.

Since this was so they had no legal means to enforce any protection for the minorities, but he had talked to the leaders of the country and was absolutely certain that so long as they were in power, "they personally mean to look after the interests of the minorities as a matter of conscience honour and fairplay"

While he was still here, his services would also be available for this purpose. He had the greatest faith in the future of India and he believed that the minorities were going to have "a decent chance and fairplay."

DIVISION OF ARMY

Answering a question on the defence of the future Dominions the Viceroy said basically each state when it got independence was wholly and solely responsible for its own defence. Mechanically the process of partitioning the forces if it had to be done without collapse of morale and disintegration, must be done in an orderly, well-disciplined and careful manner. When partition was complete, the two States were absolutely free to decide whether they wanted to get together for the defence of India or whether they wanted to make their own separate arrangements.

The Viceroy concluded on the following note: "I really am sincere in my desire to help India. I really believe that the leaders of both parties are equally sincere to do what they can to help me. In fact, I think that we are going to see a revulsion of feelings; and, whereas before there was mistrust, bitterness and strife, I think we are going to see the leaders come together in a friendly spirit of co-operation."

Sir Ushanath Sen, President of the Delhi Press Association, thanked the Viceroy for the courtesy with which he had answered the questions and congratulated him for the daring manner in which he was handling the Indian problem. It reminded him, Sir Ushanath added, of the days when Lord Mountbatten commanded the South-East Asia theatre.

U. N. SITE PLANS REVEALED

LAKE SUCCESS, (USIS): Approval of the basic plans for the permanent U. N. headquarters in New York City has been officially announced by Wallace K. Harrison, U. N. Director of Planning.

The building plans will be submitted to the 56 U. N. member nations by July 1, and are scheduled to receive final consideration by the General Assembly at its next session in September.

The basic plans include construction of a 40-storey rectangular-shaped sky-scraper to house the secretariat and the U. N. broadcasting studios, and two low structures, one or two storeys high, one to house the Security Council, the Economic and Social Council and the Trusteeship Council, and the other building to house the General Assembly. The Assembly quarters will provide for future expansion to 70 delegations and will have a total seating capacity of 3,250. One or two tall structures are expected to be built later to house specialized agencies and national delegations.

Mayor William O'Dwyer of New York City has also revealed city plans to beautify the area surrounding the site by constructing a tree-shaded promenade leading to the public entrance and two formal parks.

U. S. representative to the United Nations and chairman of site advisory group Warren R. Austin expressed gratification at the "remarkable progress" of the planning body and Secretary General Trygve Lie also expressed his satisfaction with the planning.

Mystery 'Plane Machineguns Bathers In Vienna

VIENNA, June 3, (Reuter): An unknown fighter plane flying over the crowded Wiener Neustadt bathing pool on May 31 opened fire with machine guns directly on bathers, it was learned today.

A woman was struck below the knee by a bullet which pierced the bone.

Wiener Neustadt, 30 miles south of Vienna, is in the Soviet occupation zone of Austria.

ANGLO-CZECH CULTURAL PACT

LONDON, (A. P. A.): Britain and Czechoslovakia have agreed on the draft of a cultural treaty between themselves and the pact will soon be signed in London, according to authoritative diplomatic sources here.

Bohuslav Kratochvil, the new Czechslovak Ambassador to Britain, negotiated the accord with British Foreign Office experts, said these sources, adding that the final draft of the treaty was accepted by Hector Mcneil, Britain's Minister of state, who thanked the envoy for seeking to improve Anglo-Czech relations.

Informed observers here predicted Czechoslovakia's communist premier, Klement Gottwald, will visit London soon to sign the treaty, the terms of which have not been disclosed. It was believed the pact included provisions for the regular exchange of teachers, students, films, theatre companies and literature.

A Foreign Office spokesman said Britain hopes to obtain similar cultural agreements with other European countries. One already has been signed with Belgium.

JAP ECONOMY IMPROVES

TOKYO, (A. P. A.): Both the occupation authorities and the Japanese people themselves express hope that Japan's economy has reached the bottom of its downward slide.

This hope is based on production figures for March, which was to have been Japan's month of crisis. That month has come and gone, and Japan has not collapsed economically.

Japan is still a beggar nation, reserves of materials are declining, and few imports of essential raw materials are received. But the semi-controlled economy which the Allied Headquarters forced on the reluctant nation is beginning to show results.

Because of the controls and allocations system established by occupation authorities, there should be more exports for sale abroad, which in turn will provide money for the purchase of raw materials.

Statistics of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry for March show increases in production of steel, chinaware, cast iron pipe, coal, fertiliser and cement. Against this, occupation authorities point out:

1. Industrial production now is about 30 per cent of the average for 1930-34, which in itself was 65 per cent less than the war-time peak.

2. There is a shortage of raw materials.

3. Reparations remain to be settled.

4. The financial situation is precarious with the yet ottering.

On the credit side are these assets:

1. The needs of the occupation forces are declining; the demand for Japanese materials for barracks, buildings, installations and houses is smaller.

2. Japan soon may be opened to foreign traders.

3. Leaders of the dominant political parties may insist on a controlled, planned economy.

4. There are indications that economic controls can be made to operate successfully.

German Rubber Industry Improving

May Soon Compete In World Markets

BERLIN, (A. P. A.). The German rubber industry is recovering and in a relatively short time will be able to compete with American firms in most markets of the world, in the belief of Edwin J. Thomas, president of the Goodyear Tyre and Rubber Company.

Completing a tour, the American executive said he found German labour costs "as good as ours" and added: "Before the war Germans completed every where in the Rubber industry and I see nothing to change that in the future, although there is no cause for alarm for some time."

He noted, however, that the Germans could not keep pace with the United States in export volume. He recommended allowing the Germans to keep up with developments in industry, and said he told officials of three rubber plants he visited here that if they came to the United States "I would show them everything we have."

'India-bred' Horses For Derby

LONDON, June 3 (Reuter): Two young horses, nameless now, but potential Derby winners of the future, have arrived at Liverpool from Bombay. A colt and a yearling, they have been brought over by the Maharaja of Gaekwar of Baroda, owner of this year's Derby entry and bred in India and it is the Maharaja's experiment to train them.

£ 15,000 For Transfer Of A Footballer!

DERBY, June 3 (Reuter): A record transfer fee for a footballer said to be over £15,000 was paid today by Derby county to the Scottish Club, Greenock Morton for Wilbe Steel, their Scottish international inside forward. The previous record was £14,000 paid by Arsenal to Wolverhampton Wanderers for Bryan Jones in 1938.

Steel, who is 24, jumped into prominence as a result of his Brilliant display for Scotland against England at Wembley last April and for Great Britain against the Rest of Europe in May.

With Horatio Carter, the English international and Steel in the side, Derby will now have two of the best inside forwards in the game rivalling the Carter-Pete-Doherty combination which played such a big part in Derby's Cup final success in 1946.

S. AFRICANS DRAW WITH MIDDLESEX

LONDON, June 3, (Reuter): The match between Middlesex and the South Africans ended in a draw as Lords today after the final day of interesting and much exciting cricket. The final scores were: South Africans, 434 and 217; Middlesex 116 for eight wickets and 226 for six.

O. P. Karaka'

Off My Chest

Only five years ago, when Mr. Jinnah piloted and carried the Lahore Resolution of the Muslim League on Pakistan, if anyone had told you that on June 3rd, 1947 the Congress would have acquiesced in that demand, you would have thought the person was out of his senses.

With a singleness of purpose which contrasts sharply with the recent floundering of the Congress, Mr. Jinnah has succeeded in dividing the country. The Congress, which always spoke of the "national" demand, has settled for freedom without unity. The great Jawaharlal Nehru, the symbol of Indian unity has commended the division though "with no joy in his heart."

Let us face the realities of the situation. Let us drop out all the "ifs" in the Mountbatten plan and realise that there is little chance now of hoping that the Muslim League will go back on the stand it has taken. There will be two constituent assemblies. There will be Pakistan. And the referendum of the North West Frontier province will now most likely be in favour of Pakistan.

As Indians, you and I have a right to ask how it is that India has drifted to its present position.

The responsibility for this present position lies not only on Mr. Jinnah and the Muslim League. It lies equally on the Congress, which has not only failed miserably to stop this sure but gradual deterioration of the political situation but has, in more ways than one, precipitated it.

As I listened to Jawaharlal speak over the radio on Tuesday evening his voice choked with emotion, his heart devoid of joy, I could not help feeling that this idol of the Indian people has once again compromised with himself. Five years ago, the same Nehru could have settled with Jinnah for less. He would not countenance such an idea. Five years ago the same Nehru had not the patience to put up with Mr. Jinnah's "absurd" proposals. An acknowledged leader of 400,000,000 people cannot afford to compromise on the first principles for which that people and that nation stand.

The truth has to be faced that Congress leadership has deteriorated. A party that refuses to bring fresh blood into its top ranks must eventually pay the price of becoming fossilised. A party whose Governments in the provinces attempt to impose a puritanical censorship on a people who have fought for a quarter of a century for freedom, obviously cuts the grass from under its feet.

On Tuesday evening, Jawaharlal Nehru counselled "moderation of speech" But at the Meerut Congress at which Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel expressed himself rapidly against the Muslim League, no one admonished the Sardar. Only the feeble voice of Maulana Abul Kalam Azad was heard to say that if this is what the Congress had become, it was time for Congress to pack up as a national party.

Big Drop In Tata Steel Shares

NERVOUS UNLOADING ENDS BEAR PRESSURE

Buillion And Cotton Market Quiet

Bombay, June 4

The Bombay Stock Exchange was easy to-day on general selling which resulted in a sharp decline in Steel shares. It was pointed out that the recent heavy short covering had weakened the technical position of the market and naturally the market was subject to wide price movement. Moreover unsettled conditions produced undue rapid price movement and there was active liquidation by disappointed bulls. The recent rise of about Rs. 300 in Tata Steel Defds thus proves nothing beyond a technical correction of oversold state. At the moment the industrial outlook remains uncertain and indications do not favour any sustained improvement in quotations, at present.

Tata Steel Defds opened to-day at Rs. 2035 and recorded a drop of Rs. 113 at Rs. 1922. Thereafter there was scattered covering and Defds rallied Rs. 13 at Rs. 1935. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 396 and declined at Rs. 372 but later recovered at Rs. 379 as the drop was believed to be too rapid. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1035 and downturned at Rs. 987 but rallied at Rs. 997. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 645 and after declining at Rs. 626 steadied at Rs. 629. Simplex shares opened at Rs. 346 and after declining at Rs. 325 improved at Rs. 334. Central Bank shares were quoted at Rs. 96 while Scindia shares quietened at Rs. 30/10.

The small rally proved to be feeble and instead of attracting support was taken advantage by professional operators to hammer down the market. The selling was mostly confined to Steel shares and Defds were again marked down at Rs. 1885 and Ordinary shares declined at Rs. 372. Bombay Dyeings were quiet at Rs. 992 while Kohinoors changed hands at Rs. 628. Simplex shares were placed at Rs. 328 while Swadeshi shares were quoted at Rs. 605. Central Banks were quoted at Rs. 95 and Scindia shares changed hands at Rs. 30/6. Associated Cements were done at Rs. 170.

Towards the close the market was steady. As usual the market was again influenced by rumours of possible labour trouble at Jamshedpur and the Government enquiry from the Stock Exchange authority to declare Steel Shares on cash list with a view to check speculation. Anyway the market was nervous and weak.

MILL SHARES.

Bombay Dyeing 1010 Kohinoor 633 Swadeshi 608 Nagpur 281 Simplex 333 New Great 343 Gokak 294 Indore 527 8 Century 900 Colaba 225 I Bleaching 144 Swan 347/8 Finlay 294 Morarji 595 Edward 670 Meyer 220 Apollo 3-12 6 I. U. Ord. 15/2 I. U. Dfd. 2/12 Madhusudan 305 Poddar 332/8 Khatau 282/8.

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord. 375 Tata Steel Dfd. 1907/8 Second Pref. 162.

CEMENT

Associated Merger 169/4.

INDUSTRIES

Burma 435 Bellapur 260 Shivrajpur 36 Scindia 30/6 Construction 183 Tata Chemical 13 8 Tata Oil 70 8 Indian Iron 32/2 Bengal Steel 25/4.

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tram Ordinary 112/4 Tata Hydro 171 Andhra 1562/8 Tata Power 1622/8.

MILLS (CASH).

Elphinstone 86 Phoenix 1240 India Manufacturing 3700 Kooria 300 Dawn 1602/8 David 147/8 New City 228/12 Minerva 210 Bradbury 630 Bharucha (Defd) 8 Bharat 49 Mysore 500 Madhavji 17 Model 182/8 Laxmi 1580 Vishnu 560 Western 3600 Standard 562/8 Sholapur 6120 Sassoon Cotton 18/8 Hindustan 3600 Tata X. D. 76 Ahmedabad Advance 460 Sassoon Silk 85 New Union 17/4 Madhusudan B 60 Shrinivas 390 Raja Bahadur 116/4 Berar 375 Victoria 425 Kohinoor Opn. 76.

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH).

Ahmedabad 153/12 (New) 107 8 Surat 243/12 New Pref 140 Karachi 132/8 Broach 12/1 Ajmer 13/8 Amalgamated 20/4 Jaigaon 14/12 Nagpur 56/8 Poona 195 Bombay Suburban 202/8 Bombay Suburban (New) 164/10.

BANK SHARES.

Reserve 122 Imperial 2210 P. P. 537/8 Central X. R. 95/8 Coupon 22 India 224 Union 9/14 Baroda 163 Habib 160 Dena Bank 60 United Commercial 68 Jaipur 60 Hindustan Com. 45 Mysore 460 Exchange (Ord) 53

INSURANCE.

Oriental 5450 Empire 865 New India 78 Jupiter 34 Vulcan 16 Indian Mercantile 58 Universal Fire 18 Vasant 22/4 British India General 22 Industrial Prudential 45 Neptune 13/6 New Great 43 All-India General 31.

RAILWAYS.

C. P. 110 Mymensing 113 Guaranteed 113 Sara Sirajganj 116 Pachora 101 Mandra Bhon 116.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 545 Steamer 500 Burma New 163/2 Burma Petrol 3/10/6 Mackenzie 185 Port Canning 74 Kemp 485 Zandu Pharmacy 202/8 Indian Radio (Ord.) 377 Indian Radio B. 375 Indian Radio 361/4 Indian Investment Trust 104/8 Wimco X. R. 261/4 Dharamsey Chemical 36 Mukund Iron 14/12 Dena Trust 25 Alembic 355 Supreme India 228 Jamwire 141/8 Bombay Uganda 85 Bombay Motor Cycle 43/8 India Cement 42 Walchand Nagar Industries 325 United Motor 70 A. C. C. New 52/8 Bombay Safe Deposit 825.

PREFERENCE SHARES.

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 209/6 Tram 50/12 Andhra Valley 1380 Tata Power 1410 Hydro 134/2 Bombay Steamer 315 Nagpur 885 Swadeshi 150 Vishnu 805 Laxmi 302/12 New Great 268/12 Poddar 116 Shrinivas 101 Elphinstone 123/2 Bradbury 550 Surat Elec. 211/4 Premier Construction (1st Pref.) 121/8 (2nd Pref.) 122/8 Amalgamated 156/4 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 116/4 Walchand Nagar Industries 250 Jupiter 19/12 Supreme 120.

OUTSIDE SHARES.

Indian Copper 2/15 B. I. O. 9 2 Burma Corporation 3/12 New Victoria 4/10 New Victoria Preference 6/12 Raja 27 Phalton 110 Gold Mohar 370 New Kaiser-i-Hind 430 Sajjan 310 Osmanshahi 280 Ajamshahi 250 Air Services 12/8 Air India 165 Birla Motor 6/14 Marshal 7.

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, June 4.

The Bullion Market was again quiet today on professional selling. These professional operators are playing in and out game and when they find the market oversold come to buy and force shorts to cover. The way they are collecting differences and reduce their risks. In the absence of fresh arrivals shorts are often caught.

The market opened today at Rs 168/4 and declined at Rs. 167/14 on moderate selling. Gold was also quiet at Rs. 111/6 with moderate business passing.

Later on the market was quiet and Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 167/4 while Gold was quoted at Rs. 111/2. Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 72/2.

The market finally closed as under:

Ready Silver	167	6	0
Ready Gold	111	2	0
Sovereigns	72	4	0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, June 4.

As anticipated the local cotton market ruled quiet today with increased selling pressure. The recent improvement was mainly due to firmness of outside markets while as a matter of fact there was no change in the fundamental situation and constructive factors are still lacking.

The market opened quiet at Rs. 436/12 for September delivery and declined at Rs. 435 under general unloading. Thereafter there was scattered covering and the market steadied at Rs. 435/8.

Later on September again declined at Rs 434/12 as persistent selling and steadied at Rs. 435.

The market finally closed at 4.30 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. July	430	0	0
I.C.C. September	435	2	0

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

BOMBAY, June 3.

	Hi.	Lo.	Closing.
Sept.	438-1/4	436-1/2	437-1 4
Karachi 4F July	46-3-3	46-0-0	46-1-0

INDIAN COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton September delivery is 1328 cent points below New York September at Exchange rate 331.

PRODUCE MARKET

Bombay June 4

The Produce market was easy today on further long liquidation and increased selling pressure.

Castorseeds September delivery opened to-day at Rs. 134/8 and declined at Rs. 133/10. Linseed Ready was quoted at Rs. 26/13 and July/August delivery was quoted at Rs. 26/12 while September was placed at Rs. 27. Groundnuts were also quiet.

Later on there was active Short covering and Castorseeds September advanced at Rs. 135/8.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, June 4

Tata Ordinary 375; Tata Deferred 1907-8; Indian Iron 32-2; Steel Corpn of Bengal 25-4; Bombay Dyeing 10-10; Central India 281-4; Gokak 293-12; Kohinoor 633-2; Simplex 333; Swadeshi 608-2; Tata Power 1622-8; Associated Cement 169-8; Belapur 260; Bombay Burma (Old) 435; Scindia 30-2; Central Bank 95; New India 78-2; Tata 2nd Pref. 161-14.

NEW YORK PEPPER PRICES

NEW YORK, June 3, (UPA): Black pepper futures had a firmer undertone during today's session of the New York market, and although no actual trading developed, prices closed unchanged to 100 points higher. In the face of continued slow grinder demand, sellers offered sparingly at firm prices because of higher replacements in the Indian and Singapore markets.

While sellers ideas here on Lampong black held at around 31, it was pointed out that offerings at Singapore ranged around three higher than on the domestic market.

Closing prices included; July 30 nom; September 28 nom; October 27 nom; December 26 nom; January 27 asked. March 26 asked; May 25 nom.

MEXICAN BULLION UNCHANGED

MEXICO CITY, June 3, (UPA): The Mexican money market opened the week unchanged from Saturday's close. All types of gold were quoted at 4.04 and silver continued dull at 1.02.

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

BOMBAY, June 4.

MILLS.

Apollo 3.13 3.12 3/13 3 12.6 Bharat 48 47,12 49 B. Dyeing 1030 980 1007/8 985 1010 C. India 283 84 80 82 78 81 Elphinstone (Ord.) 86 Finlay 302 294 96 95 98 94 Gokak 295 97 93 94 90 94 I. U. (Defd.) 2/13 2,11/6 2/12 2.12, 6 2/12 I. U. (Ord.) 15.4 15 5 15 15/2 Indore 530 32, 8 20 22.8 15 26 4 17,8 27,8 Kohinoor 645 38 42 40 42 36 38 26 36 28 32 25 28 25 33 Model 182 8 New Great 350 46 47 40 43 Podar 330 32,8 Simplex 343 35 36 32 35 30 33 29 34 33 Swadeshi 625 12 13 11 13 2 8 2 10 600 608 Tata Mills 78 76

BANKS.

Baroda 164 63 Central 97 96 97,8 96 97 95 8 96 8 96 97 96 96 8 95 8 Imperial (Old) 2200 10 Imperial (New) 545 37,8 India 225 22 8 24 Reserve 120 22 20 22 Union 10 9.12 9 14 U. Commercial 70 68 National Savings 76

ELECTRIC.

Ahmedabad 153 12 B. Tram (Ord.) 112/8 11 8 13 12/4 Hydro 171 Power 1620 25 17/8 22 8 New India Ass 80/8 78 Scindia Steam 31/12 30 12 31 30/12 30 14 30 6 30 12 30/2 30 5 30 30 6

STEEL.

B. Steel 26 8 26 26 4 25 12 26 25.10 25 25 8 25 25 4 I. Iron 33/6 32 12 33 32, 6 32/2 32 10 32 32 2 Tata (Defd.) 2020 40 1990 2005 1970 83 20 40 30 45 1875 1907/8 Tata (Ord.) 398 87/8 89 8 83 84 73 79 8 70 75 Tata (IInd Pref.) 161 62/8 62

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 545 A. C. C. (Old) 174/8 68 69 12 69/8 A. C. C. (New) 52 Belapur 270 71 58 60 B. B. Old 445 42 8 45 31/4 35 B. B. (New) 153/12 52/8 53/2 B. B. Petrol 3/12 3/10/6 I. Bleaching 149 44 Port Canning 76 75/8 P. Construction 190 81 83 Shivrajpur 36 Tata Chemical 14/4 14/8 13 8 14 13/8 13 12 13/8 Tata Oil 72 69 70 69/8 70/8 Wimco 263/12 6065 61/4 Kohinoor Coupon 70 71 68 Central Bank Coupon 23 22 Thakker Company 250

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA, June 4.

The market ruled better on renewed buying a fair turnover resulted Following are today's final transactions upto 2.00 p.m.:—

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES:

Three per cent Government paper 101.8, three per cent 1951/54, 104.2, sl. three per cent loan 1953/55, 102.10, small odd lot three per cent Victory, 1957, 102/6, small odd lots three per cent 1959/61, 102/3, small lot, three per cent 1970/74, 101/13.

BANKS: Hind Bank 36/-, Hindusthan Commercial Bank 46 Imperial Bank fully paid 2160 United Commercial Bank 67.

COTTONS: Kesoram 20.12 New Victoria Pref. 6 2.

JUTES: Auckland New Pref. 136 Ct Barnagore Pref 82 India 302 Lansdowne 350 Lansdowne Pref 151 Ct.

MISCELLANEOUS: Indian Copper 3 8 Ct Dalmia Cement New Pref 49 Frank Ross 7 Ct Burn and Co. (six per cent Pref) 150 Indian St. Wagon Pref 169 Sl Kumardhubi Eng Pref 116 Marshalls 9 Steel Corporation Pref 132 BI Corporation Ordy 9/2 Dunlop Rubber 76/8 Godfrey Phillip Pref 93 Indian Wood Products 35 Martin Burn Pref 114 Jardine Henderson 2/3 Metal Corporation Dfd 2/8 National Insulated Cables Pref 111 8 Ct National Tobacco Pref 101 British Burma Petrol 3/12 Orient Paper Pref 100 India General Navgn Pref 130 India Steamship 14/12.

SUGARS: Cawnpore Pref 195 Darbhanga 19 Ramnugger Cane Pref 127.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, June 3.

	£
Consols 2-1/2 p c	94-1/2
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p c 1961	112-5/16
War Loan 3-1/2 p c 1952 and after	105-7/8
Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/90	118-5/8
Victory Bonds 4 p c	120-1/2
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	11-3/8
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	113
National Bank of India	33-3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

LONDON, June 3.

Markets closed the long account in an uninspring manner.

Giltedgeds developed an easier tendency, more particularly long dated issues, while Europeans were easier, especially Hungarian four and a half per cent bonds which were two down on the withdrawal of American aid. Elsewhere among foreign bonds, Chileans after losing a point on American debt service doubts, regained the loss before close.

Shells featured oils, following the Gulf exploration agreement, while teas made a better showing.

Industrials were generally firm with good spots including Dunlops Distillers and Indian Iron.

Foreign rails were more subdued while among mines, kaffirs were idle pending half yearly dividends and coppers were dull following the lowering of world metal price.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, June 3.

B. C. Rates I. I. D. D. 1/8 15/16 Ready.

B. C. Rates I. I. D. D. 1/8 29 32 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/8 31/32 Ready

London Banks Selling I. I. D. D. 1/8 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/8 1/32 to 4th Months

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/8 1/16 10th 12th Months.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/8 1/16 to 4th Months

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/8 3,32 5th and 6th Months

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/8 1/8 7th 9th Months

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d st 1/8 1/8 to 4th Months.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d.st 1/8 5/32 6th and 8th Months.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d.st 1 6 3/16 7th and 9th Months.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st. 1 6 5/32 to 4th months.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st. 1.6 3/16 5th and 6th Months.

London Bank Buying 120 d/st. 1/6 7 32 7th and 9th Months.

NEW YORK & MONTREAL RATES

B. C. Rate I. I. Rs. 332 1.4.

Banks Selling I. I. D. D Rs 332 1/4

Banks Buying I. T Rs 330

Banks Buying D. D. N. Y. Rs 329.

Montreal Rs 328 3/4 under L/C.

Banks Buying D. D N. Y Rs 328 3/4

Montreal Rs 328 1/2 not under L/C

Paris Banks Selling I. I. Fcs 3550

Paris Banks Buying I. T Fcs 3650

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D Fl 79.

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D Rs. 84.

Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D Rs. 157.

Burma Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 100 1/2.

New York/London Cross Rate dol 4.02 11/16 to 4.02 13/16.

London Discts. 3 mos. 17/32%.

London Discts. 6 mos. 9/16-5/8%.

Reserve Bank Rate 3% Bank of England Rate 2%.

Money:—Call 1/4 p c, 3 Months 1/2 p c, 6 Months 3/4 p c, 12 Months 1 1/4 p c.

Tone:—Easy.

WALL STREET MARKET CLOSES FIRM

NEW YORK, June 3.

Stocks moved indecisively at the outset over a narrow range but subsequently developed a softer tendency and activity expanded occasionally on short covering and bargain hunting coincident with the reports that the United Mine Workers' union had resumed wage discussions with the southern soft coal operators. Gains of fractions to one point or more were fairly widespread throughout the list around midday. The best supporters included leading steels, textiles, motors, aviations, communications oils and specialities. The averages were industrial 169.50 and rails 43.00.

Business in the afternoon quietened but most sections managed to retain earlier improvement. Rubbers had been acting well notwithstanding the tyre price cuts by a leading manufacturers because of declining sales. Soft drinks has latterly been more prominent, reflecting expectations of larger sugar supplies but by the same token interest in sugar issues were inclined to fade. There appears to be good underlying interest in the market and analysts say that President Truman's signature on the labour and tax bills might provide a stimulation or recovery movement culminating in the industrial average reaching 174 CR better. Fresh buying lifted the market in late dealings to gains covering two points or more under the leadership of oils. The stimulus was derived from the impressive Standard Oil Company of New Jersey report estimating earning for the first six months of 1947 at 5.12 dollars per share compared with 6.50 in all 1946 the market closed firm. American Telephone and Telegraph 163-3/4, Amerex Holding Co 27-1 2, Anaconda Copper Mining 34-3 4, Chase National Bank 34-1/8, Sinclair Oil 14-3/4 Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co., 43-1/8, General Electric Co., 33-7/8, General Motors 55-5/8, Ingersol Rand 108, International Nickel 31-1/2, National City Bank of New York 38-1/4, New York Central Rail Road Co., 13-5/8, Socony Vacuum Corporation 15, Texas Corporation 61-1/4, Union Carbon and Carbide 101, U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co. 40-3/4 U. S. Steel Corporation Common 65-3.8.

CHICAGO WHEAT PRICES

CHICAGO, June 3, (UPA): Wheat prices were irregular but firm during today's session of the Chicago Commodity Exchange, influenced by news that the Government was back in the market to buy new crop supplies for export and the renewed strength of the cash markets.

NEGOTIATE FOR SUPPLY OF AUSTRALIAN WHEAT IN EXCHANGE FOR INDIAN LINSEED

CANBERRA, June 3, (UPA): The House of Representatives was told today that negotiations are proceeding for the supply of Australian wheat to India in exchange for linseed.

NEW YORK SILVER PRICE UNCHANGED

NEW YORK, June 3, (UPA): The price of silver in the New York market remained unchanged today at 70-3/4 cents per ounce. The volume of business transacted was estimated at 200,000 ounces.

LONDON PEPPER PRICES

LONDON, June 3, (UPA): Prices of pepper in today's session of the London market were quoted at 2/3 for white pepper and 1/6 for black.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 30th day of May 1947.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	37,12,53,000
Notes in circulation	1227,03,26,000
Total Notes issued	1264,15,79,000
Total Liabilities	1264,15,79,000

ASSETS	Rs.
A Gold Coin and Bullion.—	
(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000
(b) Held outside India	
Sterling Securities	1135,32,89,000
Total of A	1179,74,34,000
B Rupee Coin	26,57,31,000
Government of Ind Rupee Securities	57,84,14,000
Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial Paper	..
Total Assets	1264,15,79,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities 93.322 per cent.

Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department as on the 30th May 1947.

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government	
(1) Central Government India	404,25,79,000
(2) Other Government Accounts	12,82,00,000
(b) Banks	108,47,96,000
(c) Others	24,75,20,000
Bills Payable	2,11,92,000
Other Liabilities	18,55,46,000
Rupees	580,98,33,000

ASSETS	Rs.
Notes	37,12,53,000
Rupee Coin	9,15,000
Subsidiary Coin	1,78,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	..
(b) External	..
(c) Government Treasury Bills	3,22,83,000
Balances held abroad	466,33,24,000
Loans and Advances to Governments	1,31,00,000
Other Loans and Advances	11,25,000
Investments	67,38 03,000
Other Assets	9,38,52,000
Rupees	580,98,33,000

Includes Cash and Short term Securities.

U.S.A. BULLION IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

WASHINGTON, June 3, (UPA). The Census Bureau reported today that U. S. gold exports for the week ending May 7 totalled dol. 414,274, while imports amounted to dol. 37,202, 922. Silver exports were valued dol. 1,107,658, while imports totalled dol. 565,841.

Gold exports included: India dol. 78,085; Venezuela dol. 107,700; Paraguay dol. 2476 and Syria dol. 226,913. Gold imports included: Canada dol. 233,553; Mexico dol. 42,988; El Salvador dol. 41,143; Honduras dol. 16,941; Nicaragua dol. 101,775; Colombia dol. 6,683,504; Peru dol. 250,116; Bolivia dol. 734; Chile dol. 27,731. United Kingdom dol. 604; Portugal dol. 51,843 Philippines dol. 5522; and South Africa dol. 29,706,469.

Silver exports included: Canada dol. 3655; Venezuela dol. 384,003; Brazil dol. 2778; Uruguay dol. 2691; Sweden dol. 68,484; Denmark and Faroe Islands dol. 45,500; and United Kingdom dol. 600,547.

Silver imports included: Canada dol. 122,418; Mexico dol. 102,466; El Salvador dol. 11,196; Honduras dol. 67,448; Nicaragua dol. 1143; Peru dol. 236,017; Bolivia dol. 5753; Chile dol. 11,319; Belgium and Luxembourg dol. 4852; Portugal dol. 2042. Philippines dol. 50 and South Africa dol. 1135.

LONDON WHEAT.

London, June 3.

Australian Wheat (bulk) F. O. B. 103 June/July quoted.

LONDON BULLION.

London, June 3.

Silver Spot 43 d. Forward 43 d.
Gold Bars Fine per oz. £8/12/3.

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO, June 3.

July 2.29-3/4 to 2.30.
September 2.23 to 2.23-1/4.
December 2.20-3/4.
May 2.17-1/4.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, June 3.

July	34.65+37
October	30 14+14
October highest	30.28+28
October lowest	29.97—03
December	29 32+18
January	28 86+18
March	28 88+20
May	28.42+20
Middling Spot	36+35

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, June 3

July	34.53+40
October	30.19+27
December	29.36+29
March	28.88+30
Middling Spot	36.05+35

New York Cotton Prices Climbed In Last Hour

NEW YORK, June 3.

Prices climbed sharply in the last hour of today's session of the New York Cotton Exchange, reaching the highest level in more than three weeks as scared shorts in old crop July attempted to cover in the market. The failure of expected offerings to materialise in July above the 34-1 2 cent level alarmed recent sellers who attempted to buy in competition with renewed demand through a leading spot firm. Prior to the final upswing the market was quiet and irregular. The trend went up gradually following the strength in grains plus the firmness in securities. Apart from scale-up hedge offerings, sellers were more reserved, making prices sensitive to moderate trade in Wall Street and New Orleans speculative demand. Sentiment was more friendly because of the tightening situation in July plus the uncertainties of the new crop and the distressing tenor of crop news from Egypt. Alexandria trade reports stressed the menace to a large portion of th Egyptian crop because of a heavy boll weevil and cotton worm infestation. Traders were fearful that damage to Egypt's prospective crop of 1,200,000 bales will seriously affect the world wide supply situation. Minimizing the effect of the Egyptian news, some observers contended that inasmuch as the crop there is British owned and British used, the supply does not enter the usual world channels although they admitted that the situation could foster a greater demand for American growths.

SPOT BUYING

Today's session opened 15 points higher to three lower. July was independently firm on spot house buying, either covering for mills or transferring short hedges to the new crop positions. Buyers of July also pointed out that the futures contract was at a discount of around 130 points under the Houston spot market. Moreover, 600,000 bales of outstanding July remain to be evened up before the first notice of the day on June 24. July closed at the best level, but the other months were slightly under their best due to realising, although the list finished a net 14 to 37 points higher. The announcement of a Department of Agriculture interim loan on the new crop of 34.75 cents per pound for middling seven-eighths inch cotton influenced some foreign selling. Traders pointed out that the temporary loan is 153 points under the indicated loan if it is based on the mid-May parity. It is suggested that the Government is allowing ample leaway for a further decline in the parity leaway to July when the regular average loan rate is to be determined.

JAPANESE TRADE

Colonel R. C. Kramer, who served four years on General MacArthur's staff and is now Chairman of the board of a leading textile firm, sharply criticized the opposition here to the revival of Japan's light industries, including the textile industry. Rejecting suggestions that Japanese workers should be diverted from industry to farming he said that the "actions designed to restrict the Japanese workers unfairly in order to give American manufacturers an advantage in the foreign markets is immoral and dangerous." He emphasised that Japan must export goods to import food and asserted that "a prosperous Japanese economy would afford several advantages for the United States."

THE BOMBAY STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

Bombay/Mormugao Weekly Cargo-Cum-Passenger Service

We have the pleasure to announce that there will be a weekly cargo-cum-passenger steamer service from Harbour Wall, 'KLM' Sheds, Prince's Dock on Saturdays at 5-00 P.M., commencing from Saturday 14th June, 1947. 3794

Ports of Call:—Dhamankhol (Jaigad), Mirya Bay, (Ratnagiri)

NOTE:—Vijaydurg will be called at from July, 1947.

Scindia House, Ballard Estate, BOMBAY: 3 6,47. (38i.

AIR SERVICES OF INDIA LTD.

21 SEATER DAKOTAS

Between

BOMBAY—GWALIOR—DELHI

Tues., Thurs., Sat.		Mon., Wed., Fri.
06.45 Dep	BOMBAY	Arr. 12.30
11.15 Dep.	GWALIOR	Dep. 08.30
12.30 Arr.	DELHI	Dep. 06.45

SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD

Phone:— 21919 Scindia House, 25744 Mandvi, 86236 Juhu. Telegrams: AIRTAXIES

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

IRON & STEEL CONTROL

(DISPOSAL)

TENDER NOTICE

Sealed Tenders are invited by the Iron and Steel Controller (Disposals) Division 100. Clive Street Calcutta for the purchase and removal of part or the whole of the following stores:—

STORES: Wire Ropes of 5/16", 13/16" and 1.1/8" dia. and various other guages in reels of 20 ft. and coils of 20 fathoms each

LOCATION: Madras, Cochin, Chromepet.

SUPERSCRIBE REFERENCE T Ropes Madras 2.

DUE DATE OF TENDER:—18th June, 1947.

DATE OF OPENING OF TENDER IN PUBLIC:—23rd June 1947.

OFFERS TO REMAIN OPEN FOR ACCEPTANCE UPTO:—23rd July 1947.

EARNEST MONEY

Amount of Rs. 1,000/- to be deposited as Earnest Money in the Reserve/Imperial Bank or Govt. Treasury in favour of the Iron and Steel Controller. 100. Clive Street, Calcutta, under the Head of Account: "Revenue Deposit." The Treasury Receipt for the Earnest Money should be attached to the Tender. National Savings Certificate will also be accepted as Earnest Money but Cash, Cheques or Bank Drafts will not under any circumstances be accepted.

Full details together with inspection permit are obtainable from the Iron and Steel Controller 100. Clive Street, Calcutta.

The Stores will be sold without guarantee of their condition and subject to the conditions as laid down in Form Con. 117.

Tenders must accompany a signed declaration from the Tenderer that he has accepted the conditions of Sales as contained in Form Con. 117.

AC 374

MUTT AND JEFF—Yea And There's A Shortage Of Poetry—Somewhere In The Joint

By BUD FISHER

I'M GOING TO BE A GREAT POET! THROUGH THE FORCE OF MY POEMS I SHALL LEAD THE PEOPLE TO A BETTER WORLD!
MUTT, THERE'S A PAPER SHORTAGE!
I WILL WRITE POEM UPON POEM, VERSE UPON VERSE! PUBLISHERS WILL CLAMOR FOR MY WORK!
MUTT, YOU WASTE TOO MUCH PAPER!
WHAT DO YOU MEAN?
I MEAN, WHY DON'T YOU WRITE ON BOTH SIDES OF A SHEET AND SAVE PAPER?
PUBLISHERS WON'T ACCEPT ANYTHING WRITTEN ON BOTH SIDES OF A SHEET!
?
YEH, I KNOW. THAT, BUT YOU'D SAVE A LOT OF PAPER JUST THE SAME!
HONK!

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

OUR. TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.
MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.
To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL.

Ambitious Smart handsome talented Maharashtrian Brahmin Undergraduate aged 25, desires to **marry virgin** or widow in affluent **circumstances.** No caste restrictions. Interested persons should **apply Box** No. 6096, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted by young highly educated rich Hindu gentleman, decent lady either virgin or widow of any caste as Companion with view to marriage. Apply Box No. 6080, "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS VACANT

Vidya Bhawan, Udaipur, Wanted: (1) experienced M.A.'s or trained graduates to teach English, History, Geography, Science, Hindi and Urdu to High School Classes. Grade: 100-10-200 plus D.A. (2) Also specially qualified teachers for Junior classes. Pay up to Rs. 100 plus D.A. (3) Provident Fund on confirmation. (4) Apply on Prescribed form before June 1, 1947. Headmaster. 6101

Wanted Shorthand-Typist, experienced in Solicitors Office. Apply Taher and Co., Solicitors, 35, Dalal Street, Fort. (6092)

Wanted Book-Binders and Gilder. Apply: Ambrose Serrao & Co., Cama House, 124, Mint Road, Fort, Bombay. (6093)

Wanted Field Development officers in the following Districts: Ahmednagar, Nasik, East and West Khandesh, North Kanara and Ratnagiri. Candidates who can influence good amount of Life business need apply with particulars as to age, educational qualifications, Salary expected etc. to The Branch Manager, Free India General Insurance Co., Ltd., Post Box No. 37, Bombay. N. B. The company has paid claims exceeding Rs. 40 lacs. (3857)

Applications are invited from Science Graduates, preferably first class, for the post of demonstrator in Biology in the scale of Rs. 75-5-175, from Matriculates for the post of Laboratory Assistant in Chemistry in the scale of Rs. 30-1-40-2-60, and from literate persons for the post of laboratory hamal in Chemistry on a fixed pay of Rs. 16|- p.m. PLUS an interim relief of Rs. 10.- or Rs. 5|- and dearness allowance in each case according to rules. Applicants should give full details, stating name, qualifications, caste, date of birth, native place (domicile) and previous experience, if any. Applications should reach the Principal, Gujarat College, Ahmedabad on or before 10th June, 1947. (3824)

Production engineer required for the Works of Tata Locomotive and Engineering Co., Ltd., Tatanagar. The candidate should have previous experience as Production Engineer in Locomotive Workshops. Salary Rs. 1,750-30-2,000 per month. Applications may be addressed to the General Manager, Tata Locomotive and Engineering Co., Ltd., Telco Works P.O. (Tatanagar, B.N.R.) with full particulars of training and posts held. (3823)

Wanted One L.E.E. or Holder of Electrical Supervisor's License. Apply immediately Kalpana Engineering Co., Abid Road, Hyderabad (Deccan). (6056)

Wanted Youths for Newspaper work with good command over English language. Pay Rs. 50/- plus dearness allowance. Those who have passed Matriculation examination need apply in their own handwriting to the Manager, "The Bombay Chronicle." Interviews between noon and 1 p.m.

SITUATION WANTED

An energetic Matriculate seeks any suitable job. Write to Box No. 6103, "Bombay Chronicle."

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Saraswati Commercial Institute, Parel. Fresh Enrolments D.Com. (I.M.C.), A.I.C.A., Accountancy, Banking, Secretarial practice. Shorthand, Typewriting, General English. Charges moderate. New Session starts 9th June. (6046)

Alexandra Commercial College: Established 42 Years. Specialised individual training offered for various lucrative commercial diploma courses to suit Graduates, Matriculates and Non-Matriculates. Outstanding successes. Terms Moderate. Prospect Chambers Annexe, Hornby Road. 3754

Admissions—Davar's College of Commerce—Specialised and General Commerce Diploma Courses suitable for Graduates, Undergraduates and others. Enrolments proceeding for Preliminary lessons now for New Session commencing 9th June. Either personal or postal training. Call or write for Prospectus, 51 Esplanade Road. 6054

Free! Free! Free! Free! prospectus "Engineering Opportunities" shows how You can take advantage of the present demand for qualified Engineers and gives details of Government recognised Examinations, A.M.I.C.E., A.M.I.E.E AM.I. Mech.E., Textile Courses. Public Service Examinations. Senior Cambridge, etc. All courses conducted from Bombay under qualified British supervision. Write for a prospectus Now—Free. B.I. E.T., Department 30, British Institutes House, Bombay. 3808A

Beginners keen to write Short Stories to supply the wide demand that exists in rapidly increasing number of Indian journals Particulars from Box No 6011, "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY
THE ELECTRIC GRID DEPARTMENT
TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS are invited for Electrical Works under the following sections and will be received in the Office of the Electrical Commissioner with the Government of Bombay, Foreshore Road, Bombay 1, up to 12 noon 15th July, 1947:—

Specification No Elg. D. S. 2 comprising—

SECTION I—High tension and low tension sub-station equipments.
SECTION II—Part I—High tension transmission and low tension distribution line equipments
SECTION II, Part II—Sub-station and special structures.
SECTION III—Street lighting equipments
SECTION IV—Service materials, lineman's tools, testing apparatus, etc.

for the electrification of Ratnagiri, Chiplun, Malvan and Vengurla towns and for some of the places in the Bulsar and Satara Talukas.

Specification and General conditions of contract can be had from the Office of the Electrical Commissioner with the Government of Bombay, Foreshore Road, Bombay 1, on cash payment of Rs. 30 per set. Firms outside Bombay may, however, remit the amount to the Electrical Commissioner with the Government of Bombay, direct by money order. No refund is permissible after payment.

Applicants must be on approved list of either P.W.D. or Supply Department Contractors.

The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

Dated 31st May, 1947.
P. B. ADVANI,
Electrical Commissioner
With the Government of Bombay.
Bombay.
3802

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS are invited for temporary appointment in the post of Senior Surveyor in the Office of the Collector of Bombay, in the grade of Rs. 120-15-2-180-10-250 plus conveyance allowance of Rs. 35 p. m. and the interim relief and the dearness allowance sanctioned by Government.

Candidates must possess a degree in Civil Engineering from a recognized University and should have three years' practical experience in Survey and Valuation of real properties in a recognised firm of Engineers and Architects.

Applications with copies of the necessary proofs of character and educational qualifications should reach the undersigned not later than the 18th June 1947.

Y. R. PARPIA,
Collector of Bombay.
Collector's Office,
Old Custom House, Fort,
Bombay, 26th May, 1947.
(3742)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS for admission to First Year Classes must reach this College Office before 4-00 p.m. on 12th June, 1947.

TIME OF ACCEPTANCE

11-00 a.m. to 1-00 p.m. and 3-00 p.m. to 4-30 p.m. on June 5, 6, 9, 10 and 11.

11-00 a.m. to 1-00 p.m. on June 7.

PRINCIPAL,
Elphinstone College, Bombay 1.
3785

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Seven Standards Annually: Patels Matriculated from A.B.C. 18-33 months Ideal Purushottam-Narayan High School, Khadia, Ahmedabad. (6019)

Hurry up! Failed Matriculates, if strong in English, may appear at Cambridge School Certificate Examination (December) or London Chamber of Commerce Examinations. Many optional subjects. Oral/postal training, evening classes. Apply immediately for Prospectus stating course required: Bombay Tutorial College, opposite Jermahal, Dhobitalao. 6073

First Year College which subjects? Advice for B.A. Given. Expert tuition Matric to Inter. Write to Box No. 6104, "Bombay Chronicle."

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted energetical and experience Agents, Stockists and Canvassers for our High-Grown Tea products. Apply for terms and condition. Messrs. Katteri Sanjimir and Planters Ltd. Katteri P.O. (Nilgiris). (6085)

Wanted District Organisers to push the sale of the remaining unsold shares of the Peninsular Chemical Industries Ltd. on both pay and commission. The medicines of the Company are already in the Market. Apply to Mg. Agents, 115, Canning Street, Calcutta. 3244

LOAN & MORTGAGES.

For Loans against property mortgages. Please refer to Box No. 6083 "Bombay Chronicle."

MACHINERY FOR SALE

Lancashire Boilers—For Sale. Lancashire Boilers, 30' x 8½' x 160 lbs. make 1917 with current certificate Contact: Western Manufacturing Co., P.O. Box 1230, Bombay 1. Telegram: Westerwork. 6078

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Make in no time, Rupees one lakh fifty thousands by investing Rupees three thousands only Fee chargeable after gains. See or write: Karamchand Shah, Bharatiya Nivas, Hindu Lodge, Kalbadevi, Bombay. (6105)

PUBLIC NOTICES

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT
NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEPARATE SEALED TENDERS in B-2(item rate) Form are invited for constructing the following two buildings each estimated to cost Rupees 1,47,051 approximately and will be received by the Executive Engineer, Building Projects Division (No. 1), Poona 1, in his office at Poona, on the following dates:—

Name of work.	Last date for issuing tenders	Last date & time for receiving tenders.
1. Industrial School, Hubli.	Thursday, 26th June, 1947.	Saturday, 28th June 1947. 3 p.m.
2 Industrial School, Bijapur.	Thursday, 26th June, 1947.	Monday, 30th June, 1947. 3 p.m.

and will be opened on the dates mentioned above Rs. 1,471 for each work, as earnest money should be paid into the Reserve Bank of India or nearest Government Treasury and the receipt challan attached to the tender which should also be accompanied by a solvency certificate or Banker's certificate of financial stability without which the tender shall not be considered.

2. Blank tender forms can be obtained on payment of Rs. 10/- per copy for each work from the above named office during office hours on all working days upto the dates mentioned above, where the plans and contract documents can also be seen.

3. The Contractor shall quote the rates in words and figures and work out the amounts for each item and the total given at the end. No alteration in the form of the tender or in the schedule of quantities and no addition in the shape of special stipulation shall be permitted.

4. Tenders which do not fulfil any of the above conditions or those in the printed tender and are incomplete in any respect, will be rejected.

5. Acceptance of the tender rests with the Chief Engineer, Public Works Department, Poona, who reserves the right of rejecting any or all tenders without assigning any reasons.

(Sd.) L. W. KALE,
Executive Engineer,
Building Projects Division (No. 1)
Central Buildings, Poona 1,
2nd June, 1947.
3844

NOTICE

WANTED IMMEDIATELY in Bombay or its vicinity (a) between ten and twenty acres of land, suitable for Factory purposes and accessible to Railway facilities, (b) a Shed floor space six to seven thousand square feet with or without Electric connections. Please apply to Messrs. JAMSEDJI RUSTOMJI & DEVIDAS, Solicitors, Lalgir Chambers, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay. 3826

MADRAS AND SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY

APPLICATIONS are invited for one post of Berthing Master at Mormugao Harbour, on Rs. 320/- per mensem in scale Rs. 320-20-400, plus Dearness Allowance as admissible and Railway quarters, if available, on payment of rent at 10% of salary. The appointment will be temporary in the first instance and the selected candidate will be considered for confirmation in a permanent capacity if found suitable.

AGE Candidates must have attained the age of 30 and must not have attaind 40 years on 1st May 1947.

QUALIFICATIONS. Candidates must hold a certificate of Competency as Master of a Home Trade Ship and British Coasting Certificate, and must have had at least 5 years' experience on a ship.

DUTIES: The Selected Candidate will be required to take charge of the maintenance of Harbour craft and buoys in Mormugao Harbour, be responsible for taking soundings in the Harbour, and for taking the Dredgers to Bombay and back for dry-docking and other duties. He will also be required to pilot ships to and from the Harbour when required.

PROCEDURE: Applicants should write by post to address below for an application form enclosing sufficiently stamped self-addressed envelope and a crossed Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/- payable to the Pay Master and Cashier, M. & S. M. Railway, Madras 3. Applicants residing in Portuguese India should send the amount to the Pay Master and Cashier by Postal Money Order. In the case of Scheduled Caste Candidates, the fee for application form will be annas four only which amount must be sent by Money Order to the Chief Engineer, M. & S. M. Railway, Madras 3. The envelope in which the Postal Order is sent and the one in which the application form is returned duly filled should be superscribed "APPLICATION FOR THE POST OF BERTHING MATER". The last date for receipt of Postal Orders and Money Orders is 15-6-47 and that for receipt of application forms duly filled in is 10-7-47. No request for an application form will be entertained unless the above instructions are observed.

A call to attend interview will not imply offer of appointment.

CHIEF ENGINEER,
M. & S. M. Railway, Madras 3.
3858

THE NEW INDIA ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED
BOMBAY
SHARE CERTIFICATES LOST OR MISLAID

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that one Share Certificate No. 26561 in respect of one Share No. 117991 of THE NEW INDIA ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED, standing in the name of BAI SHIRINBAI MANEKJI PRINTER and one Share Certificate No. 26562 in respect of one Share No. 117992 of THE NEW INDIA ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED, standing in the name of BAI RATANBAI MANEKJI PRINTER have been LOST or MISLAID, and the undersigned have applied to the Company to issue duplicate Share Certificates for the said Shares, respectively. Any person having any claim on either of the said Shares should notify to and lodge such claim with the Company at its Registered Office, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay, within one month from this date, after which no claim will be considered and the Company will proceed to issue duplicate Share Certificates.

SHIRINBAI MANEKJI PRINTER,
RATANBAI MANEKJI PRINTER,
(Signature of Shareholders)
6094

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BOMBAY-SIND
LECTURER IN GERMAN

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED before 5-7-1947, preferably from persons with approved war service for post of LECTURER IN GERMAN, ELPHINSTONE COLLEGE, BOMBAY. PAY.—SCALE:—Rs. 170-500 for men and Rs. 170-350 for women. Rs. 170 during probationary period of first two years QUALIFICATIONS:— Honours degree in German of Bombay University or equivalent degree of a statutory University. AGE:—Between 23 and 30 years on 1-10-1947. Relaxable in suitable cases. Application form supplied on receipt of large addressed envelope with 3½ annas stamps and CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/- payable to "Secretary, Bombay-Sind Public Service Commission", Bombay. WHO WILL SUPPLY FULL DETAILS ON REQUEST. Canvassing in any form will disqualify the candidate concerned. 3855

THE INDIAN LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS and POLICYHOLDERS of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, "Ilaco House", Victoria Road, Karachi, on SATURDAY, the 21st June, 1947, at 5-30 p.m. to transact the following business:—

I. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Statements of Accounts to 31st December 1946.
II. To declare a Dividend.
III. To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but are eligible and offer themselves for re-election.
IV. To elect Auditors for the ensuing year and fix their remuneration.

NOTE:—The TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 14th June to the 23rd June 1947, both days inclusive.

By Order,
A. R. D'ABREO,
Secretary.
Karachi, 28th May, 1947.

N.B.—A copy of the Directors' Report and Statements of Account will be sent on Application. 3859

THE RAMNIRANJAN ANANDILAL PODAR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE AND ECONOMICS
MATUNGA, BOMBAY
RE-OPENS on FRIDAY, 20th June, 1947.

The College offers instruction in courses of study leading up to the B.Com. and M.Com. degrees. All optional subjects are taught. Application forms can be had from the College Office.

L. N. WELINGKAR,
Principal.
(3843)

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BOMBAY-SIND.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED before 10-6-1947 from natives of the Province of Bombay, for the following temporary posts in the office of the Bombay-Sind Public Service Commission:

(i) TWO JUNIOR ASSISTANTS: PAY Rs. 100-220, PLUS dearness allowance. QUALIFICATIONS.—A degree in Arts, Science, Law or Commerce. AGE.—18-25 years (28 years in the case of backward and intermediate classes, including Muslims) on 10-6-1947.

(ii) ONE CLERK.—PAY—Rs. 50-95 PLUS dearness allowance. QUALIFICATIONS.— Matriculation or equivalent examination. AGE.—18-25 years (28 years in the case of backward and intermediate classes, including Muslims) on 10-6-1947.

Apply immediately to the SECRETARY, BOMBAY-SIND PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, P.W.D. SECRETARIAT, BOMBAY, giving details regarding name, date and place of birth, nationality, domicile, caste and sub-caste, if any, educational qualifications and previous experience, if any. No application form is prescribed. Copies of certificates and testimonials should accompany the application. Candidates will have to come for interview at their own expense. (3856)

PUBLIC NOTICES

G.I.P. RAILWAY
AUCTION NOTICE
USED GUNNY BAGS. Tea and Soap wooden cases, empty tins etc., will be auctioned at 3 P.M. on the 11th June 1947 at Wadi Bundar. Shed No. 3 Stocks may be inspected at site Conditions governing auction will be available at the office of the Deputy General Manager (Grainshops), Bombay. V. T. 3861

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of various used articles from the India United Mills Ltd. No. 1 Mill, Nos 2 and 3 Mills, No 4 Mill, No. 5 Mill and Dye Works and will be received upto 14-6-47 at the registered office, E. D Sassoon Bldg., Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. Tender 'Forms' can be had from this office 3836

FOR IMMEDIATE SALE BY OPEN TENDER TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER BRASS AND BRONZE WIRE GAUZE OF AMERICAN MANUFACTURE AND OF THE FOLLOWING DESCRIPTION:

(a) Brass wire gauze 4 mesh 36" wide, .047" wire—120 sq. ft., 12 mesh 36" wide 476 sq. ft., 50 mesh 36" wide—106 sq. ft., 60 mesh 36" wide spec. RR-S-366, Table I-1327 sq. ft., 100 mesh 36" wide, .004" guage spec. RR-C-451-147 sq. ft., (b) Gauze wire bronze 80 mesh 36" wide .007" gauge spec. RR-C-451 16 sq. ft.

Sealed tenders in duplicate covers superscribed SA-39 V 29 -1 Brass and Bronze Wire Gauze may be submitted on or before 15-6-47. No tender will be considered unless accompanied by a deposit of 10% of the value of the goods. Opening of the tenders will take place in public at 11 A. M. on 16-6-47. Successful tenderers alone will be informed of the results, and the deposits of unsuccessful tenderers will be returned within a fortnight of the date of opening of the tender. The goods will be sold subject to the Company's usual terms of business and in an "as is where is" condition.

Inserted by:
TATA AIRCRAFT LIMITED
Titaghur Air Depot, 24 Parganas, Bengal.
Telephone No. Cal. 3081-87.
Telegram: TATACRAFT,
Titaghur Air Depot.
(3414)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

Messrs. PANDIT SHIRALI & CO., hereby notify the public that Messrs. Peerless Pictures represented by its Proprietor Mr. Purshotam Pandurang Samant has sold to them the distribution exploitation and exhibition rights in respect of the three pictures viz. ROOM NO. 9, PAROO and SHIKAYAT for the Bengal Circuit and for the overseas excluding East Africa, South Africa, Mauritius, and the continent of America by an Agreement, dated 30th April, 1946. The public is hereby warned not to deal with the said pictures in any way prejudicial to their interests.

Dated this 3rd day of June, 1947.
NANU HORMUSJI & CO.,
Attorneys for Messrs. Pandit Shirali & Co.
3862

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. MOHANLAL GOCULDAS and BHAGIRATHIBAI, wife of Mohanlal Goculdas have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having any claim or interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease, or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Ismail Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay and to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of leasehold tenure, situate at the junction of Harvey Road and Laburnum Road, admeasuring 505 (Five hundred and five) sq. yards or thereabouts together with a semi detached building and a part of Motor Garage, standing thereon, bearing D. Ward No. 2772, 2776 (1)B, part and Street No. 13 and 6AB(part) being the Western portion of the whole Plot No. 36 of Gamdevi Estate of the Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay in the City and Island of Bombay and in the Registration Sub-Registration District of Bombay and which Western Portion forms a part of the said whole plot No. 36 of the Gamdevi Estate of the Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay, admeasuring 906 square yards or thereabouts and of the building formerly known as 'Girdhar Mahal' which said whole plot bears New Survey Nos. 7322 (part) 7323 (part), 7324 (part), 7325(part) 7327 (part) and which Western portion bears Cadastral Survey No. 1/1660 of Girgaon Division and bounded as follows: that is to say, on the North East by plot No. 37 of the said estate leased to Hansraj Damodar, on the South East by the semi detached Eastern portion of the said plot, on the South West by the said Laburnum Road and on the North West by the said Harvey Road

Dated this 4th day of June 1947
DASTUR & CO.
Purchasers' Attorneys
3841

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF 17 A.R.P. FOLDING BARRICADES

Under instructions from the Municipal Commissioner, Bombay M s BENNETT & CO. will on WEDNESDAY, 11th inst at 4 p m (S T) sell by Public Auction at Municipal Workshop, Foras Road, the above barricades.

Terms: 25 p c. Cash Deposit.

SALE WILL TAKE PLACE AT OUR ROOMS
AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT KURLA.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, Bombay as Receiver in Suit No 668 of 1946 (Bai Khatizabai vs M. Y Tripathi) M s BENNETT & CO will on MONDAY, 16th inst. at 4 p m (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at their rooms:—

Leasehold land with 3 chawls admeasuring about 1046 sq yds at Kurla and known as "Siddha Mahal", bearing Municipal Nos 177, 178, 179 and bounded on the North by Belgrami Road, on the South and East by the Roads of Kurla Estate and on the West by leased land of Kurla Estate.

For particulars and conditions of sale apply to M s. Khanderao Laud & Co., Court Receiver's Solicitors or to the undersigned

BENNETT & CO.

THE LAXMI TUTORIAL & COMMERCIAL INSTITUTE
DADAR—BOMBAY.

(Recognised by Government). Admissions are proceeding for the following courses commencing from June 1947.—Cost and Works Accountants, Registered Accountants, Railway Accountants and Auditors Bank Officers Secretaries & Managers, Business Executives i.e. D Com. (I. M. C.) L. C. C. Group Diploma and Government Commercial Diploma, Stenographers and Reporters. Those interested may enrol at once as seats are limited. For detailed PROSPECTUS apply with Eight Annas Postage Stamp to the PRINCIPAL.

FAME & FORTUNE await the Trained Journalist
Graduate In Journalism
One and two year courses for Graduates and Matriculates.
POSTAL OR PERSONAL
Reporting, Sub-editing, Short-story, Advertising, Book and Film Reviewing etc.
Prospectus 3 Annas.
HORNIMAN COLLEGE OF JOURNALISM, Bombay 1.

Ready Stock Available At Karachi
American yellow Hexagonal Tipped Pencils, Czechoslovakian Pencils "Dessin" and "School type" Brands of L. and C. Hardtmuth, American Plastic Penholders (dip-in-pens) that write 200 words in one dip. Apply sharp for details and prices to Overseas Trade Corporation Sialkot City.

INCURABLE DISEASES CURED BY FEELING PULSE ALONE
PT MELA RAMJI VAIDRAJ VAID BHUSHAN, M.A.M., L.C.P.S., Renowned Physician of Northern India, who is 14th in the line of Royal Physicians since the time of Emperor Shah-Jehan, has at the request of friends agreed to stay in Bombay for 2—3 weeks. Panditji permanently cures incurable chronic diseases by feeling pulse alone. Panditji is on All-India Pilgrimage and is treating patients from 9 a.m. onwards at first floor, 100, Warden Road, Bombay. Phone: 44043.

RECRUITMENT OF ARTIFICER APPRENTICES
for the
ROYAL INDIAN NAVY
1947
★
A competitive examination will be held on 30th June 1947 for the selection of ARTIFICER APPRENTICES for the Royal Indian Navy.
To be eligible to appear in the competitive examination a candidate must have passed Matriculation or equivalent examination and be between 14 to 17 years of age.
He must also conform to the following minimum physical standards:—
Height 5 feet; Mean chest 29 inches; weight 94 lbs. and normal vision. Glasses may not be worn.
Pay on entry Rs. 50-10-80 per mensem with free rations, clothing and accommodation.
For further details and centres at which the examination will be held apply to the nearest recruiting office.
Recruiting offices are located at:—
197, Taj Road, AGRA. Circular Road, AJMER. 95, Bank Road, AMBALA. Alexandria Barracks, ALMORA. Rohilkhand Barracks, BAREILLY. Courtpeta Dak Bungalow (Ganjam Distt.), BERHAMPORE. Balloon Barrage Building, Cross Maidan, Marine Lines, BOMBAY. Alexandra Barracks (Block No. 5), BELGAUM. Cornwallis Barracks, BANGALORE. 28, Theatre Road, CALCUTTA. Race Course Road, COIMBATORE. 16, Elgin Road, DELHI. Jada Road, JHELUM. Bungalow No. 1, JULLUNDUR. 14, Abbot Road, LAHORE. No. 2, Mall Road, LUCKNOW. Office Building No. 58, LANSDOWNE. 83, Sukhalal Road, MULTAN. Bazar Lines, Hathikhana, MEERUT. Padapet Lines, MADRAS. Mumtaj Mahal, P.O. Beanee Bagh, Kamptee Road, NAGPUR. Cavegnary Road, PESHAWAR. Ward No. 1, Mission Road, PALAMPUR. Exhibition Road, PATNA. 3, Clime Road, POONA. Gwyn Thomas Road, RAWALPINDI. 61, Civil Lines, SARGODHA. Bungalow No. 28, City Road near R.A. Bazar, SIALKOT. 26, Cantonment, SHILLONG. Madura Road, TRICHINOPOLY.
AC 266

'ASPRO'
is here!
ASPRO
REFUSE CLEVER IMITATIONS, SEE THAT THE WORD 'ASPRO' IS ON EVERY TABLET.
'ASPRO' STOPS PAIN & FEVER IN 10 MINUTES. IT DOES NOT HARM THE HEART OR STOMACH.
'ASPRO' CONTROLLED PRICES As.1 PER PACKET OF 3 TABLETS. As.10 PER PACKET OF 30 TABLETS.
Distributors: J. L. MORRISON, SON & JONES (India) LTD. P.O. BOX 268, BOMBAY
'ASPRO' IS SOLD EVERYWHERE

Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co. Ltd. by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Rao Building Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.